



MO HealthNet Proper Drug Billing

MO HealthNet Pharmacy Team August 2022



National Drug Code Requirement

The Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (OBRA) of 1990 provides that a rebate must be paid for products of manufacturers participating in the National Rebate Agreement. These rebates are paid by the manufacturer to state Medicaid programs on the basis of National Drug Code (NDC) specific utilization data. Therefore, it is essential that providers submit claims utilizing the precise 11 digit NDC found on the package from which the product is administered.

- 1. http://manuals.momed.com/collections/collection_pha/print.pdf
- <u>http://manuals.momed.com/collections/collection_phy/print.pdf</u>

Proper Billing of Drug Claims

Section 15.7 Medication Billing

The quantity to be billed for medications dispensed to MO HealthNet participants must be determined as follows:

• Containers of medication in solution (e.g., ampules, bags, bottles, vials, syringes) must be billed by the milliliter (mL) dispensed, even if the quantity includes a decimal (e.g., if three (3) 0.5 mL vials are dispensed, the correct quantity is 1.5mL).

• Single-dose syringes and single-dose vials must be billed per the number of milliliters (mL) in each syringe or vial (including waste), rather than per syringe or vial.

- Powder-filled vials and syringes that require reconstitution must be billed by the number of vials.
- Ointments must be billed per number of grams even if the quantity includes a decimal.

• Eye drops must be billed per the number of milliliters (mL) in each bottle, even if the quantity includes a decimal.

• Combination products, which consist of devices and drugs designed to used together, are to be billed as a kit (e.g., Copaxone, Pegasys).

• Non-VFC immunizations and vaccines must be billed by the milliliters (mL) dispensed rather than per dose.

References

1. MO HealthNet Pharmacy Manual 15.7

a. http://manuals.momed.com/collections/collection_pha/print.pdf

NDC	Drug	Generic	Strength	Dosage Form
00310461150	Imfinzi	Durvalumab	500mg/10mL	Vial

Step 1

- Determine how the drug should be billed
 - Single dose: billed by milliliter (mL), including waste
 - Powder filled: billed by the number of vials/syringes
 - Multi-dose: billed by mL, excluding waste
- Resources to use:
 - <u>Missouri Maximum Allowable Cost (MAC) drug list</u>
 - <u>https://ndclist.com/</u> → Package Codes; (3) Dosage Forms and Strengths
 - <u>Package Insert</u> \rightarrow How Supplied
 - Pharmacy Administration Unit

- 1. MO HealthNet Pharmacy Manual 15.7
 - a. http://manuals.momed.com/collections/collection_pha/print.pdf

Example 1 (cont.)

NDC	Drug	Generic	Strength	Dosage Form
00310461150	Imfinzi	Durvalumab	500mg/10mL	Vial

Step 2

- > Determine the amount of drug administered to the participant
- Chart notes state participant received 1,500mg

Step 3

Calculate the number of milliliters that need to be billed to MHD

- 1,500mg / 500mg = 3 vials
- 3 vials X 10mL = **30 mL**

References

1. MO HealthNet Pharmacy Manual 15.7

a. http://manuals.momed.com/collections/collection_pha/print.pdf

NDC	Drug	Generic	Strength	Dosage Form
00003373413	Opdivo	Nivolumab	240mg/24mL	Vial

Step 1

- Determine how the drug should be billed
 - Single dose: billed by milliliter (mL), including waste
 - Powder filled: billed by the number of vials/syringes
 - Multi-dose: billed by mL, excluding waste
- Resources to use:
 - Missouri Maximum Allowable Cost (MAC) drug list
 - <u>https://ndclist.com/</u> → Package Codes; (3) Dosage Forms and Strengths
 - Package Insert → How Supplied
 - Pharmacy Administration Unit

- 1. MO HealthNet Pharmacy Manual 15.7
 - a. http://manuals.momed.com/collections/collection_pha/print.pdf

Example 2 (cont.)

