Missouri’s
Early Childhood
Strategic Plan

Missouri
Coordinating
Board for Early
Childhood

Developed in
partnership with the
Early Childhood
Comprehensive System
Vision
All young children in Missouri are safe, healthy and capable of reaching their full potential.

Mission
To ensure that Missouri’s early childhood programs and services are comprehensive, coordinated, accessible, adequately funded, and of the highest quality to meet the needs and to promote the well-being of all young children and their families. This can be accomplished by (a) developing key partnerships, (b) building collaborative strategies, (c) ensuring equal access to necessary resources, resulting in the implementation of an effective and sustainable early childhood system, and (d) being compliant with all applicable federal and state law including but not limited to §161.216 RSMo.

Guiding Principles
The priorities and strategies employed by the Coordinating Board for Early Childhood (CBEC) in achieving its mission reflect a core set of values:

- Early childhood is the life period of most intensive development where both positive and negative factors have the greatest impact.
- Effective programs for young children respond to the totality of a child’s development, not just one aspect.
- Children with disabilities or other special needs are best served in natural environments and inclusive programs, rather than separate, clinical, or disability-focused settings.
- Family involvement and engagement is essential to meeting the needs of young children; effective early childhood programs invite and support parents as fully engaged partners in the design and delivery of services.
- High quality programs that are informed by research are the most effective.
- Practices, programs, and professionals are culturally responsive, inclusive and accessible to all children.
- Investments in prevention and early intervention are the most cost effective use of public funds.
- The coordination of programs and services across the state, communities and agencies results in administrative efficiencies, greater impact of services and more convenience for families.
Infrastructure
The following outcomes are critical to the development of a comprehensive early childhood system and integral to the achievement of desired outcomes for children. Goals for an effective infrastructure are stated under each component.

Governance and Leadership
Desired Outcome: The governance and leadership of Missouri’s early childhood system supports a coordinated and comprehensive system among all relevant departments and entities.

Goals:
1. Missouri public policies ensure a comprehensive and integrated early childhood system, built on a foundation of collaborative governance and leadership at the state and local levels.
2. The governance structure supports coordination and collaboration for an integrated comprehensive system.
3. The governance structure ensures accountability within and among components of the system.
4. Missouri’s integrated early childhood system incorporates family leadership at all levels.

Objectives:
1. Develop a system for advancing family leadership that includes training, mentoring, and linkage of families with diverse leadership opportunities.
2. Develop a system for family participation in decision-making across the early childhood system.
3. Decisions regarding key elements of a comprehensive early childhood system are addressed collaboratively.

Financial Resources
Desired Outcome: Missouri’s early childhood system is supported by adequate and sustainable financial resources.

Goals:
1. Sustainable funding supports a comprehensive early childhood system.
2. Fiscal resources are coordinated from federal, state, and local sources, both public and private, to ensure the most effective, efficient and accountable use of funds.
3. Funding guidelines are conducive to cross-department collaborations.
4. Financial resources support access to programs, services and leadership opportunities for all Missouri’s families.

Objectives:
1. Business leaders have a means to mobilize their support for early childhood.
2. Promote the increase of accountability for the usage of subsidy funds.
3. Increase accountability for the usage of subsidy funds for unregulated child care.

Quality Assurance and Accountability
Desired Outcome: Quality assurance and accountability is integrated into and throughout Missouri’s Early Childhood System.

Goals:
1. Missouri state policies, regulations, rules, and early learning and program standards strengthen quality by utilizing national and state identified standards and evidence-based practices.
2. Families have access to information about the quality of all programs for young children.
3. Reliable data inform all policy decisions.
4. State and local communities use cross-sector data for planning, analysis, decision-making, and evaluation.
5. Missouri’s professional development system for early childhood and youth assures professionals are competent and qualified.
Objectives:
1. As state regulations and rules are revised, ensure inclusion of appropriate national standards and evidence-based practices.
2. Evaluations of programs and services are available to the public.
3. Propose a coordinated administrative structure for early childhood professional development services.

Public Engagement
Desired Outcome: The public is actively engaged and invested in the well-being of Missouri’s young children and families.

Goals:
1. State and local policy-makers support greater investments in programs for young children and families.
2. Public advocacy and voter support promote greater investment in early childhood at the state and local levels.
3. Stakeholders deliver a consistent message regarding the needs of children and families in Missouri.

Objectives:
1. Promote creation of a state-wide public education campaign to raise awareness of issues of the well-being of young children and families.

Desired Outcomes for Young Children

Missouri’s system of early childhood programs and services is a group of interacting, interrelated and interdependent components that form a complex and unified whole. A primary purpose of this system is to promote school readiness among children, families, programs, and communities.

Family Support
Desired Outcome: Missouri’s young children have their basic needs met.

Goals:
1. Missouri’s state and local policies support the basic needs of all families with young children.
2. Communities recognize, support, and respond proactively to the diversity of Missouri’s families.
3. Missouri’s communities ensure that preventive and intervention services are accessible to meet a range of family needs.
4. Missouri’s families meet the basic safety and subsistence needs of the young children in their care.

