

PREA Facility Audit Report: Final

Name of Facility: St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center

Facility Type: Juvenile

Date Interim Report Submitted: NA

Date Final Report Submitted: 07/11/2025

Auditor Certification

The contents of this report are accurate to the best of my knowledge.



No conflict of interest exists with respect to my ability to conduct an audit of the agency under review.



I have not included in the final report any personally identifiable information (PII) about any inmate/resident/detainee or staff member, except where the names of administrative personnel are specifically requested in the report template.



Auditor Full Name as Signed: Lawrence Howell

Date of Signature: 07/11/2025

AUDITOR INFORMATION

Auditor name: Howell, Lawrence

Email: Lawrence.howell@rop.com

Start Date of On-Site Audit: 04/16/2025

End Date of On-Site Audit: 04/17/2025

FACILITY INFORMATION

Facility name: St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center

Facility physical address: 105 South Central Avenue, Clayton, Missouri - 63105

Facility mailing address:

Primary Contact

Name:	Megan Schacht, PhD
Email Address:	Megan.Schacht@courts.mo.gov
Telephone Number:	314-615-4498

Superintendent/Director/Administrator	
Name:	Cleveland Jackson
Email Address:	Cleveland.Jackson@courts.mo.gov
Telephone Number:	314-615-2993

Facility PREA Compliance Manager	
Name:	
Email Address:	
Telephone Number:	

Facility Health Service Administrator On-Site	
Name:	Eva Enoch, MHA
Email Address:	eenoch@stlouiscountymo.gov
Telephone Number:	314-615-8733

Facility Characteristics	
Designed facility capacity:	64
Current population of facility:	63
Average daily population for the past 12 months:	57
Has the facility been over capacity at any point in the past 12 months?	Yes
What is the facility's population designation?	Both women/girls and men/boys

In the past 12 months, which population(s) has the facility held? Select all that apply (Nonbinary describes a person who does not identify exclusively as a boy/man or a girl/woman. Some people also use this term to describe their gender expression. For definitions of “intersex” and “transgender,” please see https://www.prearesourcecenter.org/standard/115-5)	
Age range of population:	10-18
Facility security levels/resident custody levels:	High
Number of staff currently employed at the facility who may have contact with residents:	79
Number of individual contractors who have contact with residents, currently authorized to enter the facility:	2
Number of volunteers who have contact with residents, currently authorized to enter the facility:	9999

AGENCY INFORMATION	
Name of agency:	21st Judicial Circuit of Missouri
Governing authority or parent agency (if applicable):	
Physical Address:	105 South Central Avenue, Clayton, Missouri - 63105
Mailing Address:	
Telephone number:	

Agency Chief Executive Officer Information:	
Name:	Ben Burkemper

Email Address:	Ben.Burkemper@courts.mo.gov
Telephone Number:	3146152980

Agency-Wide PREA Coordinator Information			
Name:	Megan Schacht	Email Address:	megan.schacht@courts.mo.gov

Facility AUDIT FINDINGS	
Summary of Audit Findings	
<p>The OAS automatically populates the number and list of Standards exceeded, the number of Standards met, and the number and list of Standards not met.</p> <p>Auditor Note: In general, no standards should be found to be "Not Applicable" or "NA." A compliance determination must be made for each standard. In rare instances where an auditor determines that a standard is not applicable, the auditor should select "Meets Standard" and include a comprehensive discussion as to why the standard is not applicable to the facility being audited.</p>	
Number of standards exceeded:	
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 115.341 - Obtaining information from residents • 115.386 - Sexual abuse incident reviews
Number of standards met:	
41	
Number of standards not met:	
0	

POST-AUDIT REPORTING INFORMATION

GENERAL AUDIT INFORMATION

On-site Audit Dates

1. Start date of the onsite portion of the audit:	2025-04-16
2. End date of the onsite portion of the audit:	2025-04-17

Outreach

10. Did you attempt to communicate with community-based organization(s) or victim advocates who provide services to this facility and/or who may have insight into relevant conditions in the facility?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
a. Identify the community-based organization(s) or victim advocates with whom you communicated:	Missouri Child Abuse and Neglect Hotline Cardinal Glennon Children's Hospital St. Louis Children's Hospital Clayton Policy Department Out of Home Investigations (OHI)

AUDITED FACILITY INFORMATION

14. Designated facility capacity:	64
15. Average daily population for the past 12 months:	57
16. Number of inmate/resident/detainee housing units:	5
17. Does the facility ever hold youthful inmates or youthful/juvenile detainees?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Not Applicable for the facility type audited (i.e., Community Confinement Facility or Juvenile Facility)

Audited Facility Population Characteristics on Day One of the Onsite Portion of the Audit

Inmates/Residents/Detainees Population Characteristics on Day One of the Onsite Portion of the Audit

18. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees in the facility as of the first day of onsite portion of the audit:	67
19. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees with a physical disability in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	1
20. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees with a cognitive or functional disability (including intellectual disability, psychiatric disability, or speech disability) in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	0
21. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who are Blind or have low vision (visually impaired) in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	0
22. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who are Deaf or hard-of-hearing in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	0
23. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who are Limited English Proficient (LEP) in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	0
24. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who identify as lesbian, gay, or bisexual in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	1

25. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who identify as transgender or intersex in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	0
26. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who reported sexual abuse in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	0
27. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who disclosed prior sexual victimization during risk screening in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	3
28. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who were ever placed in segregated housing/isolation for risk of sexual victimization in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	0
29. Provide any additional comments regarding the population characteristics of inmates/residents/detainees in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit (e.g., groups not tracked, issues with identifying certain populations):	The PREA Auditor was able to randomly select residents from every housing unit. Targeted residents included residents who disclosed prior trauma, potential competency issues, and low reading abilities. All residents were able to sufficiently demonstrate a good understanding of the expectations of PREA.
Staff, Volunteers, and Contractors Population Characteristics on Day One of the Onsite Portion of the Audit	
30. Enter the total number of STAFF, including both full- and part-time staff, employed by the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	80
31. Enter the total number of VOLUNTEERS assigned to the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit who have contact with inmates/residents/detainees:	2

32. Enter the total number of CONTRACTORS assigned to the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit who have contact with inmates/residents/detainees:	2
33. Provide any additional comments regarding the population characteristics of staff, volunteers, and contractors who were in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	The PREA Auditor observed 67 youth with 13 staff with safety/supervision duties for a ratio of 1:5.15 . The facility uses contracted staff for some ancillary duties such as medical services and some outside clinical / counseling services. Despite volunteers and contractors being required to complete PREA training they are still not left alone with residents.
INTERVIEWS	
Inmate/Resident/Detainee Interviews	
Random Inmate/Resident/Detainee Interviews	
34. Enter the total number of RANDOM INMATES/RESIDENTS/DETAINEES who were interviewed:	16
35. Select which characteristics you considered when you selected RANDOM INMATE/RESIDENT/DETAINEE interviewees: (select all that apply)	<div> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Age </div> <div> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Race </div> <div> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ethnicity (e.g., Hispanic, Non-Hispanic) </div> <div> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Length of time in the facility </div> <div> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Housing assignment </div> <div> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gender </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> Other </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> None </div>

