



SmartPA Criteria Proposal

Drug/Drug Class:	Electrolyte Depleting Agents, Potassium Lowering PDL Edit	
First Implementation Date:	April 4, 2019	
Proposed Date:	October 17, 2023	
Prepared For:	MO HealthNet	
Prepared By:	MO HealthNet/Conduent	
Criteria Status:	 Existing Criteria Revision of Existing Criteria New Criteria 	

Executive Summary

Purpose: The MO HealthNet Pharmacy Program will implement a state-specific preferred drug list.

Why Issue Participants with chronic kidney disease and heart failure are at a higher risk for Selected: hyperkalemia, especially in participants who take medications that may increase potassium levels already such as any renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system (RAAS) inhibitor. The main causes of hyperkalemia involve increased potassium release from the cells or decreased urinary potassium excretion. Potassium enters the body exogenously through diet, oral intake, or intravenous infusion, stored in the cells and then excreted in the urine. Without a controlled potassium level, an increase in potassium levels may lead to muscle paralysis and potentially fatal cardiac arrhythmias. Management of chronic hyperkalemia in these participants can include pharmacologic management with a non-absorbable cation exchanger, such as sodium polystyrene sulfonate, patiromer, and sodium zirconium cyclosilicate. Dichlorphenamide, a carbonic anhydrase inhibitor (CAI), is approved for use in participants with primary hypokalemic and hyperkalemic periodic paralysis and related variants. There are no other FDA-approved alternatives for this disease state however, acetazolamide, also a CAI, has been used for treatment of periodic paralysis off-label and should be considered.

Total program savings for the PDL classes will be regularly reviewed.

Program-Specific	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Information:	Kionex [®] Susp	Dichlorphenamide
	Sodium Polystyrene Sulfonate Pwd/Susp	 Keveyis[®]
	SPS [®] Susp	• Lokelma [®]
	 SPS[®] Rectal Enema 	
	Veltassa [®] Pwd Pack	
Type of Criteria:	 ☐ Increased risk of ADE ☑ Appropriate Indications 	☑ Preferred Drug List □ Clinical Edit
Data Sources:	Only Administrative Databases	☑ Databases + Prescriber-Supplied

Setting & Population

- Drug class for review: Electrolyte Depleting Agents, Potassium Lowering
- Age range: All appropriate MO HealthNet participants aged 18 years or older

Approval Criteria

- Participants aged 18 years or older for non-preferred agents AND
- Failure to achieve desired therapeutic outcomes with trial on 2 or more preferred agents
 - Documented trial period of preferred agents **OR**
 - Documented ADE/ADR to preferred agents AND
- For Keveyis and dichlorphenamide: documented diagnosis of periodic paralysis as determined by at clinical consultant review

Denial Criteria

- Lack of adequate trial on required preferred agents
- Therapy will be denied if all approval criteria are not met

Required Documentation

Laboratory Results: MedWatch Form: Progress Notes: Other:

Disposition of Edit

Denial: Exception Code "0160" (Preferred Drug List) Rule Type: PDL

Default Approval Period

1 year

References

- Evidence-Based Medicine Analysis: "Electrolyte Depleter, Potassium Lowering Agents", UMKC-DIC; April 2023.
- Mount, D., (2019). Causes and evaluation of hyperkalemia in adults. In J.P. Forman (Ed.), UpToDate.
- USPDI, Micromedex; 2023.
- Facts and Comparisons eAnswers (online); 2023 Clinical Drug Information, LLC.