Medical PA Criteria Document

Medical Procedure Class: CT of Thoracic Spine
Date: May 1, 2007
Updated: July 28, 2009

Executive Summary

Purpose: To identify and discourage the inappropriate use of high tech, high cost diagnostic imaging

Why was this Issue Selected:
The indiscriminate use of expensive imaging exams for common and uncomplicated clinical presentations of the back and spine, e.g. chronic neck or back pain, have contributed to the perception of low value from these studies and to the high costs in managing these conditions.

Patients with normal radiographic results (plain film X-rays) and no neurologic signs or symptoms will usually require no further imaging. However, patients with normal radiographs and positive neurologic signs or symptoms may require CT imaging.

Procedures subject to Pre-Certification
- 72128 Computed tomography, thoracic spine; without contrast material
- 72129 Computed tomography, thoracic spine; with contrast material
- 72130 Computed tomography, thoracic spine; without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections

Setting & Population: All Medicaid fee-for-service patients

Type of Criteria: □ Increased risk of ADE □ Non-Preferred Agent ▼ Appropriate Indications

Data Sources: □ Only administrative databases ▼ Databases + Prescriber-supplied
**Setting & Population**

- Procedure Group for review: CT of Thoracic Spine
- Common Diagnostic Indications: Pain, radiculopathy, new or progressive neurologic symptoms or deficits.
- Considerations: Unless contraindicated, MRI is the preferred modality for most thoracic spine imaging over CT, except for a few indications such as evaluation of suspected fracture or fracture follow-up.
- Age range: All patients

**Approval Criteria**

Patients with any of the following diagnostic indications for CT of the Thoracic Spine, which may include supporting clinical information:

- Persistent pain or radiculopathy, with > 6 weeks of conservative therapy and inadequate response to treatment. Note: children may not require 6 weeks
- New or progressive neurologic symptoms or deficits, e.g. motor or sensory loss attributable to thoracic spine pathology
- Signs or symptoms of spinal cord or nerve root compression, e.g. from disc herniation or spinal stenosis
- Multiple Sclerosis or other demyelinating diseases or myelopathies
- Infectious or inflammatory processes
- Possible spinal cord injury and post-traumatic neurologic deficit
- Post-operative evaluation, with new neurologic findings
- Tumor evaluation, for suspected or documented lesions
- Fracture evaluation, for suspected or known fracture (CT typically is the preferred imaging modality for fractures)
- Severe scoliosis, which may include pre- or post-operative evaluation
## Approval Diagnoses (Appendix A)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Submitted ICD-9 Diagnoses</th>
<th>CPT</th>
<th>Date Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Persistent pain or radiculopathy with &gt; 6 weeks of conservative therapy and inadequate response to treatment.</td>
<td>720.0 - 724.9, 729.2, 781 - 781.99, 782</td>
<td>62310, 97530, 97810 – 97814, 98925 - 98929, 98940 - 98942</td>
<td>12 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New or progressive neurologic symptoms or deficits (motor/sensory loss) attributable to Thoracic spine pathology</td>
<td>720.0 - 724.9, 729.2, 781 - 781.99, 782</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>12 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signs or symptoms of spinal cord or nerve root compression (disc herniation/spinal stenosis)</td>
<td>720.0 - 724.9, 729.2, 781 - 781.99, 782</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>12 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiple sclerosis or other demyelinating diseases or myelopathies</td>
<td>340, 341 - 341.9</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>12 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infectious or inflammatory processes</td>
<td>730.9</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>12 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Possible spinal cord injury and post-traumatic neurological deficit</td>
<td>952.1 - 952.19, 952.8, 952.9</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>12 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post-operative evaluation, with new neurologic findings</td>
<td>720.0 - 724.9, 729.2, 781 - 781.99, 782</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>12 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tumor evaluation, for suspected or documented lesions</td>
<td>170, 192.2, 192.3, 192.8, 192.9, 198.3, 198.4, 213.2, 225.3, 225.4, 225.8, 225.9, 237.5</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>12 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Severe Scoliosis, which may include pre- or post-operative evaluation</td>
<td>737.0 - 737.9</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>12 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fracture evaluation, for suspected or known fracture</td>
<td>805.2 - 805.3, 806.2 - 806.39</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>12 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other and Unspecified Prion Disease of the Central Nervous System</td>
<td>046.79</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>12 months</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Denial Criteria

Requests will be denied if patient has none of the above diagnostic indications for CT of the Thoracic Spine. Some of these requested exams may be approvable upon the submission of appropriate supporting clinical information.

- For patients with chronic back pain and the absence of neurologic signs and symptoms, plain radiographs should usually be the initial study performed in their evaluation
- Has not had a Thoracic Spine X-ray in the last 60 days
- Have had a CT or MRI of the Thoracic Spine in the last 180 days
References