

## Health Screen & Lead Poison Assessment Record

A lead screen has two parts. First, the Primary Care Provider (PCP) will ask questions to see if your child may have been exposed to lead. Then the PCP may take some blood from your child to check for lead. This is called a blood lead level test. Children at one year old and again at two years old must have a blood lead level test. Children with high lead levels in their blood must be treated for lead poisoning.

High lead levels in a pregnant woman can harm her unborn child. If you are pregnant, talk with your PCP or obstetrician to see if you may have been exposed to lead.

<b>Health Screen &amp; Lead Poison Assessment Record</b>		
<b>Age</b>	<b>Date of Health Screen</b>	<b>Date of Lead Poison Screen</b>
Newborn		
By one month		
2-3 months		
4-5 months		
6-8 months		
9-11 months		
12-14 months		Your child needs a Blood Lead Level at 12 and 24 months
15-17 months		
18-23 months		
24 months		
3 years		Your child needs a Blood Lead Level each year until age 6 if in a high-risk area.
4 years		
5 years		
6-7 years		
8-9 years		
10-11 years		
12-13 years		A Blood Lead Level is recommended for women of child-bearing age.
14-15 years		
16-17 years		
18-19 years		
20 years		