The Center for Health Economics & Policy TRANSFORMING AND THE CLARK-FOX POLICY INSTITUTE **HEALTHCARE** of Washington University in St. Louis convened **IN MISSOURI:** healthcare providers, payers, consumers, researchers, Ideas for Innovation economists, advocates, and policymakers in October and Investment 2017 for an event that included speakers, a panel of stakeholders, and five working groups. The task was to prioritize challenges and identify actionable solutions. **TOP CONCERNS RAISED:** PATIENT CARE WORKFORCE MENTAL HEALTH **OPIOIDS** PERSPECTIVES COORDINATION **CHALLENGES** Standardize Access to mental Remove incentives Patient centered Rural healthcare 6 ø health is hindered **Electronic Medical** for doctors to workforce care Coordination of Records by provider overprescribe shortage 6 Incentivize shortages Prevent patients care • Scope of Practice: Improve provider from "doctor Coordination & preventive care NP, DO, PA, SW, 0 utilization of Coverage & communication shopping" Midwives, CHWs, Increase & improve Increase mental technology access lactation, nutrition 6 health training for Cultural Workforce drug treatment Increase number . competency training/ primary care programs of medical doctors training professional professionals Improve medical Medical track education & Primary care professional 0 education & support reimbursement for awareness of inspiration in Improve mental health epidemic primary and transportation for treatment secondary schools patients Improve transitional care **IMMEDIATELY ACTIONABLE SOLUTIONS:** SCOPE OF PRACTICE: Review PDMP: Implement a THERAPY CODES: Reinstate current licensing procedures for statewide PDMP for doctors coding in Medicaid that allows increased marketing of nurse and prescribers to view prior for reimbursement of physical practitioners (NP), physician to and subsequent to therapy sessions postassistants (PA), midwives, and prescription and distribution. orthopedic surgery. pharmacists in order for them to Alternatives to therapy CHURN/MEDICAID NOTICES: provide practical, safe, and include opioids, which may Evaluate application and effective solutions for Missouri's exacerbate the addiction renewal process to prevent loss of qualified personnel. crisis. Some providers decline cycling in and out of to perform surgeries if they PROVIDER LIST: Create and Medicaid. Ensure that know physical therapy will be

disseminate a list of providers that accept Medicare, Medicaid, telehealth, & crisis intervention.

termination notices are sent with accurate and complete information.

unavailable.

SOLUTIONS BY THEME:

the state of the s

Develop the healthcare workforce to meet various needs

- Encourage medical schools to incentivize primary care practice.
- Increase STEM education and its application to career choice, particularly to underrepresented populations.
- Strengthen pipeline programs that identify, nurture, and assist rural junior-high and high school students who pursue medical school and other healthcare training and then return to rural areas.
- Incorporate drug abuse recognition and intervention programs in medical schools.
- Develop licensing and regulation for ancillary (non-clinical) health professionals to increase their role in the health workforce (along with payment options to support them).

Modernize payment to incentivize health and innovation

- Test creative ways to pay for improvements in population health at the community level, using pilot programs to gather data that can be analyzed for cost-effectiveness over time.
- Realign provider incentives to encourage collaboration.
- Fund care in non-traditional settings (telehealth, schools, supermarkets, churches, mobile clinics) and by nonclinicians (community health workers, nutritionists, lactation consultants).
- Create flexible payment options that can address social determinants of health (allow reimbursement for transportation for non-emergency healthcare, for food, housing, etc.)
- Seek input from providers, case managers, and other stakeholders to better understand aspects of payment that could better incentivize value over volume.

Improve communication and coordination

- Integrate or co-locate mental health providers with primary care clinics.
- Formalize electronic consultation: allow primary care physicians to reach out to specialists electronically.
- Standardize the electronic health records systems and improve meaningful use laws.

Focus on prevention and population health

- Increase public health spending in Missouri on evidence-based interventions.
- Encourage care delivery in non-traditional settings (schools, supermarkets, churches, mobile clinics) to better target the population at large.
- Streamline eligibility into mental health services may realize cost savings over time as poor mental health often creates barriers to achieving physical health.
- Require behavioral health content in the curriculum in all public schools.
- Convene ground-level case managers to gain information on barriers to access.
- Ensure that every school has a full-time nurse and a full-time social worker.
- Address social determinants of health that cause and exacerbate health problems (transportation, food, housing, etc.) at the community level.