



Drug/Drug Class:	ACE Inhibitors and ACE Inhibitors/ Diuretic Combinations PDL Edit
First Implementation Date:	March 12, 2003
Proposed Date:	September 17, 2020
Prepared For:	MO HealthNet
Prepared By:	MO HealthNet/Conduent
Criteria Status:	□Existing Criteria ⊠Revision of Existing Criteria □New Criteria

Executive Summary

Purpose: The MO HealthNet Pharmacy Program will implement a state-specific preferred drug list.

Why Issue Selected:

Angiotensin-converting-enzyme-inhibitors (ACEIs) block the activation of the reninaldosterone system, which is a mediator of blood pressure. In addition to their effects on blood pressure, ACEIs are also thought to have beneficial ventricular effects following myocardial infarction (MI), in patients with heart failure, and in preventing the progression of diabetic nephropathy. Professional associations, such as the American Heart Association, and the American Diabetes Association, as well as cardiology specialists, recommend ACEIs as the standard of care for patients with recent MI, in patients at high risk for cardiovascular events, and in patients with diabetic nephropathy. ACEIs have been shown to be efficacious when used alone or in combination with diuretics. These fixed-dose combinations of diuretics and ACEIs are approved for the management of hypertension but are not indicated as initial therapy.

Total program savings for the PDL classes will be regularly reviewed.

Program-Specific Information:

 Enalapril Enalapril/HCTZ Fosinopril Lisinopril/HCTZ Quinapril Ramipril Ramipril Altace® Captopril Captopril/HCTZ Epaned® Fosinopril/HCTZ Lotensin HCT® Lotensin® Moexipril HCI Moexipril/HCTZ Perindopril Prinivil® Qbrelis® Quinapril/HCTZ Quinapril/HCTZ Quinapril/HCTZ Quinapril/HCTZ Quinapril/HCTZ Trandolapril 	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
 Enalapril Enalapril/HCTZ Fosinopril Lisinopril/HCTZ Quinapril Ramipril Altace® Captopril Epaned® Fosinopril/HCTZ Lotensin HCT® Lotensin® Moexipril HCI Moexipril/HCTZ Perindopril Prinivil® Qbrelis® Quinapril/HCTZ Quinapril/HCTZ Quinapril/HCTZ Quinapril/HCTZ Quinapril/HCTZ Quinapril/HCTZ Trandolapril 	Bonazopin	Accupril®
 Enalapril/HCTZ Fosinopril Lisinopril Lisinopril/HCTZ Quinapril Ramipril Ramipril Captopril/HCTZ Epaned® Fosinopril/HCTZ Lotensin HCT® Lotensin® Moexipril HCI Moexipril/HCTZ Perindopril Prinivil® Qbrelis® Quinapril/HCTZ Quinapril/HCTZ Quinaretic® Trandolapril 	Benazepril/HCTZ	Accuretic®
 Fosinopril Lisinopril/HCTZ Quinapril Ramipril Ramipril Captopril/HCTZ Epaned® Fosinopril/HCTZ Lotensin HCT® Lotensin® Moexipril HCI Moexipril/HCTZ Perindopril Prinivil® Qbrelis® Quinapril/HCTZ Quinaretic® Trandolapril 	Enalapril	Altace®
 Lisinopril Lisinopril/HCTZ Quinapril Ramipril Ramipril Lotensin HCT® Lotensin® Moexipril HCI Moexipril/HCTZ Perindopril Prinivil® Qbrelis® Quinapril/HCTZ Quinaretic® Trandolapril 	Enalapril/HCTZ	Captopril
 Lisinopril/HCTZ Quinapril Ramipril Lotensin HCT® Lotensin® Moexipril HCI Moexipril/HCTZ Perindopril Prinivil® Qbrelis® Quinapril/HCTZ Quinaretic® Trandolapril 	Fosinopril	
 Quinapril Ramipril Lotensin® Moexipril HCI Moexipril/HCTZ Perindopril Prinivil® Qbrelis® Quinapril/HCTZ Quinapril/HCTZ Trandolapril 	· ·	Epaned®
 Ramipril Lotensin® Moexipril HCI Moexipril/HCTZ Perindopril Prinivil® Qbrelis® Quinapril/HCTZ Quinaretic® Trandolapril 		
 Moexipril HCI Moexipril/HCTZ Perindopril Prinivil® Qbrelis® Quinapril/HCTZ Quinaretic® Trandolapril 	· ·	Lotensin HCT®
Moexipril/HCTZ Perindopril Prinivil® Qbrelis® Quinapril/HCTZ Quinaretic® Trandolapril	Ramipril	Lotensin®
 Perindopril Prinivil® Qbrelis® Quinapril/HCTZ Quinaretic® Trandolapril 		Moexipril HCI
 Prinivil[®] Qbrelis[®] Quinapril/HCTZ Quinaretic[®] Trandolapril 		Moexipril/HCTZ
 Qbrelis® Quinapril/HCTZ Quinaretic® Trandolapril 		
 Quinapril/HCTZ Quinaretic[®] Trandolapril 		Prinivil®
 Quinaretic[®] Trandolapril 		Qbrelis®
Trandolapril		Quinapril/HCTZ
·		
- Universe®		Trandolapril
• Univasc		Univasc®
Vaseretic®		Vaseretic®
• Vasotec®		Vasotec®
Zestoretic®		
Zestril®		Zestril®