Objectives:
1. Develop a system of family support that enhances protective factors in families.

Long-Term Activities:
1. Promote creation of a system that is responsive to emergency needs and promotes continued family stability.
2. Partner to support the implementation of statewide family leadership opportunities.
3. Promote and support the Strengthening Families approach throughout Missouri.
Parenting Education

**Desired Outcome:** Supportive and nurturing family environments for Missouri’s young children are enhanced by the integration of parenting education into the early childhood system.

**Goals:**
1. Policies and programs at the state and local levels foster nurturing family environments that benefit children.
2. Community agencies and programs effectively engage families in ways that support their parenting.
3. Missouri’s families have the skills and access to programs and resources they need to facilitate their child(ren)’s growth and development.
4. Parenting education programs and services help parents develop the skills and knowledge necessary to support school readiness.

**Objectives:**
1. Parents have opportunities to observe, guide and promote the learning of their children at home, school and in the community.
2. Parents participate in ongoing support, education and skill development opportunities that promote warm, healthy parent/child relationships.

**Long-Term Activities:**
1. Develop and coordinate effective parenting initiatives that advance parenting and parents’ knowledge of child development.
2. Support an in-depth analysis of existing parenting education and home visiting programs to ensure that they employ best practices and are serving families most in need.

Early Childhood Programs

**Desired Outcome:** Missouri’s children have access to high quality early childhood programs.

**Goals:**
1. Missouri state policies establish a seamless system of early learning programs from birth to kindergarten entry.
2. Missouri state child care assistance policies ensure availability of affordable child care throughout the state.
3. Missouri early learning guidelines and standards provide guidance to all programs serving young children.
4. Missouri state policies support an integrated system of professional development, education and training, which ensures that professionals in all components of the systems are knowledgeable, skilled and compensated appropriately.
5. Missouri’s state policies promote the continuous improvement of quality in early childhood programs.

**Objectives:**
1. Early learning programs include an array of home visiting and group care settings that meet the needs of Missouri’s young children and families.
2. Policies and practices support effective transitions for children and families across programs and systems, reflecting an understanding of children’s needs throughout the continuum from prenatal development through third grade.
3. Child care assistance funding is increased to assure availability and stability of quality services and service providers for all of Missouri’s children and families.
4. A comprehensive, coordinated system of professional development serves both early childhood and school-age professionals across settings.
5. Professional development services are culturally responsive, inclusive and accessible to all related personnel in the early childhood system.

6. All programs use the Missouri early learning guidelines and standards for providing services to children as the foundation for program development.

7. Missouri state policies develop a mechanism for early childhood programs to access coaching, resources and other supports to improve quality.

Long-Term Activities:

1. Program transitions from prenatal care through early elementary grades are examined to determine the gaps that disrupt the early learning experiences for young children or families.

2. Support opportunities for blended funding, collaborative planning, and program standards that improve children’s transitions.

3. Develop a statewide publicly-funded voluntary pre-k program for all Missouri children available two years prior to kindergarten.

4. Promote availability of state-wide evidence-based home visiting programs.

5. Support implementation of recommendations regarding degrees, articulation, and certification of all related personnel in the early childhood system.

6. Investigate and support the implementation of professional development activities that support effective inclusion of children with disabilities in early childhood and school-age environments.

7. Research strategies and make recommendations for the recruitment, retention, and promotion of a culturally diverse workforce.

8. Support the increase of subsidy reimbursements for licensed care to expand family access.

9. Support the development and implementation of new rules for licensed family child care and license-exempt child care centers.

10. Assure appropriate health and safety provisions are embedded into the revised child care licensing regulations for all provider types.

11. Develop and disseminate information that clearly articulates the need for and the benefit of a pre-K program in Missouri.

Health

Desired Outcome: Missouri’s children have a source of coordinated, comprehensive and family-centered primary health care and services.

Goals:

1. Principles promoting health and wellness for young children and families are integrated into all aspects of Missouri’s early childhood system.

Objectives:

1. Missouri’s state policies support the medical home model.

2. Missouri’s community health care providers are accessible and knowledgeable, and they readily share information with families about available services and resources.

3. Missouri’s early childhood programs and services promote health and wellness, addressing such areas as nutrition, obesity and safety.

4. Missouri’s families are health literate and actively participate in decision-making regarding the health and wellness of their children.
Mental Health and Social-Emotional Development

**Desired Outcome:** Missouri’s children are socially and emotionally healthy.

**Goals:**
1. Principles promoting social and emotional wellness for young children and families are integrated into all aspects of Missouri’s early childhood system.

**Objectives:**
1. State and local policies in Missouri support the emotional well-being of families and children.
2. Collaborative efforts in communities identify social, emotional and behavioral risks and intervene to prevent more serious mental health problems.
3. Missouri’s families provide a socially and emotionally healthy home environment.

