



# SmartPA Criteria Proposal

| Drug/Drug Class:           | Diacomit Clinical Edit                          |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| First Implementation Date: | January 30, 2020                                |  |
| Revised Date:              | November 19, 2020                               |  |
| Prepared for:              | MO HealthNet                                    |  |
| Prepared by:               | MO HealthNet/Conduent                           |  |
| Criteria Status:           | □Existing Criteria                              |  |
|                            | ⊠Revision of Existing Criteria<br>□New Criteria |  |

## **Executive Summary**

Purpose: Ensure appropriate utilization and control of Diacomit<sup>®</sup> (stiripentol)

Why Issue In August 2018, the FDA approved Diacomit<sup>®</sup> (stiripentol) to be used in combination Selected: with clobazam for treatment of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome in patients 2 years of age and older. Dravet syndrome is a rare genetic condition that appears during the first year of life with frequent fever-related seizures. Later, other types of seizures typically arise, including myoclonic seizures. Additionally, status epilepticus, a potentially life-threatening state of continuous seizure activity requiring emergency medical care, may occur. Approximately 80% of children with Dravet syndrome have a pathogenic variant in the SCN1A gene. Children with Dravet syndrome typically experience poor development of language and motor skills, hyperactivity and difficulty relating to others. Dravet syndrome has a higher mortality rate than other types of epilepsy, with most deaths occurring before 10 years of age. Dravet syndrome is estimated to appear in 1/15,700 births in the United States, or 0.0064% of the population. First line therapies for Dravet syndrome include clobazam, valproic acid, and cannabidiol. Diacomit is different from other seizure agents in that possible mechanisms of action include not only direct effects mediated through the gammaaminobutyric acid (GABA)A receptor but also indirect effects involving inhibition of cytochrome P450 activity with resulting increases in blood levels of clobazam and its active metabolite.

| Program-Specific | Date Range FFS 4-1-2019 to 3-31-2020 |        |            |               |                |  |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|------------|---------------|----------------|--|
| Information:     | Drug                                 | Claims | Spend      | Cost per unit | Cost per month |  |
|                  | Diacomit 250mg capsule               | 1      | \$1,509.55 | \$25.00 WAC   | \$3,750.00 wac |  |
|                  | Diacomit 500mg capsule               | 0      | -          | \$50.00 WAC   | based on 25kg  |  |
|                  | Diacomit 250mg packet                | 3      | \$6,028.65 | \$25.00 WAC   | patient at     |  |
|                  | Diacomit 500mg packet                | 1      | \$3,009.55 | \$50.00 wac   | 50mg/kg/day    |  |
|                  |                                      |        |            |               |                |  |

## Type of Criteria: ⊠ Increased risk of ADE ⊠ Appropriate Indications

Data Sources: 

Only Administrative Databases

□ Preferred Drug List
 ☑ Clinical Edit

☑ Databases + Prescriber-Supplied

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# Setting & Population

- Drug class for review: Diacomit<sup>®</sup> (stiripentol)
- Age range: All appropriate MO HealthNet participants aged 2 years and older

# Approval Criteria

#### Initial Therapy:

- Participant aged 2 years or older AND
- Documented diagnosis of Dravet syndrome AND
- Concurrent use with clobazam AND
- Documented trial of valproate (defined as 30 days in the past year) AND
- Documented trial of Epidiolex (defined as 30 days in the past year) AND
- Documented trial of clobazam (defined as 30 days in the past 60 days) AND
- Prescribed by a neurologist or other appropriate specialist AND
- Documentation of baseline neutrophil and platelet counts AND
- Documentation of baseline seizure frequency and duration
- Initial approval of prior authorization is 3 months

### Continuation of Therapy:

- Renewal of prior authorization may be up to 6 months following documentation of the following:
  - Concurrent use with clobazam AND
  - o Documentation of therapy meeting the goals of therapy AND
  - Documentation of reduced seizure burden or improvement in quality of life using a validated scale for the disease state AND
  - Lack of ADE/ADR to therapy AND
  - o Complete blood count with differential required every 6 months

# **Denial Criteria**

• Therapy will be denied if all approval criteria are not met

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- Claim exceeds dosage limitations:
  - 360 capsules or packets for the 250mg strengths every 30 days OR
  - 180 capsules or packets for the 500mg strengths every 30 days

## **Required Documentation**

Laboratory Results: MedWatch Form:

| Progress | Notes: |
|----------|--------|
| Other:   |        |

# **Disposition of Edit**

Denial: Exception code "0682" (Clinical Edit) Rule Type: CE

# Default Approval Period

#### 6 months

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# References

- Diacomit [package insert]. France: Biocodex; August 2018
- National Organization for Rare Disorders (NORD). Dravet Syndrome. https://rarediseases.org/rarediseases/dravet-syndrome-spectrum/. Accessed April 16, 2020.
- IPD Analytics Rx Insights\_Epilepsy New and Emerging Treatments for Dravet Syndrome and Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome. May 2019.
- IPD Analytics Rx Insights\_New Drug Approval\_Diacomit (stiripentol). September 2018.
- Cross, J H, et al. Dravet syndrome: Treatment options and management of prolonged seizures. Epilepsia. 2019;60(S3):S39–S48. DOI: 10.1111/epi.16334