36. How did you ensure your sample of RANDOM INMATE/RESIDENT/DETAINEE interviewees was geographically diverse?	The residents interviewed were selected by the PREA Auditor from the facility roster. The random sample included residents from each living unit (at least 2), both male and female, and residents that had been at the facility from a few days to a few months.
37. Were you able to conduct the minimum number of random inmate/resident/detainee interviews?	<input checked="checked" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
38. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting or interviewing random inmates/residents/detainees (e.g., any populations you oversampled, barriers to completing interviews, barriers to ensuring representation):	All of the residents interviewed consented to the interview process and answered all of the questions the PREA Auditor presented. No residents alleged sexual abuse or sexual harassment, related to the facility, during the interviews.
Targeted Inmate/Resident/Detainee Interviews	
39. Enter the total number of TARGETED INMATES/RESIDENTS/DETAINEES who were interviewed:	6
<p>As stated in the PREA Auditor Handbook, the breakdown of targeted interviews is intended to guide auditors in interviewing the appropriate cross-section of inmates/residents/detainees who are the most vulnerable to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. When completing questions regarding targeted inmate/resident/detainee interviews below, remember that an interview with one inmate/resident/detainee may satisfy multiple targeted interview requirements. These questions are asking about the number of interviews conducted using the targeted inmate/resident/detainee protocols. For example, if an auditor interviews an inmate who has a physical disability, is being held in segregated housing due to risk of sexual victimization, and disclosed prior sexual victimization, that interview would be included in the totals for each of those questions. Therefore, in most cases, the sum of all the following responses to the targeted inmate/resident/detainee interview categories will exceed the total number of targeted inmates/residents/detainees who were interviewed. If a particular targeted population is not applicable in the audited facility, enter "0".</p>	
40. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees with a physical disability using the "Disabled and Limited English Proficient Inmates" protocol:	1

41. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees with a cognitive or functional disability (including intellectual disability, psychiatric disability, or speech disability) using the "Disabled and Limited English Proficient Inmates" protocol:	3
42. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who are Blind or have low vision (i.e., visually impaired) using the "Disabled and Limited English Proficient Inmates" protocol:	0
42. Select why you were unable to conduct at least the minimum required number of targeted inmates/residents/detainees in this category:	<div> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Facility said there were "none here" during the onsite portion of the audit and/or the facility was unable to provide a list of these inmates/residents/detainees. </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> The inmates/residents/detainees in this targeted category declined to be interviewed. </div>
42. Discuss your corroboration strategies to determine if this population exists in the audited facility (e.g., based on information obtained from the PAQ; documentation reviewed onsite; and discussions with staff and other inmates/residents/detainees).	There were no residents identified by the facility, or self identified, as being blind or having low vision.
43. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who are Deaf or hard-of-hearing using the "Disabled and Limited English Proficient Inmates" protocol:	0
43. Select why you were unable to conduct at least the minimum required number of targeted inmates/residents/detainees in this category:	<div> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Facility said there were "none here" during the onsite portion of the audit and/or the facility was unable to provide a list of these inmates/residents/detainees. </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> The inmates/residents/detainees in this targeted category declined to be interviewed. </div>

43. Discuss your corroboration strategies to determine if this population exists in the audited facility (e.g., based on information obtained from the PAQ; documentation reviewed onsite; and discussions with staff and other inmates/residents/detainees).	<p>There were no residents identified by the facility, or self identified, as being deaf or hard of hearing.</p>
44. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who are Limited English Proficient (LEP) using the "Disabled and Limited English Proficient Inmates" protocol:	<p>0</p>
44. Select why you were unable to conduct at least the minimum required number of targeted inmates/residents/detainees in this category:	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Facility said there were "none here" during the onsite portion of the audit and/or the facility was unable to provide a list of these inmates/residents/detainees.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The inmates/residents/detainees in this targeted category declined to be interviewed.</p>
44. Discuss your corroboration strategies to determine if this population exists in the audited facility (e.g., based on information obtained from the PAQ; documentation reviewed onsite; and discussions with staff and other inmates/residents/detainees).	<p>There were no residents identified by the facility, or self identified, as being Limited English Proficient (LEP).</p>
45. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who identify as lesbian, gay, or bisexual using the "Transgender and Intersex Inmates; Gay, Lesbian, and Bisexual Inmates" protocol:	<p>1</p>
46. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who identify as transgender or intersex using the "Transgender and Intersex Inmates; Gay, Lesbian, and Bisexual Inmates" protocol:	<p>0</p>

<p>46. Select why you were unable to conduct at least the minimum required number of targeted inmates/residents/detainees in this category:</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Facility said there were "none here" during the onsite portion of the audit and/or the facility was unable to provide a list of these inmates/residents/detainees.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The inmates/residents/detainees in this targeted category declined to be interviewed.</p>
<p>46. Discuss your corroboration strategies to determine if this population exists in the audited facility (e.g., based on information obtained from the PAQ; documentation reviewed onsite; and discussions with staff and other inmates/residents/detainees).</p>	<p>There were no residents identified by the facility, or self identified, as transgender or intersex.</p>
<p>47. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who reported sexual abuse in this facility using the "Inmates who Reported a Sexual Abuse" protocol:</p>	<p>0</p>
<p>47. Select why you were unable to conduct at least the minimum required number of targeted inmates/residents/detainees in this category:</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Facility said there were "none here" during the onsite portion of the audit and/or the facility was unable to provide a list of these inmates/residents/detainees.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The inmates/residents/detainees in this targeted category declined to be interviewed.</p>
<p>47. Discuss your corroboration strategies to determine if this population exists in the audited facility (e.g., based on information obtained from the PAQ; documentation reviewed onsite; and discussions with staff and other inmates/residents/detainees).</p>	<p>There were no residents identified by the facility, or self identified, as having reported sexual abuse in this facility.</p>
<p>48. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who disclosed prior sexual victimization during risk screening using the "Inmates who Disclosed Sexual Victimization during Risk Screening" protocol:</p>	<p>3</p>

49. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who are or were ever placed in segregated housing/isolation for risk of sexual victimization using the "Inmates Placed in Segregated Housing (for Risk of Sexual Victimization/Who Allege to have Suffered Sexual Abuse)" protocol:	0
49. Select why you were unable to conduct at least the minimum required number of targeted inmates/residents/detainees in this category:	<div> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Facility said there were "none here" during the onsite portion of the audit and/or the facility was unable to provide a list of these inmates/residents/detainees. </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> The inmates/residents/detainees in this targeted category declined to be interviewed. </div>
49. Discuss your corroboration strategies to determine if this population exists in the audited facility (e.g., based on information obtained from the PAQ; documentation reviewed onsite; and discussions with staff and other inmates/residents/detainees).	The PREA Auditor found no evidence of segregated housing being used at the facility.
50. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting or interviewing targeted inmates/residents/detainees (e.g., any populations you oversampled, barriers to completing interviews):	There were no barriers experienced in completing interviews. The Auditor was permitted to freely move between housing units and administrative areas which allowed casual conversations as well as formal interviews.
Staff, Volunteer, and Contractor Interviews	
Random Staff Interviews	
51. Enter the total number of RANDOM STAFF who were interviewed:	12