NDC	Drug	Generic	Strength	Dosage Form
00003373413	Opdivo	Nivolumab	240mg/24mL	Vial

Step 2

- Determine the amount of drug administered to the participant
- Chart notes state participant received 225mg

Step 3

- Calculate the number of milliliters that need to be billed to MHD
 - 225mg / 240mg = 0.9375 vials
 - 0.9375 vials X 24mL = 22.5 mL
 - Round up to full vials = 1 vial = **24 mL**

- 1. MO HealthNet Pharmacy Manual 15.7
 - a. http://manuals.momed.com/collections/collection_pha/print.pdf

NDC	Drug	Generic	Strength	Dosage Form
68727071201	Zepzelca	Lurbinectedin	4mg	Vial

Step 1

- Determine how the drug should be billed
 - Single dose: billed by milliliter (mL), including waste
 - Powder filled: billed by the number of vials/syringes
 - Multi-dose: billed by mL, excluding waste
- Resources to use:
 - <u>Missouri Maximum Allowable Cost (MAC) drug list</u>
 - <u>https://ndclist.com/</u> → Package Codes; (3) Dosage Forms and Strengths
 - <u>Package Insert</u> \rightarrow How Supplied
 - Pharmacy Administration Unit

- 1. MO HealthNet Pharmacy Manual 15.7
 - a. <u>http://manuals.momed.com/collections/collection_pha/print.pdf</u>

Example 3 (cont.)

NDC	Drug	Generic	Strength	Dosage Form
68727071201	Zepzelca	Lurbinectedin	4mg	Vial

Step 2

- Determine the amount of drug administered to the participant
- Chart notes state participant received 5.4mg

Step 3

- Calculate the number of vials that need to be billed to MHD
 - 5.4mg / 4mg = 1.35 vials
 - Round up to full vials = 2 vials

References

1. MO HealthNet Pharmacy Manual 15.7

a. http://manuals.momed.com/collections/collection_pha/print.pdf

NDC	Drug	Generic	Strength	Dosage Form
54092070104	Vpriv	Velaglucerase Alfa	400 Units	Vial

Step 1

- Determine how the drug should be billed
 - Single dose: billed by milliliter (mL), including waste
 - Powder filled: billed by the number of vials/syringes
 - Multi-dose: billed by mL, excluding waste
- Resources to use:
 - <u>Missouri Maximum Allowable Cost (MAC) drug list</u>
 - <u>https://ndclist.com/</u> → Package Codes; (3) Dosage Forms and Strengths
 - Package Insert → How Supplied
 - Pharmacy Administration Unit

- 1. MO HealthNet Pharmacy Manual 15.7
 - a. http://manuals.momed.com/collections/collection_pha/print.pdf

Example 4 (cont.)

NDC	Drug	Generic	Strength	Dosage Form
54092070104	Vpriv	Velaglucerase Alfa	400 Units	Vial

Step 2

- Determine the amount of drug administered to the participant
- Chart notes state participant received 2,400 units
- Step 3
 - Calculate the number of vials that need to be billed to MHD
 - 2,400 units / 400 units = 6 vials

- 1. MO HealthNet Pharmacy Manual 15.7
 - a. http://manuals.momed.com/collections/collection_pha/print.pdf

NDC	Drug	Generic	Strength	Dosage Form
00143974505	Granisetron	Granisetron	4mg/4mL	Vial

Step 1

Determine how the drug should be billed

- Single dose: billed by milliliter (mL), including waste
- Powder filled: billed by the number of vials/syringes
- Multi-dose: billed by mL, excluding waste
- Resources to use:
 - <u>Missouri Maximum Allowable Cost (MAC) drug list</u>
 - <u>https://ndclist.com/</u> → Package Codes; (3) Dosage Forms and Strengths
 - <u>Package Insert</u> \rightarrow How Supplied
 - Pharmacy Administration Unit

- 1. MO HealthNet Pharmacy Manual 15.7
 - a. http://manuals.momed.com/collections/collection_pha/print.pdf

Example 5 (cont.)

