



# **SmartPA Criteria Proposal**

Drug/Drug Class:	Luteinizing Hormone Releasing Hormone (LHRH)/Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone (GnRH) Agents, Non-Oral PDL Edit	
First Implementation Date:	October 14, 2021	
Proposed Date:	July 18, 2023	
Prepared For:	MO HealthNet	
Prepared By:	MO HealthNet/Conduent	
Criteria Status:	<ul> <li>□ Existing Criteria</li> <li>⊠ Revision of Existing Criteria</li> <li>□ New Criteria</li> </ul>	

#### **Executive Summary**

Purpose: The MO HealthNet Pharmacy Program will implement a state-specific preferred drug list.

Why Issue Endogenous luteinizing hormone releasing hormone (LHRH), also known as gonadotropin releasing hormone (GnRH), is released in a pulsatile fashion from the hypothalamus, stimulating pituitary gland receptors thereby resulting in the release of gonadotropins luteinizing hormone (LH) and follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH). LH and FSH regulate ovarian function and are influenced by negative feedback from estradiol and progesterone. Synthetic GnRH agonist analogs act within the hypothalamic-pituitary-ovarian axis pathway and are utilized for a variety of conditions including endometriosis, uterine fibroids, breast/prostate cancer, and central precocious puberty (CPP). Upon initial administration, GnRH agonists increase gonadotropin levels, but their continuous administration leads to the downregulation of the GnRH receptor on the pituitary gland and decreased production of LH and FSH.

Firmagon<sup>®</sup> (degarelix), the only GnRH receptor antagonist in the class, is indicated for the treatment of advanced prostate cancer and functions by reversibly binding to the pituitary GnRH receptor thereby reducing LH and FSH levels. This results in the immediate and sustained decrease in testosterone concentration without the initial stimulation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-gonadal axis. Degarelix has an advantage over GnRH agonists by reducing testosterone levels more rapidly.

Products currently on the market are available in many formulations including longand short-acting injections, and implants. In 1985 Lupron Depot<sup>®</sup> (leuprolide acetate) became the first FDA-approved GnRH agonist. It is available as a powder for reconstitution administered via intramuscular injection at frequencies varying from monthly up to every 24 weeks. Synarel<sup>®</sup> (nafarelin acetate) is a nasal formulation that is administered twice to three times daily for the treatment of endometriosis or CPP. Recommended duration of therapy with Synarel is 6 months and retreatment is not recommended due to lack of safety data.

Total program savings for the PDL classes will be regularly reviewed.

Program-Specific	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents			
Information:	<ul> <li>Eligard<sup>®</sup></li> <li>Fensolvi<sup>®</sup></li> <li>Firmagon<sup>®</sup></li> <li>Lupron Depot<sup>®</sup> 3.75, 11.25 mg</li> <li>Lupron Depot-Ped<sup>®</sup> 7.5, 11.25, 15, 30 mg</li> <li>Triptodur<sup>®</sup></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Camcevi<sup>™</sup></li> <li>Leuprolide (gen Lupron) 2 wk 14 mg/2.8 mL kit and vial</li> <li>Leuprolide (gen Lutrate Depot) 22.5 mg vial</li> <li>Lupron Depot<sup>®</sup> 7.5, 22.5, 30, 45 mg</li> <li>Lupron Depot-Ped<sup>®</sup> 45 mg</li> <li>Supprelin<sup>®</sup> LA</li> <li>Synarel<sup>®</sup></li> <li>Trelstar<sup>®</sup></li> </ul>			
Type of Criteria:	<ul> <li>□ Increased risk of ADE</li> <li>☑ Appropriate Indications</li> </ul>	☑ Preferred Drug List □ Clinical Edit			
Data Sources:	Only Administrative Databases	☑ Databases + Prescriber-Supplied			
Setting & Population					

- Drug class for review: LHRH/GnRH Agents 1
- Drug class for review: LHRH/GnRH Agents, Non-Oral
- Age range: All appropriate MO HealthNet participants