52. Select which characteristics you considered when you selected RANDOM STAFF interviewees: (select all that apply)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Length of tenure in the facility <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shift assignment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Work assignment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rank (or equivalent) <input type="checkbox"/> Other (e.g., gender, race, ethnicity, languages spoken) <input type="checkbox"/> None
53. Were you able to conduct the minimum number of RANDOM STAFF interviews?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
54. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting or interviewing random staff (e.g., any populations you oversampled, barriers to completing interviews, barriers to ensuring representation):	The PREA Auditor completed interviews of staff on all shifts, from all housing units, and all departments. No barriers to ensuring appropriate representation were experienced.
Specialized Staff, Volunteers, and Contractor Interviews	
Staff in some facilities may be responsible for more than one of the specialized staff duties. Therefore, more than one interview protocol may apply to an interview with a single staff member and that information would satisfy multiple specialized staff interview requirements.	
55. Enter the total number of staff in a SPECIALIZED STAFF role who were interviewed (excluding volunteers and contractors):	12
56. Were you able to interview the Agency Head?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
57. Were you able to interview the Warden/Facility Director/Superintendent or their designee?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No

58. Were you able to interview the PREA Coordinator?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
59. Were you able to interview the PREA Compliance Manager?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> NA (NA if the agency is a single facility agency or is otherwise not required to have a PREA Compliance Manager per the Standards)

60. Select which SPECIALIZED STAFF roles were interviewed as part of this audit from the list below: (select all that apply)

- ☒ Agency contract administrator
- ☒ Intermediate or higher-level facility staff responsible for conducting and documenting unannounced rounds to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment
- ☒ Line staff who supervise youthful inmates (if applicable)
- ☒ Education and program staff who work with youthful inmates (if applicable)
- ☒ Medical staff
- ☒ Mental health staff
- ☐ Non-medical staff involved in cross-gender strip or visual searches
- ☒ Administrative (human resources) staff
- ☒ Sexual Assault Forensic Examiner (SAFE) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) staff
- ☒ Investigative staff responsible for conducting administrative investigations
- ☒ Investigative staff responsible for conducting criminal investigations
- ☒ Staff who perform screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness
- ☐ Staff who supervise inmates in segregated housing/residents in isolation
- ☒ Staff on the sexual abuse incident review team
- ☒ Designated staff member charged with monitoring retaliation
- ☒ First responders, both security and non-security staff
- ☒ Intake staff

	<input type="checkbox"/> Other
61. Did you interview VOLUNTEERS who may have contact with inmates/residents/detainees in this facility?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
62. Did you interview CONTRACTORS who may have contact with inmates/residents/detainees in this facility?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
62. Enter the total number of CONTRACTORS who were interviewed:	1
62. Select which specialized CONTRACTOR role(s) were interviewed as part of this audit from the list below: (select all that apply)	<input type="checkbox"/> Security/detention <input type="checkbox"/> Education/programming <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medical/dental <input type="checkbox"/> Food service <input type="checkbox"/> Maintenance/construction <input type="checkbox"/> Other
63. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting or interviewing specialized staff.	All staff interviewed were either randomly selected or selected due to their specialized role related to the facility. No barriers were experienced in conducting the PREA interviews.

SITE REVIEW AND DOCUMENTATION SAMPLING

Site Review

PREA Standard 115.401 (h) states, "The auditor shall have access to, and shall observe, all areas of the audited facilities." In order to meet the requirements in this Standard, the site review portion of the onsite audit must include a thorough examination of the entire facility. The site review is not a casual tour of the facility. It is an active, inquiring process that includes talking with staff and inmates to determine whether, and the extent to which, the audited facility's practices demonstrate compliance with the Standards. Note: As you are conducting the site review, you must document your tests of critical functions, important information gathered through observations, and any issues identified with facility practices. The information you collect through the site review is a crucial part of the evidence you will analyze as part of your compliance determinations and will be needed to complete your audit report, including the Post-Audit Reporting Information.

64. Did you have access to all areas of the facility?

☒ Yes

☐ No

Was the site review an active, inquiring process that included the following:

65. Observations of all facility practices in accordance with the site review component of the audit instrument (e.g., signage, supervision practices, cross-gender viewing and searches)?

☒ Yes

☐ No

66. Tests of all critical functions in the facility in accordance with the site review component of the audit instrument (e.g., risk screening process, access to outside emotional support services, interpretation services)?

☒ Yes

☐ No

67. Informal conversations with inmates/residents/detainees during the site review (encouraged, not required)?

☒ Yes

☐ No

68. Informal conversations with staff during the site review (encouraged, not required)?

☒ Yes

☐ No

69. Provide any additional comments regarding the site review (e.g., access to areas in the facility, observations, tests of critical functions, or informal conversations).	<p>The site review was conducted in accordance with PREA AUDIT STANDARDS. All facility areas were observed, locked areas were unlocked at Auditor request, and both formal and informal conversations were completed with both staff and residents.</p>
Documentation Sampling	
<p>Where there is a collection of records to review-such as staff, contractor, and volunteer training records; background check records; supervisory rounds logs; risk screening and intake processing records; inmate education records; medical files; and investigative files-auditors must self-select for review a representative sample of each type of record.</p>	
70. In addition to the proof documentation selected by the agency or facility and provided to you, did you also conduct an auditor-selected sampling of documentation?	<p> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No </p>
71. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting additional documentation (e.g., any documentation you oversampled, barriers to selecting additional documentation, etc.).	<p>Documentation organization and storage was a highlight of the audit. The facility PREA Coordinator had an above standard documentation system that was easily navigated by the PREA Auditor. Selecting, finding, and reviewing documentation was completed in accordance with PREA Standards.</p>
SEXUAL ABUSE AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT ALLEGATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS IN THIS FACILITY	
Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment Allegations and Investigations Overview	
<p>Remember the number of allegations should be based on a review of all sources of allegations (e.g., hotline, third-party, grievances) and should not be based solely on the number of investigations conducted. Note: For question brevity, we use the term “inmate” in the following questions. Auditors should provide information on inmate, resident, or detainee sexual abuse allegations and investigations, as applicable to the facility type being audited.</p>	

72. Total number of SEXUAL ABUSE allegations and investigations overview during the 12 months preceding the audit, by incident type:

	# of sexual abuse allegations	# of criminal investigations	# of administrative investigations	# of allegations that had both criminal and administrative investigations
Inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse	0	0	0	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual abuse	1	0	1	0
Total	1	0	1	0

73. Total number of SEXUAL HARASSMENT allegations and investigations overview during the 12 months preceding the audit, by incident type:

	# of sexual harassment allegations	# of criminal investigations	# of administrative investigations	# of allegations that had both criminal and administrative investigations
Inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment	0	0	0	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual harassment	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0

Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment Investigation Outcomes

Sexual Abuse Investigation Outcomes

Note: these counts should reflect where the investigation is currently (i.e., if a criminal investigation was referred for prosecution and resulted in a conviction, that investigation outcome should only appear in the count for “convicted.”) Do not double count. Additionally, for question brevity, we use the term “inmate” in the following questions. Auditors should provide information on inmate, resident, and detainee sexual abuse investigation files, as applicable to the facility type being audited.