NDC	Drug	Generic	Strength	Dosage Form
00143974505	Granisetron	Granisetron	4mg/4mL	Vial

Step 2

- Determine the amount of drug administered to the participant
- Chart notes state participant received 0.75 mg

Step 3

- Calculate the number of milliliters that need to be billed to MHD
 - 0.75mg / 4mg = 0.1875 vials
 - 0.1875 vials X 4mL = 0.75 mL

References

1. MO HealthNet Pharmacy Manual 15.7

a. http://manuals.momed.com/collections/collection_pha/print.pdf

Correct Billing Additional Examples

Containers of medication in solution (e.g., ampules, **bags**, **bottles**, vials, syringes) must be billed by the milliliter (mL) dispensed, even if the quantity includes a decimal (e.g., if three (3) 0.5 mL vials are dispensed, the correct quantity is 1.5mL).

- Children's Ibuprofen: 100mg/5mL
 - Chart notes states participant received 200mg
 - (200mg / 100mg) X 5mL= **10mL** billed to MHD

Sodium Chloride/Saline Bag: 500mL/1 bag

- Charts notes states participant received 2 bags
- 2 bags X 500mL = **1,000mL** billed to MHD

Solid dosage forms (i.e., tablets, capsules) should be billed by each → never bill with decimals

References

1. MO HealthNet Pharmacy Manual 15.7

a. <u>http://manuals.momed.com/collections/collection_pha/print.pdf</u>

White & Brown Bagging

- White Bagging: shipping of participant-specific medication from a pharmacy to the physician's office, hospital, or clinic for administration.
 - The provider holds the product until the patient arrives for treatment
 - Specialty medications
- Brown Bagging: participant picks up their prescription at a pharmacy and then takes the medication — as if in a metaphorical brown lunch bag — to the physician's office, hospital, or clinic for administration on the day of treatment.
 - > Depo-Provera, long-acting antipsychotics



- Two providers billing for the dispensing of a participant's medication when one provider should be billing only for administration
 - Claim from Hospital A would be fully recoverable as the hospital administered the medication and did not actually supply it.

Dispensed Date	Provider	Medication	Qty	Billed Amount
01/22/2022	Pharmacy A	Drug A	1	\$13,000
01/28/2022	Hospital A	Drug A	1	\$13,000
Discourse of Data	Ducydalau	Madiastics	04	
Dispensed Date	Provider	Medication	Qty	Billed Amount
Dispensed Date 10/09/2021	Provider Pharmacy B	Medication Drug A	Qty 1	Billed Amount \$13,000

- Bill for administration of the drug using the CPT code.
- Only bill for the drug if it was purchased by the provider.

- Participant's medication is shipped to physician's office, hospital, or clinic for administration from the pharmacy
- Physician's office, hospital, or clinic never administers the medication to the participant
- Medication intended for the participant is destroyed
 - Utilization of participant-specific medication for another participant is prohibited
- Pharmacy will be responsible for the cost if the participant never receives the medication

Claims Integrity

Ensure the accuracy of claims data

13 CSR 70.3.030

- Sanctions may be imposed against a provider for failure to take reasonable measures to review claims for accuracy.
- Billing errors, including but not limited to, incorrect ingredient indicators, quantities, days supply, prescriber identification, dates of service, and usual and customary charges, caused or committed by the provider or their employees are subject to adjustment or recoupment.

- 1. MO HealthNet Pharmacy Manual 2.6.A Claim Integrity for MO HealthNet Providers
 - a. http://manuals.momed.com/collections/collection_pha/print.pdf
- 2. 13 CSR 70.3.030 Sanctions for False or Fraudulent Claims for MO HealthNet Services
 - a. https://www.sos.mo.gov/cmsimages/adrules/csr/current/13csr/13c70-3.pd

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Additional References & Links

Pharmacy and Clinical Services Home

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- PDL Searchable Database

Who You Gonna Call?

- MO HealthNet billing questions or issues, unrelated to prior authorizations, can be directed to the Pharmacy Administration Unit (PAU):
 - Email: MHD.PharmacyAdmin@dss.mo.gov
 - Phone: (573) 751-6963

Questions?