



SmartPA Criteria Proposal

Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) Agents, Prostacyclin Pathway Agonists, Injectable PDL Edit	
May 12, 2010	
September 15, 2022	
MO HealthNet	
MO HealthNet/Conduent	
□ Existing Criteria⊠ Revision of Existing Criteria□ New Criteria	

Executive Summary

Purpose: The MO HealthNet Pharmacy Program will implement a state-specific preferred drug list.

Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) is a severe, progressive, and often fatal condition that occurs idiopathically as well as in association with pulmonary, cardiac, and other thoracic conditions. Reliable estimates of the total prevalence of this condition are difficult to obtain because of the diversity of identifiable causes. PAH, formerly known as primary pulmonary hypertension, is characterized by elevations in pulmonary arterial pressure (PAP) to greater than 25 mmHg at rest and greater than 30 mmHg with exercise. The disease occurs when the PAP is abnormally elevated and forces the right side of the heart to progressively work harder when it pumps blood to the lungs. Symptoms include dyspnea, fatigue, chest pain, palpitations, syncope, and edema. Prognosis varies based on the severity of disease, whether right heart failure is present, and response to vasodilator therapy. If left untreated, the disease produces increases in PAP that may lead to right ventricular failure and death. Despite recent developments in the symptomatic treatment of PAH, there is still no cure.

PAH should be differentiated from pulmonary hypertension secondary to diseases of the heart and lung based on both pathology of the underlying disease and accepted treatments.

Why Issue Selected:

Total program savings for the PDL classes will be regularly reviewed.

Program-Specific Information:

	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents		
•	Epoprostenol Injection	Flolan [®] Injection		
•	Treprostinil Infusion/SQ	Remodulin® Infusion/SQ		
		Uptravi® Vial		
		Veletri® Injection		

Type of Criteria:	☐ Increased risk of ADE	□ Preferred Drug List	
		☐ Clinical Edit	
Data Sources:	☐ Only Administrative Databases	□ Databases + Prescriber-Supplied	

Setting & Population

- Drug class for review: Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) Agents, Prostacyclin Pathway Agonists, Injectable
- Age range: All appropriate MO HealthNet participants

Approval Criteria

- Documented diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND
- Documented compliance on current therapy regimen OR
- Failure to achieve desired therapeutic outcomes with trial on 2 or more preferred agents
 - o Documented trial period for preferred agents OR
 - Documented ADE/ADR to preferred agents

Denial Criteria

 Lack of adequate trial on required preferred agents Therapy will be denied if all approval criteria are not met 							
Required Documentation							
Laboratory Results: MedWatch Form:		Progress Notes: Other:					
Disposition of Edit							
Denial: Exception Code Rule Type: PDL	"0160" (Prefe	erred Drug List)					

Default Approval Period

1 year

References

- Evidence-Based Medicine Analysis: "Primary Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) Agents", UMKC-DIC; July 2022.
- Evidence-Based Medicine and Fiscal Analysis: "Pulmonary Hypertension Agents: Inhaled/Injectable Therapeutic Class Review", Conduent Business Services, L.L.C., Richmond, VA; June 2021.
- Klinger JR, Elliott CG, Levine DJ, et al. Therapy for pulmonary arterial hypertension in adults 2018: update of the CHEST Guideline and Expert Panel Report. Chest. 2019; 155(3): 565-586.
- Flolan [package insert]. Research Triangle Park, NC: GlaxoSmithKline; August 2021.
- Veletri [package insert]. South San Francisco, CA: Actelion Pharmaceuticals US, Inc; January 2021.
- Remodulin [package insert]. Research Triangle Park, NC: United Therapeutics Corp; July 2021.
- Uptravi [package insert]. Titusville, NJ: Actelion Pharmaceuticals US, Inc; July 2022.
- USPDI, Micromedex; 2022.
- Drug Facts and Comparisons On-line; 2022.