74. Criminal SEXUAL ABUSE investigation outcomes during the 12 months preceding the audit:

	Ongoing	Referred for Prosecution	Indicted/ Court Case Filed	Convicted/ Adjudicated	Acquitted
Inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse	0	0	0	0	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual abuse	0	1	0	0	0
Total	0	1	0	0	0

75. Administrative SEXUAL ABUSE investigation outcomes during the 12 months preceding the audit:

	Ongoing	Unfounded	Unsubstantiated	Substantiated
Inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse	0	0	0	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual abuse	0	0	0	1
Total	0	0	0	1

Sexual Harassment Investigation Outcomes

Note: these counts should reflect where the investigation is currently. Do not double count. Additionally, for question brevity, we use the term “inmate” in the following questions. Auditors should provide information on inmate, resident, and detainee sexual harassment investigation files, as applicable to the facility type being audited.

76. Criminal SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation outcomes during the 12 months preceding the audit:

	Ongoing	Referred for Prosecution	Indicted/ Court Case Filed	Convicted/ Adjudicated	Acquitted
Inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment	0	0	0	0	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual harassment	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0

77. Administrative SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation outcomes during the 12 months preceding the audit:

	Ongoing	Unfounded	Unsubstantiated	Substantiated
Inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment	0	0	0	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual harassment	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0

Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment Investigation Files Selected for Review

Sexual Abuse Investigation Files Selected for Review

78. Enter the total number of SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files reviewed/ sampled:

1

79. Did your selection of SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files include a cross-section of criminal and/or administrative investigations by findings/outcomes?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any sexual abuse investigation files)
Inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files	
80. Enter the total number of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files reviewed/sampled:	0
81. Did your sample of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files include criminal investigations?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files)
82. Did your sample of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files include administrative investigations?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files)
Staff-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files	
83. Enter the total number of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files reviewed/sampled:	1
84. Did your sample of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files include criminal investigations?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any staff-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files)

85. Did your sample of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files include administrative investigations?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any staff-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files)
Sexual Harassment Investigation Files Selected for Review	
86. Enter the total number of SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files reviewed/sampled:	0
86. Explain why you were unable to review any sexual harassment investigation files:	There were no sexual harassment investigations to review/sample.
87. Did your selection of SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files include a cross-section of criminal and/or administrative investigations by findings/outcomes?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any sexual harassment investigation files)
Inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files	
88. Enter the total number of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files reviewed/sampled:	0
89. Did your sample of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT files include criminal investigations?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files)

90. Did your sample of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files include administrative investigations?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files)
Staff-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files	
91. Enter the total number of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files reviewed/sampled:	0
92. Did your sample of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files include criminal investigations?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any staff-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files)
93. Did your sample of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files include administrative investigations?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> NA (NA if you were unable to review any staff-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files)
94. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting and reviewing sexual abuse and sexual harassment investigation files.	There were no allegations or investigations related to staff on inmate sexual harassment.

SUPPORT STAFF INFORMATION

DOJ-certified PREA Auditors Support Staff

95. Did you receive assistance from any DOJ-CERTIFIED PREA AUDITORS at any point during this audit? REMEMBER: the audit includes all activities from the pre-onsite through the post-onsite phases to the submission of the final report. Make sure you respond accordingly.

☐ Yes

☒ No

Non-certified Support Staff

96. Did you receive assistance from any NON-CERTIFIED SUPPORT STAFF at any point during this audit? REMEMBER: the audit includes all activities from the pre-onsite through the post-onsite phases to the submission of the final report. Make sure you respond accordingly.

☐ Yes

☒ No

AUDITING ARRANGEMENTS AND COMPENSATION

97. Who paid you to conduct this audit?

- ☐ The audited facility or its parent agency
- ☐ My state/territory or county government employer (if you audit as part of a consortium or circular auditing arrangement, select this option)
- ☒ A third-party auditing entity (e.g., accreditation body, consulting firm)
- ☐ Other

Identify the name of the third-party auditing entity

CMCG

Standards
Auditor Overall Determination Definitions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standard) Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the stand for the relevant review period) Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective actions)
Auditor Discussion Instructions
<p>Auditor discussion, including the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor's analysis and reasoning, and the auditor's conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.</p>

115.311	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>Pre-Audit Questionnaire St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Manual of Operations Organizational Chart On site PREA related postings</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>Random Staff Youth PREA Compliance Coordinator Family Court Administrator</p>

Site Review / Observation:

PREA / Sexual Abuse Postings

Web page www.stlcourtscourts.com and <http://dss.mo.gov/dys/>

Provisions:

115.311 (a)-1,2,3,4,5 The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center (SCJDC) has a zero-tolerance policy towards any form of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. The purpose of the policy states: "The St. Louis County Family Court Juvenile Detention Center shall comply with the Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) Standards. The St. Louis County Family Court Juvenile Detention Center is committed to a zero tolerance standard for incidents of sexual abuse and sexual harassment."

The SCJDC Zero Tolerance Policy is available to staff, residents, and members of the public as is posted on the agency web page www.stlcourtscourts.com. The SCJDC Zero Tolerance Policy includes definitions of prohibited behaviors regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment includes sanctions for those found to have participated in prohibited behaviors and includes agency strategies to reduce and prevent sexual abuse and harassment of residents.

115.311 (b)-1,2,3 The agency has a designated PREA Coordinator who demonstrated a very good working knowledge of the PREA Standards and operational expectations. She also holds the agency title of Director of Family & Clinical Services. Her position is an upper level position and when interviewed she reported having sufficient time and authority to develop, implement, and oversee agency efforts to comply with the PREA standards in all of its facility.

Through staff interviews, The PREA Auditor found that upper-level staff understood the PREA standards and how they are implemented at St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center. The PREA Coordinator explained she had sufficient time and authority to coordinate the facility efforts to comply with PREA standards.

115.311 (c)-1,2,3,4 The SCJDC meets the standard of having a designated PREA Compliance Coordinator in the organizational structure, who has sufficient time to coordinate the facility efforts to comply with PREA standards. This section 115.311 (c) was rated as N/A because the Family Court of St. Louis County only operates one juvenile facility and does not contract with others for detention services.

Through direct observation during the on-site audit, interviews of both residents and staff, and reviewing resident and staff files it is evident SCJDC includes the requirements of this provision in the facility daily operations. Upper level staff as well as direct care staff could explain the intent of PREA and how it is implemented at St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center.

Following a review of facility policies, interviews of staff and residents, and auditor observations of the operations, it was determined that the facility meets the requirements of standard 115.311.

Corrective Action Findings: None

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115.312	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of residents
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making of the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>Pre-Audit Questionnaire</p> <p>St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Manual of Operations</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>PREA Compliance Coordinator Superintendent Agency Head</p> <p>Site Review / Observation: N/A</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>Standard 115.312 (a & b) does not apply to St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center because the facility does not contract with other entities for the confinement of youth.</p>

115.313	Supervision and monitoring
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>Section 3 Personnel Management Section 1 Physical Plant - Living Space Specifications Staffing Plan Annual Evaluation (dated 12.02.24)</p>

Unannounced Supervisory Rounds Form
Supervisory Rounds Protocol
Facility Schematics
Staff Roster
Resident Roster
Detention Staffing Compliance Report

Interviews included:

Superintendent
Random residents
Random staff
PREA Compliance Coordinator
Agency Head
Human Resources Director
Random Staff
Assistant Director of Detention

Site Review / Observation:

Staff to student ratio observations at multiple times throughout the day

Provisions:

115.313 (a) The Superintendent confirmed, and the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center policy mandates a minimum of one staff for each eight youth. The PAQ showed instances of deviation from the planned staff to student ratio. Through the staff interviews, The PREA Auditor did find some written shift reports showing unplanned staffing or ratio issues where the staff to resident ratio fell below the required 1:8 ratio. Supervisory staff explained what they do when the ratio drops below 1:8. Examples included:

- Call in staff who were off shift
- Assign supervisory staff in ratio positions
- Assign qualified case management, recreation and program specialist staff to ratio positions
- Have staff stay over or come in early

The 16 of 16 residents reported feeling safe at St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center (SLCJDC) and that staff provide adequate supervision of the residents.