Type of Criteria:	☐ Increased risk of ADE		☑ Preferred Drug List
	☐ Appropriate Indications		☐ Clinical Edit
Data Sources:	□ Only Administrative Data	bases	□ Databases + Prescriber-Supplied

Setting & Population

- Drug class for review: ACE Inhibitors and ACE Inhibitors/ Diuretic Combinations
- Age range: All appropriate MO HealthNet participants

Approval Criteria

- Failure to achieve desired therapeutic outcomes with trial on 4 or more preferred agents:
 - Documented trial period for preferred agents OR
 - Documented ADE/ADR to preferred agents AND
- For Qbrelis or Epaned: Clinical Consultant Review for participants aged 10 years or older

Denial Criteria

- Lack of adequate trial on required preferred agents
- Therapy will be denied if all approval criteria are not met
- Claim exceeds maximum dosing limitation for the following:

Drug Description	Generic Equivalent	Max Dosing Limitation
ZESTORETIC 20 MG/12.5 MG	LISINOPRIL/HCTZ	4 tablets per day
ZESTORETIC 20 MG/25 MG	LISINOPRIL/HCTZ	2 tablets per day
ZESTORETIC 10 MG/12.5 MG	LISINOPRIL/HCTZ	1 tablet per day
UNIVASC 7.5 MG	MOEXIPRIL	1 tablet per day
UNIVASC 15 MG	MOEXIPRIL	2 tablets per day
UNIRETIC 15 MG/12.5 MG	MOEXIPRIL/HCTZ	2 tablets per day
UNIRETIC 15 MG/25 MG	MOEXIPRIL/HCTZ	2 tablets per day
UNIRETIC 7.5 MG/12.5 MG	MOEXIPRIL/HCTZ	1 tablet per day
ACEON 2 MG	PERINDOPRIL	2 tablets per day
ACEON 4 MG	PERINDOPRIL	2 tablets per day
ACEON 8 MG	PERINDOPRIL	1 tablet per day
ALTACE 1.25 MG	RAMIPRIL	1 tablet per day
ALTACE 2.5 MG	RAMIPRIL	1 tablet per day
ALTACE 5 MG	RAMIPRIL	1 tablet per day
ALTACE 10 MG	RAMIPRIL	2 tablets per day

Required Documentation Laboratory Results: **Progress Notes:** MedWatch Form: Other:

Disposition of Edit

Denial: Exception Code "0160" (Preferred Drug List)

Rule Type: PDL

Default Approval Period

1 year

References

- Drug Effectiveness Review Project Drug Class Review on Angiotensin Converting Enzyme Inhibitors-Update. Center for Evidence-Based Policy, Oregon Health & Science University; June 2005/Updated September 2015.
- Evidence-Based Medicine and Fiscal Analysis: "Angiotensin Converting Enzyme Inhibitor Agents Therapeutic Class Review", Conduent Business Services, L.L.C., Richmond, VA; July 2020.
- Evidence-Based Medicine and Fiscal Analysis: "Angiotensin Converting Enzyme Inhibitor/Diuretic Combination Agents Therapeutic Class Review", Conduent Business Services, L.L.C., Richmond, VA; July 2020.
- Evidence-Based Medicine Analysis: "ACE Inhibitors", UMKC-DIC; June 2020. Evidence-Based Medicine Analysis: "Angiotensin Converting Enzyme Inhibitors (ACEI) and Diuretic Combinations", UMKC-DIC; June 2020.
- Whelton PK, Carey RM, Aronow WS, et al. 2017 ACC/AHA/AAPA/ABC/ACPM/AGS/APhA/ASH/ ASPC/NMA/PCNA Guideline for the prevention, detection, evaluation, and management of high blood pressure in adults: a report of the American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association Task Force on Clinical Practice Guidelines. Hypertension. 2018;71(6):e13-e115.
- Lippincott, Williams, Wilkins. PDR Electronic Library, Montvale NJ; 2020.
- USPDI, Micromedex; 2020.
- Facts and Comparisons eAnswers (online); 2020 Clinical Drug Information, LLC.

SmartPA PDL Proposal Form

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