



SmartPA Criteria Proposal

Drug/Drug Class:	Amylin Analogs PDL Edit
First Implementation Date:	October 7, 2010
Proposed Date:	July 18, 2023
Prepared For:	MO HealthNet
Prepared By:	MO HealthNet/Conduent
Criteria Status:	☑ Existing Criteria☐ Revision of Existing Criteria☐ New Criteria

Executive Summary

Purpose: The MO HealthNet Pharmacy Program will implement a state-specific preferred drug list.

Why Issue Selected:

Amylin is a naturally occurring neuroendocrine hormone synthesized by pancreatic beta cells that contribute to glucose control during the post-prandial period. Amylin is deficient in those with type 1 diabetes and relatively deficient in those with type 2 diabetes. Amylin is collocated with insulin in secretory granules and cosecreted with insulin by pancreatic beta cells in response to food intake. Amylin affects the rate of postprandial glucose appearance by slowing gastric emptying, regulates postprandial glucagon, and reduces food intake caused by centrally mediated modulation of appetite. In addition, amylin suppresses glucagon secretion, which leads to suppression of endogenous glucose output from the liver. SymlinPen® (pramlintide) is a synthetic analog of human amylin indicated as adjunctive treatment for type 1 or type 2 diabetic participants who use mealtime insulin therapy and have failed to achieve optimal glucose control. It is a stable, soluble, non-aggregating, and equipotent amylin analog that is administered subcutaneously with a meal. This medication acts like amylin and controls glucose levels without resultant weight gain. It also regulates postprandial glucose levels by slowing gastric emptying, promoting satiety, and suppressing the abnormal postprandial rise of glucagon in participants with diabetes. Pramlintide also has been shown to not cause hypoglycemia. The most common adverse effect is mild to moderate nausea that generally goes away after 4 weeks of therapy, and the risk of which may be reduced by slower dose titrations.

Total program savings for the PDL classes will be regularly reviewed.

Program-Specific	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	
Information:	SymlinPen®	• N/A	
Type of Criteria:	☐ Increased risk of ADE	☑ Preferred Drug List	
	☐ Appropriate Indications	☐ Clinical Edit	
Data Sources:	☐ Only Administrative Databases	□ Databases + Prescriber-Supplied	

Setting & Population • Drug class for review

- Drug class for review: Amylin Analogs
- Age range: All appropriate MO HealthNet participants

Approval Criteria

• Documented insulin therapy regimen

Denial Criteria

Therapy will be denied if all approval criteria are not met

Requir	ed Docur	mentation

Laboratory Results:	Progress Notes:	
MedWatch Form:	Other:	

Disposition of Edit

Denial: Exception Code "0681" (Step Therapy Edit)

Rule Type: CE

Default Approval Period

1 year

References

- Evidence-Based Medicine Analysis: "Antidiabetic Mimetics", UMKC-DIC; March 2018.
- Dungan, K., (2023). Amylin analogs for the treatment of diabetes mellitus. In J.E. Mulder (Ed.), UpToDate.
- USPDI, Micromedex; 2023.
- Clinical Pharmacology [online]. Tampa (FL): Elsevier. 2023.