The agency staffing plan was reviewed by the PREA Auditor. When reviewing the staff rosters and comparing them to the average student population by month for the past 12 months the PREA Auditor found no reason to believe there had been a systemic deviation from the facility staffing plan. Staff shortages were unplanned and temporary as supervisory staff reacted quickly to fill the open positions. In accordance with PREA Standards, the facility supervisors document shortages and work diligently to respond to discrete and exigent circumstances.

SLCJDC does use surveillance cameras but does not use cameras as part of the supervision of residents and staffing plan. Evidence of compliance with this standard was gathered in interviews of the Superintendent, Shift Supervisors, and PREA Manager. All three individuals confirmed the staffing plan is developed to protect residents, video monitoring is not part of the plan, and the staffing plan is reviewed weekly by the management team of the Superintendent and Supervisors. When a scheduled staff is absent, and the staff to resident ratio may be at risk, the Supervisor authorizes overtime to fill temporary vacancies. Every staff discussed working extra shifts to ensure the staff to resident ratio was maintained.

115.313 (b) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy requires constant supervision and monitoring of the residents while in the facility. The policy states that the facility maintains staff ratios at all times unless imminent and dangerous circumstances take place that alter the ratio. The established ratios are 1:8 during waking hours and 1:16 during sleeping hours. On-site observations by The PREA Auditor actually exceeded the established minimum ratios. Observed ratios were 1:1, 1:4, and 1:8.

115.313 (c) The facility roster showed 79 full time staff employed for a current resident population of 67 (65 males & 2 females) residents. Observed staff to student ratios were 1:1, 1:4, and 1:8. Instances where the staff to resident ratio was reported below the required 1:8 ratio were unplanned and temporary. It is noteworthy that the JDC staffing plan calls for maintaining a 1:8 staff to resident ratio 24/7.

115.313 (d) When interviewed, the Superintendent, Human Resources Director, and Assistant Director of Detention each explained the staffing plan is reviewed and revised regularly (at least annually) and when necessary, as a result of changes in census. The Superintendent and Assistant Director of Detention mentioned described meeting daily to make sure staff to resident ratios were appropriate.

115.313. (e) The PREA Auditor did find evidence to support the PAQ that stated higher level supervisors conducted unannounced rounds on all shifts. Facility policy prohibits staff from alerting the staff members that the supervisory unannounced rounds are occurring.

Supervisory staff explained that unannounced rounds do occur at the facility. Frequency was reported as twice per shift. Facility management provided unannounced rounds logs and the associated protocol sheet to demonstrate compliance. The logs include observations of youth routines, staff routines, incidents, group locations, interactions, staffing requirements, staff positioning, facility cleanliness, staff/resident boundaries, and events.

Based on the auditor observations, information shared during the staff and resident interviews, and the documents reviewed during the Pre On-Site, On-Site, and Post On-Site phases of the audit, the facility does meet the requirements of standard 115.313

Corrective Action Findings: None

115.315	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches
	<p data-bbox="280 185 981 219">Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="280 264 564 297">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="280 342 1353 421">The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p data-bbox="280 454 770 488">Documents reviewed included:</p> <p data-bbox="280 521 1469 813"> PAQ St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy Section 17 PREA St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy Section 11 Searches St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy Section 13 Hygiene and Sanitation Staff training files Search Training Curriculum Topics 2025 Search logs </p> <p data-bbox="280 846 604 880">Interviews included:</p> <p data-bbox="280 913 537 1081"> Random residents Random staff Supervisor staff Security staff </p> <p data-bbox="280 1115 702 1149">Site Review / Observation:</p> <p data-bbox="280 1160 1035 1283"> Intake Area Living Units Common activity spaces (gym, classrooms, hallways) </p> <p data-bbox="280 1317 456 1350">Provisions:</p> <p data-bbox="280 1384 1481 1933"> 115.315 (a-c) The staff interviews and a review of the staff training records revealed the staff were appropriately trained on conducting pat down searches in accordance with 115.315 (a, b, and c) Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches. 12 of 12 random staff explained and demonstrated the search procedures of St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center. The search procedure does not include a "pat down" or "strip searches." Staff explained the female and male staff do not do pat down searches. In exigent circumstances the opposite gender staff would conduct an on the outside of the residents clothing only after receiving approval from the Assistant Superintendent or Superintendent. The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center PAQ states the facility does not conduct cross gender strip or cross gender visual body cavity searches of residents. Staff responsible for searches, including the intake officer, were consistent in responding that the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center is in compliance with this provision. </p> <p data-bbox="280 1966 1474 2089"> 115.315 (d) St. Louis City Juvenile Detention Center policies mandate residents are permitted to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without non-medical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, </p>

	<p>except in exigent circumstances. The bathrooms and showering areas were observed during the facility tour. The facility is designed to prohibit cross gender viewing of youth performing such personal actions and the facility practice demonstrated shows compliance: Opposite gender staff announce their presence before entering living units. Youth are provided privacy when changing clothes, performing bodily functions, and showering. Each living unit consists of 8 rooms. 2 rooms have toilets and 6 rooms do not have toilets. There are two single person bathrooms on each living unit for the residents to use. Opposite gender staff do not provide direct supervision when youth change clothes, perform bodily functions, and shower. 16 of 16 residents and 12 of 12 randomly selected staff confirmed the residents are permitted to change clothes, perform bodily functions, and shower in privacy.</p> <p>115.315 (e) Per the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy, and confirmed by the PREA Auditor during the staff interviews, Detention Center staff always refrain from searching or physically examining transgender or intersex residents for the sole purpose of determining the resident's genital status. If a resident's genital status is unknown, the intake staff review the residents personal history and medical documents and may determine genital status during conversations with the resident or by learning the information from a medical examination conducted at a medical facility, in private, by a medical practitioner.</p> <p>115.315 (f) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center training records showed proof of training staff on how to conduct cross-gender pat down searches in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs. During interviews staff and residents consistently responded that Juvenile Detention Center staff do not do pat down searches and the process of having residents empty their pockets and clear their wrist and waist bands was the search practice used.</p> <p>During interviews staff often said, "no cross gender searches are not allowed." However, each time that response was given the Auditor and the staff discussed the definition of "exigent" and scenario's that would meet the definition.</p> <p>As a result of auditor observations of the facility design, a review of St. Louis County Detention Center policy, responses by staff and residents in interviews, and a review of the resident files, St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center was determined to be in compliance with standard 115.315 (a-f).</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.316	Residents with disabilities and residents who are limited English proficient
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.