### Approval Criteria

- Documented compliance on current therapy regimen OR
- Failure to achieve desired therapeutic outcomes with trial of 3 preferred agents
  - Documented trial period of preferred agents **OR**
  - Documented ADE/ADR to preferred agents

## **Denial Criteria**

- Lack of adequate trial on required preferred agents
- Therapy will be denied if all approval criteria are not met
- Claim exceeds maximum dosing limitation for the following:

Drug Description	Generic Equivalent	Max Dosing Limitation
ELIGARD 22.5 MG SYRINGE KIT	LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 72 days
ELIGARD 30 MG SYRINGE KIT	LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 96 days
ELIGARD 45 MG SYRINGE KIT	LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 143 days
ELIGARD 7.5 MG SYRINGE KIT	LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 24 days
FENSOLVI 45 MG SYRINGE KIT	LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 143 days
FIRMAGON 2 X 120 MG KIT	DEGARELIX ACETATE	1 kit per 143 days
FIRMAGON 80 MG KIT	DEGARELIX ACETATE	1 kit per 24 days
LEUPROLIDE 2WK 14 MG/2.8 ML KIT	LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	2 kits per 24 days
LEUPROLIDE 2WK 14 MG/2.8 ML VL	LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	2 vials per 24 days
LEUPROLIDE DEPOT 22.5 MG VIAL	LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 vial per 72 days
LUPRON DEPOT 11.25 MG 3MO KIT	LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 72 days
LUPRON DEPOT 22.5 MG 3 MO KIT	LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 72 days
LUPRON DEPOT 3.75 MG KIT	LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 24 days
LUPRON DEPOT 45 MG 6MO KIT	LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 143 days
LUPRON DEPOT 7.5 MG KIT	LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 24 days
LUPRON DEPOT-4 MONTH KIT	LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 96 days

LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 72 days
LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 24 days
LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 24 days
LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 72 days
LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 143 days
LEUPROLIDE ACETATE	1 kit per 24 days
HISTRELIN ACETATE	1 kit per 286 days
NAFARELIN ACETATE	8 mL per 30 days
TRIPTORELIN PAMOATE	1 vial per 72 days
TRIPTORELIN PAMOATE	1 vial per 143 days
TRIPTORELIN PAMOATE	1 vial per 24 days
TRIPTORELIN PAMOATE	1 kit per 143 days
HISTRELIN ACETATE	1 kit per 286 days
GOSERELIN ACETATE	1 syringe per 72 days
GOSERELIN ACETATE	1 syringe per 24 days
	LEUPROLIDE ACETATE LEUPROLIDE ACETATE LEUPROLIDE ACETATE LEUPROLIDE ACETATE LEUPROLIDE ACETATE HISTRELIN ACETATE NAFARELIN ACETATE TRIPTORELIN PAMOATE TRIPTORELIN PAMOATE TRIPTORELIN PAMOATE HISTRELIN ACETATE GOSERELIN ACETATE

### **Required Documentation**

Laboratory Results: MedWatch Form:

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Progress Notes: Other:

#### **Disposition of Edit**

Denial: Exception Code "0160" (Preferred Drug List) Rule Type: PDL

#### **Default Approval Period**

1 year

#### References

- Evidence-Based Medicine and Fiscal Analysis: "Therapeutic Class Review: ENDOCRINE AND METABOLIC AGENTS: LHRH, GnRH Antagonists, Injectable", Gainwell Technologies; Last updated May 3, 2023.
- Evidence-Based Medicine Analysis: "Luteinizing Hormone-releasing Hormone (LHRH) Antagonists and Gonadotropin-releasing Hormone (GnRH) Antagonists and Agonists", UMKC-DIC; March 2023.
- USPDI, Micromedex; 2023.
- Clinical Pharmacology [online]. Tampa (FL): Elsevier. 2023.