QUIZ

Resource Provider Training 2025

- 1. Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD):
 - a. Is characterized by persistent deficits of social communication
 - b. Often includes repetitive and/or restrictive behaviors
 - c. Causes significant impairment of functioning and is present in early childhood development
 - d. Includes all of the above
- 2. There is a correlation between ASD and trauma-related disorders. ASD may make children more susceptive to maltreatment, and maltreatment may also lead to the development of ASD-like symptoms
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 3. Youth with ASD benefit from a variety of teaching methods including auditory and visual processing.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 4. Any medical or mental health professional is qualified to complete ASD screenings and evaluations.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 5. ASD can be cured by medication and should be utilized for all people with ASD
 - a. True
 - b. False (There is no cure for ASD, but in some situations, medication can improve symptoms and ease discomfort. There are a variety of important questions to ask your medical provider when considering medication for youth in your care with ASD, especially if they have experienced trauma or have other co-occurring mental health disorders. Please refer to the slide from this training and reference them for future medical appointments).
- 6. How often are follow up visits needed for children prescribed a psychotropic medication?
 - a. Every 1-3 months
 - b. Every 6 months
 - c. Annually
- 7. Youth with ASD often have other behavioral health co-morbidities. It is important to find appropriate behavioral health supports and evidence-based interventions for youth with ASD. Appropriate treatment for youth with ASD includes:
 - a. Mental health therapy
 - b. Early Intervention services
 - c. Social Skills groups
 - d. School-based services (IEP and/or 504 Plans)
 - e. Speech and Language Therapy
 - f. Occupational Therapy
 - g. All of the above

QUIZ

Resource Provider Training 2025

- 8. ABA is a type of treatment that focuses on specific, measurable behaviors of social importance. Treatment plans are highly individualized for youth.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 9. Once a foster care youth has been diagnosed with ASD, the first step to determine DMH service eligibility is to:
 - a. Find your regional DMH office to inquire about eligibility determination
 - b. Ask your foster care youth's judge to court order DMH services
 - c. Ask your primary care provider to write a letter authorizing DMH services
 - d. Wait for DMH to contact you about eligible services.
- 10. All of the following statements are true about teaching appropriate grooming, hygiene and toileting habits to youth with ASD except:
 - a. Break down more complex tasks into smaller tasks
 - b. Create a visual checklist for each part of the day
 - c. Provide negative consequences for unwillingness to complete task.
 - d. Consider whether a structured or natural approach works best for your child.