Documents reviewed included:

PAQ

St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center PREA Policy 17

Screening, Intake, and Admissions Policy Section 6

PREA Resident Curriculum

PREA Posters

Interpreter Contract Information

Interviews included:

Random residents

Random staff

Supervisory staff

Director of Family & Clinical Services / PREA Compliance Manager

Superintendent

Site Review / Observation:

Living Unit postings

Administrative Building postings

Classroom postings

Provisions:

115.316 (a) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy states that the Juvenile Detention Center staff takes appropriate steps to ensure that youth with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. Such steps include providing access to Interpreters, and written materials provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication.

During the resident interviews 16 o 16 (100%) youth interviewed claimed English as their primary language. During staff interviews none of the staff could remember a youth, admitted in the last 12 months, that claimed another language as their primary language.

The Juvenile Detention Center policy addresses the provision of support services for disabled residents and provides the equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the facilities efforts to prevent, detect, and appropriately respond to sexual abuse and harassment. The policy prohibits the use of resident interpreters, readers, and other forms of resident assistants except in limited circumstances where an extended delay could compromise a resident's safety, performance of a first responders' duties, or the investigation of the allegations. Supervisor and Assistant Superintendent interviews confirmed knowledge of the policy and process.

	<p>115.316. (b) During interviews of the clinical intake staff he explained they do whatever is necessary to ensure the residents understand the PREA standards and their rights. All of the staff made it clear they would only use staff as translators.</p> <p>During the past 12 months, the facility did not have any youth who were assessed as needing interpreting services because they had a disability or were limited English proficient. If they had, the language Access Court provided Languageline (language interpreter services with access to 240+ languages) is available by phone and can be accessed by staff 24 Hour per day 7 days per week. The facility is prepared to ensure equal access to limited English proficient or disabled. This determination of meets standard was made based on interviews of staff, residents, administrators, facility observations, and a review of the residents' case files.</p> <p>115.316 (c) The PREA Manager, Clinical Director and intake staff explained St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center does not use resident interpreters or assistants for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment allegations as the practice could compromise the integrity of the reporting process. The facility's intake staff did have written PREA related information to provide to youth upon admission to the Juvenile Detention Center. At the time of the audit there were no residents listed, interviewed, or reported as needing interpreter services or the need for translated PREA related documents. The staff and resident interviews resulted in consistent responses that St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center had not had a recent need for the use of interpreters or services for residents with a disability that hindered their ability to communicate an allegation related to sexual abuse or harassment.</p> <p>As a result of the information learned in staff interviews, resident interviews, document reviews, and observations of operations, the PREA Auditor determined the facility meets the requirements of standard 115.316.</p> <p>Corrective Action: None</p>
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115.317	Hiring and promotion decisions
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>PAQ</p> <p>St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy - Human Resources Manual Policy IV</p> <p>St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy -Personnel Management Section 3</p>

Retention and Promotion
St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Human Resources Policy Manual Part IV
Section A Recruitment, Section B Selection Process, Section C Appointments,
Section D Employment References, Section E Probationary Period, Section F Family
Court Licensure Supervision, Section G Disciplinary Articles
Personnel Files
Criminal Records and Child Abuse Registry Check Documentation
Employment Application
Self-Disclosure Affidavit
Training Records

Interviews included:

PREA Compliance Manager
Human Resources Director
Superintendent
Random Staff

Site Review / Observation: None

Provisions:

115.317 (a) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Human Resources Manual Policy IV prohibits hiring or promoting anyone who may have contact with youth and does not use services of any contractor who may have contact with the person if the person: has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution; or has been convicted or civilly or administratively adjudicated or engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse.

The Superintendent and Human Resources Director confirmed during interviews that the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center has not hired, promoted, or contracted with anyone who meets the criteria listed in the above paragraph. A review of personnel files revealed no documented evidence that would show the facility was out of compliance with this section of standard 115.317.

115.317 (b) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy considers any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to hire, promote, or contract for services. When interviewed by The PREA Auditor, the Human Resource Director explained that the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center would find out such information through criminal background checks, pre-employment reference checks, and a thorough interview of the applicant for an open position. The Superintendent explained the interview process for hiring, promotions and contract positions. A review of personnel files revealed no documented evidence that would show the facility was out of compliance with this section of standard 115.317.

115.317 (c & d) Before hiring new employees, volunteer, or contractors who may have contact with youth, the St. Louis City Juvenile Center Policy - Personnel

	<p>Management section 3 requires hiring staff to perform a criminal background records check, complete a State child abuse registry review, and contact all prior institutional employers in search of substantiated allegations of abuse or resignation during a pending investigation of an allegation of abuse. St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center has been conducting background checks, child abuse registry checks, completing reference checks, and attempted to ask previous juvenile institution employers of applicant's past involvement in PREA related incidents. The PREA Auditor reviewed the interview questions and discussed the screening process with the Superintendent and Human Resources Director.</p> <p>115.317 (e) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center policy states the facility conducts criminal background checks of current employees and contractors who may have contact with residents every five years. The PREA Auditor found the background check process to be in accordance with PREA Standards.</p> <p>115.317 (f) St. Louis County Detention Center did provide written evidence about asking all applicants and employees who may have contact with residents directly about previous PREA related misconduct described in paragraph 115.317 (a). The Superintendent disclosed in his interview that the facility also practices a policy of ongoing self-disclosure regarding involvement in PREA related incidents.</p> <p>115.317 (g) In accordance with this standard, St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Director of Human Resources stated in his interview that material omissions regarding such misconduct (PREA related) or the provision of materially false information is grounds for termination of employment.</p> <p>115.317 (h) According to interviews of the Superintendent and Human Resources Director, unless prohibited by law, St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center provides information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving former employees upon receiving a request from an institutional employer for whom the former employee has applied to work. In addition, the Human Resources Director and Superintendent affirmed separately in their interviews that the facility does consider all items listed in 115.317(a-h) when making hiring and promotion decisions.</p> <p>Based on the information received in interviews, observed while on site, and the documents reviewed the facility meets the requirements of standard 115.317.</p> <p>Corrective Action: None</p>
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115.318	Upgrades to facilities and technologies
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion

	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>PAQ Facility Schematics Materials list and schematics related to additional video equipment added PREA Review Committee meeting minutes</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>PREA Compliance Manager Superintendent Agency Head</p> <p>Site Review / Observation:</p> <p>Observation of the campus operations during the on-site tour. Demonstration of the existing video surveillance system.</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.318 (a-b) During interviews of the PREA Compliance Manager, Agency Head, and Superintendent all of the administrators explained that other than upgrades to the camera system there had been no substantial modification to the facility since the last PREA Audit. The management team demonstrated their knowledge of PREA Standards and the importance of ensuring resident privacy.</p> <p>In his interview, the Agency Head described future plans to increase the capacity of the facility by ten beds. He acknowledged PREA Standard 115.318 and the need to note the PREA related review before implementing upgrades and modifications to the facility.</p> <p>The staff interviews, resident interviews, the on-site tour of the facility, and the schematics provided to the auditor all corroborated that the facility meets the requirements of standard 115.318 (a-b).</p> <p>Corrective Action: None</p>
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115.321	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p>

PAQ

St. Louis County Policy #17 PREA

Child Welfare Manual Section 2 Chapter 5 Child Abuse and Neglect Reports OHI Investigations

Missouri Department of Public Safety Forensic Exam Protocols

Resident Handbook

Children's Advocacy Services Agreement (MOU)