**Long-Term Activities:**
1. Facilitate the development of a collaborative system of infant/early childhood mental health consultation.
2. Ensure that best practice standards and protocols for screening young children for emotional, social and behavioral risk factors, including the use of culturally appropriate tools and processes, are integrated into the comprehensive early childhood system.
3. Integrate mental health training into pre- and in-service programs for early childhood personnel.
4. Implement a statewide campaign to increase awareness of the importance of social and emotional well-being.
Glossary

• Child Care Health Consultation – (from the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services) The Missouri Child Care Health Consultation (CCHC) Program is a collaborative project between the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services and the local public health agencies (LPHAs) throughout Missouri to provide health consultation and training services to child care providers. The program is a population-based initiative that reached almost 79,000 preschool aged children in Federal Fiscal Year 2010. The CCHC Program is based on a nursing model practice that uses registered professional nurses to oversee and deliver programs that focus on health, safety and nutrition in the child care setting.

• Desired Outcomes – the desired end state for this component of the early childhood system in Missouri.

• Early Childhood – the period of life extending from birth to age 8 years.

• Early Learning Programs – the array of programs designed to support the learning, development, and school readiness of young children, including those delivered in group settings and home-based.

• Early Learning Standards- statements that describe expectations for the learning and development of young children across the domains of health and physical well-being, social and emotional well-being, approaches to learning, language development and symbol systems, and general knowledge about the world around them.

• Evidence-based – research on a particular intervention, practice or model has demonstrated that the practice is effective in meeting its goals.

• Family Support – community-based services designed to promote the well-being of children and families.

• Goals – attainments related to outcomes for children, for families, for communities, and for the State that are achievable.

• Group settings – child care or preschool settings in which groups of children are cared for by responsible adults. Group settings encompass licensed or accredited centers, family child care homes and unregulated, or family, friend and neighbor (FFN) care.

• Home Visiting – a prenatal, infant and early childhood health and development approach in which the design assumes home visits with parents as the primary method for delivering a service or intervention, and through which an ongoing relationship is developed with enrolled families over time.

• Inclusion – early childhood inclusion embodies the values, policies, and practices that support the right of every infant and young child and his or her family, regardless of ability, to participate in a broad range of activities and contexts as full members of families, communities and society. The desired results of inclusive experiences for children with disabilities and their families include a sense of belonging and membership, positive social relationships and friendships, and development and learning to reach their full potential. The defining features of inclusion that can be used to identify high quality early childhood programs and services include (1) access, (2) participation and (3) supports.

• Long-term activities – actions or initiatives aimed at supporting goals and objectives anticipated to take one to three years to accomplish.

• Medical home – primary care that is accessible, continuous, comprehensive, family-centered, coordinated, compassionate, and culturally effective.

• Objectives – more detailed attainments to occur within a three-year time frame.

• Parents – primary caregivers of young children, including grandparents, non-custodial parents and foster parents.

• Parenting education – formal and informal services that are designed to enhance competence and confidence in parenting practices that support and nurture healthy child development.
• **Professional development** – (from the National Association of Child Care Resource & Referral Agencies) Early Childhood Education Professional Development is a continuum of learning and support activities designed to prepare individuals for work with and on behalf of young children and their families, as well as ongoing experiences to enhance this work. These opportunities lead to improvements in the knowledge, skills, practices and dispositions of early education professionals. Professional development encompasses education, training, and technical assistance.

• **School readiness** – (from the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education) School readiness is a combination of readiness among children, families, schools and communities:
  
  ➢ For children, school readiness means being prepared in key dimensions of early learning and development (social and emotional, language and literacy, cognitive, motor, health and physical well-being, and positive attitudes and behaviors toward learning).
  
  ➢ For families, it means an understanding of their children’s current level of development and how to encourage them, as well as a supportive partnership with the school and an understanding of the school system their children will enter.
  
  ➢ For schools, it means providing a welcoming and accepting environment for all children and having professional educators who consistently advance student growth and achievement while working in partnership with families.
  
  ➢ For communities, it means supporting schools, families and valuing the critical role of early learning.

• **Transition** – refers to each programmatic transition for a child and family during early childhood. The aim is for all children to effectively transition from the home (even when the child is not enrolled in an early childhood program) and every type of early childhood program (e.g., both home-based and center-based programs, both publicly and privately funded early childhood programs, faith-based programs, home visitation programs, Early Head Start, Parents as Teachers, First Steps, and early childhood special education). Collaborative planning across agencies and programs should result in the child’s successful transition into kindergarten and each subsequent early elementary grade level in both public and private schools.

• **Voluntary pre-k** – a preschool program that is universally available, but voluntary to families. A Missouri Pre-K program will serve children two years prior to kindergarten entry, and will include a sliding scale fee structure. Pre-K will be available through any center- or family-based program (e.g., public, private, for-profit, non-profit and faith-based) that meets standards established for the program.