Clayton Police Chief Letter dated March 24, 2025

List of Qualified Agency Staff Members to Provide Victim Advocacy

Protocol for the St. Louis City and St. Louis County Multi-disciplinary Team's Response to Child Abuse and Neglect Investigations

Interviews included:

PREA Compliance Manager

SAFE/SANE Nurse Cardinal Glennon Hospital

Advocacy Representative

Random staff interviews

Random resident interviews

Site Review / Observation:

Facility postings

Brochures available to residents

Provisions:

115.321 (a) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 (PREA) does follow a uniform evidence protocol that maximizes the potential for obtaining usable physical evidence for administrative proceedings and criminal prosecutions when responding to allegations of sexual abuse. The Clayton Police conduct the PREA investigations. Random staff interviews revealed the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center staff are aware of the physical evidence expectations for First Responders. Page 8 of the PREA policy describes the process for staff to call the local law enforcement and the Children's Division to conduct investigations into allegations. The PREA Auditor reviewed a letter dated March 24, 2025, from the Clayton Police Chief acknowledging PREA and his departments responsibilities with PREA investigations.

115.321 (b) The Superintendent stated the policy does follow a protocol that is developmentally appropriate for youth and is current (i.e. adapted from the most recent edition of the US Department of Justice's Office on Violence Against Women publications) . The PREA Auditor was able to ascertain and confirm the following:

- The facility does not conduct administrative or criminal investigations.

Allegations are referred to the local law enforcement for criminal investigations and sometimes OHI (Out of Home Investigations) for administrative investigations. Random staff interviews confirmed an understanding of the facility investigations protocol.

- St. Louis Children's Hospital and Cardinal Glennon Children's Hospital have child abuse trained staff responsible for and qualified to conduct SANE sexual abuse forensic medical exams at no cost to the youth. The specific hospital used would be determined on a case-by-case basis. Taken into consideration would be the youth's medical history and if applicable the family's preference.
- There were no forensic medical exams, related to St. Louis City Juvenile Detention Center, conducted in the past 12 months. Children's Advocacy Services of Greater St. Louis has provides outside the facility emotional support and crisis counseling services. During interviews, the facility PREA Manager and Superintendent confirmed their understanding of the practice.

115.321 (c) In accordance with St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy Section 17 (page 8), in the event of a PREA related allegation, the Duty Supervisor or Detention Administration staff call the Clayton Police for criminal investigation and a facility representative would take the resident to Cardinal Glennon Children's Hospital or St. Louis Children's Hospital for the SAFE and SANE examination. The hospital services include Sexual Assault and Violence Response and Child Protection Teams. The PREA Auditor reviewed the hospital web site and found a comprehensive explanation of the structure of the department, the staff training, and multiple ways the hospital provides support, forensic medical services to meet the needs of sexual assault victims. In a phone interview, the Forensic Nurse explained there was a number of qualified SANE nurses that allowed at least one to always be on duty. She explained it was hospital practice to have a forensic nurse available 24 hours a day. She reported no knowledge of any forensic exams involving youth from the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Facility during the past 12 months

115.321 (d) In accordance with the agreement between the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center and Children's Advocacy Services of Greater St. Louis, during an interview of the CAC phone representative confirmed they provide intervention and related sexual assault assistance services free of charge. The services include 24 hour per day access for reporting, advocacy, and forensic exams. Children's Advocacy Services is not an organization that is part of the criminal justice system. Of the residents interviewed, 16 o 16 were able to describe how to access the services in a confidential manner while in the County Detention Center. Overall, the youth did not trust their phone calls would be confidential, however they all could explain other ways of reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment. Examples included – Tell a trusted staff member, tell their mother (or other relative), tell their attorney, write a grievance, write a letter.

115.321 (e) The Director of Family and Clinical Services / PREA Manger explained the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center does have a qualified mental health

	<p>therapist on duty (or on call) to provide advocacy and emotional support services. However, the Hotline remains available 24/7 to support youth as needed. The PREA Auditor observed zero tolerance posters with the hotline number in most resident living areas, classrooms, and dining areas. The number listed was 1 (800) 392-3738. The PREA Auditor called the Hotline number and verified the services available, if a caller could remain anonymous, and if the services were free of charge to residents of St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center. The Hotline representative confirmed all of the above. The posters included the address residents could send a letter to request advocacy services or file a report.</p> <p>115.321 (f) The local law enforcement agency conducts all criminal investigations. This was confirmed in the section of the Child Welfare Manual related to Out of Home Investigations and in the letter from the Clayton Police Department. Cardinal Glennon Children's Hospital or St. Louis Children's Hospital are responsible for and qualified to conduct SANE sexual abuse forensic medical exams at no cost to the youth. All of the agencies (law enforcement and hospitals) follow uniform protocols that are age appropriate for youth that are residents of the Juvenile Detention Center. The Chief of Police stated in his letter, "the Clayton Police Department is aware of the Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) and the requirement that the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center comply with its standards" and "it is our intent to investigate such allegations in accordance with state statutes, municipal ordinances and our standard practices."</p> <p>115.321 (g) Auditor is not required to audit this provision.</p> <p>115.321. (h) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center is in compliance with standard 115.321 (h) because the Director of Family and Clinical Services is appropriately trained to be a licensed clinician and also a facility PREA Compliance Manager. Training records showed she was current in required PREA training listed on page 10 of St. Louis Juvenile Detention Center Policy Section 17. The facility does have an agreement for victim support services with Children's Advocacy Services of Greater St. Louis. Children's Advocacy Services have trained staff available 24/7 for advocacy service, emotional support; in accompaniment through forensic examination and investigative interview upon request; and provision of information and resources.</p> <p>Based on the information gathered and evaluated the PREA Auditor found the facility does meet the requirements of standard of 115.321.</p> <p>Corrective Action Findings: None</p>
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115.322	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.

Documents reviewed included:

PAQ

St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center PREA Policy Section 17

St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Administration Policy Section 2

Staff Training Files

Allegation & Investigation related documents

Interviews included:

PREA Manager

Superintendent

Random staff interviews

Random resident interviews

Site Review / Observation:

Facility postings

Brochures available to residents

Provisions:

115.322 (a) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center PREA Policy requires that all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment are investigated by the local law enforcement agency. Interviews of agency representatives confirmed there was one reported allegation of abuse that was referred for investigations during the past 12 months. The PREA Auditor did review investigation reports to confirm the documentation matched the written procedure and PREA standards. Interviews of staff confirmed the staff's knowledge of which agencies are responsible for administrative and criminal investigations in all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment.

115.322 (b) The Zero Tolerance Policy is in place to ensure that allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are referred for investigation to an agency with the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations. There was one incident that met the criteria of a PREA incident that was referred for outside agency investigation. The investigation file was reviewed and discussed with the PREA Compliance Manager. The auditor found the incident response to be in compliance with PREA Standards.

A review of the Missouri Department of Social Services website did show the agency's PREA Policy that includes a requirement that all allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are referred to the local Police Department as they have the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations

115.322 (c) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center policy and local law enforcement protocols govern PREA related investigations. The PREA Auditor

	<p>confirmed with the local law enforcement that they are the authorized outside agency who conducts investigations into allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. This is also supported by the 2025 letter from the Clayton Police Chief.</p> <p>115.322 (d) The auditor is not required to audit this provision.</p> <p>115.322 (e) Auditor is not required to audit this provision.</p> <p>During staff interviews, including the PREA Manager, Superintendent, and random staff, it was evident that the facility staff understood the investigation process and were able to explain the process for involving qualified outside agencies to complete administrative and criminal investigations. The staff training records showed the staff received appropriate and current PREA training related to policies to ensure proper referrals of allegations for investigations.</p> <p>Based on the information received in interviews, policy reviews, and discussed with facility management staff, it was determined the facility does meet all of the requirements of standard 115.322 (a-e)</p> <p>Corrective Action Findings: None</p>
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115.331	Employee training
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>PAQ St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy Section 17 - PREA St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy Section 5 - Training and Staff Development Training Curriculum (JDC PREA Training.pdf) PREA brochure Trauma Training PPT Professionalism Training PPT</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>PREA Compliance Manager Random Staff Specialized staff Human Resources Director</p> <p>Site Review / Observations:</p>

Observation of opposite gender staff announcements upon entering resident living units.

Provisions:

115.331 (a) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center PREA Policy does require that the facility provide PREA related training to all its employees who may have contact with youth . The training is tailored to the unique needs and attributes of youth in juvenile facilities and to the specific gender(s) represented at the facility.” The training includes the following:

1. The Zero Tolerance policy for sexual abuse, sexual harassment
2. How to fulfill their PREA responsibilities under St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center sexual abuse and harassment prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures
3. Residents right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment
4. The right of residents and employees to be free from sexual abuse and harassment
5. The right of residents to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and harassment
6. The dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in juvenile facilities
7. The common reactions of juvenile victims of sexual abuse and harassment
8. How to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse and how to distinguish between consensual sexual contact and sexual abuse between residents.
9. How to avoid inappropriate relationships with residents
10. How to communicate effectively and professionally with residents including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming residents; and
11. How to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities
12. Relevant laws regarding the applicable age of consent. In Missouri the age of consent depends on the age of the partner.

The staff are provided a training that describes the facilities zero tolerance of sexual abuse and harassment. Random staff interviews revealed the staff know the learning objectives of the training (listed in #1-12 above). The PREA Auditor reviewed staff training records that included initial training upon hire and refresher training on an annual basis.

115.331 (b) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center policy requires that training is tailored to the unique needs and attributes and gender of the residents at the facility. St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center provides services to youth off all gender identities. Youth are housed based on their gender identity, preference, as well as safety and security concerns. The staff of the opposite gender receive the same training regardless of what shift they are assigned. Training documentation reviewed by The PREA Auditor supports this standard. The training is initiated during

	<p>new employee orientation and is continued through annual refresher training.</p> <p>115.331 (c) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy states that the facility documents employees written verification that they receive PREA training and understand their PREA responsibilities. The agency provides refresher training every year. This was confirmed by auditing the employee training files and interviewing the staff. Employee records included signed acknowledgements of receiving PREA training and their responsibilities as first responders.</p> <p>115.331 (d) The Human Resources Director and PREA Compliance Coordinator provided the auditor with training documentation showing proof the staff acknowledge with their signature that they understand the training they received. This was confirmed by auditing the employee training files. All employees had signed acknowledgements of receiving PREA training and their responsibilities as first responders.</p> <p>In the interviews, the staff demonstrated they had a good understanding of 115.331 (a, 1-12) and 115.331 (b, c, d). Furthermore, the training documentation verified the completion of and understanding of the required PREA training.</p> <p>The PREA Auditor interviewed staff, reviewed the training policy, reviewed the training curriculum, and verified training is taking place and determined the facility meets the requirements of standard 115.331.</p> <p>Corrective Action Findings: None</p>
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115.332	Volunteer and contractor training
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis City Juvenile Detention Center PREA Policy Volunteer (Practicum) and/or Contractual Provider Cover Letter for Fundamental Practices PREA Training Protocols</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>PREA Compliance Manager Superintendent Random Staff Specialized staff</p>

	<p>Site Review / Observations:</p> <p>None</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>During interviews of the Superintendent and PREA Compliance Manager, both explained volunteers and contractors are trained appropriate to their role and responsibilities. The PREA Compliance Coordinator did provide proof of PREA training and PREA acknowledgements for contractors and volunteers.</p> <p>115.332 (a) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy states that the facility shall ensure that all volunteers and contractors who have contact with clients have been trained on their responsibilities under the agency's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures.</p> <p>115.332 (b) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center PREA Manager explained all volunteers and contractors who have contact with residents would be notified of the agency's Zero Tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and informed how to report such incidents. She also explained the training was similar as the full-time paid staff, but specific to their role and responsibility. The PREA Auditor was able to review training documentation and signed acknowledgements related to 115.332 (b) that confirmed that volunteers and contractors understand the training they have received.</p> <p>115.332 (c) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center does maintain documentation confirming that volunteers and contractors understand the training they have received. The PREA Auditor was able to review training documentation and signed acknowledgements related to 115.332 (b) that confirmed that volunteers and contractors understand the training they have received.</p> <p>Following a review of facility policies and interviews key staff the facility was found to meet the requirements of standard 115.332 (a, b, and c).</p> <p>Corrective Action Findings: None</p>
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115.333	Resident education
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p>

PAQ

St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center - Section 17 PREA

Interpreter Contract Information

PREA Resident Curriculum

Site Posters

Resident Handbook

Resident Education Safety First Acknowledgement Page

PREA Brochures

Interviews included:

PREA Manager

Intake Staff

Specialized Staff

Random Staff

Random Residents

Site Review / Observations:

Posters hanging in areas commonly used by residents such as: Dormitory (hallways, bathroom, common rooms), Dining areas, Administration, Building hallways, and Intake areas

PREA materials available to residents, staff, and guests

Informal Conversations Between Auditor, Staff and Residents

Provisions:

115.333 (a) The facility PREA Policy states that during the admissions process the youth are provided, by staff, age appropriate PREA information about the agencies Zero Tolerance Policy and how to report incidents or suspicions of sexual abuse, sexual harassment or sexual activity. This is done through verbal explanation by the intake staff and being provided the appropriate PREA education information in the PREA brochure and included in the Resident Handbook. The facility reported that upon admission, 338 residents received the PREA Resident Curriculum information in the past 12 months.

When interviewed, 16 of 16 residents reported learning of and understanding the St. Louis County PREA Policy and how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment. Over the past twelve months 338 youth were admitted to the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center. The facility reported that all 338 received PREA education from a mental health professional upon intake. Of the 338 intakes 304 stayed longer than 72 hours. The intake documents include an acknowledgement signed by each resident that they received and understood the Zero Tolerance policy information. When reviewing resident files, The PREA Auditor found no evidence that there were residents who did not receive the required Zero Tolerance Policy information.

115.333 (b) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center PREA Policy (page 10 paragraph 4) states that within 10 days of intake, the facility provides comprehensive, age appropriate education to youth about their rights to be free

from sexual abuse, sexual harassment, and retaliation for reporting. Through the random resident interviews, The PREA Auditor found evidence that 16 of 16 residents had received PREA education upon intake and a comprehensive re-education within 10 days. The residents reported watching the PREA video on the weekends. After the last audit the PREA Auditor and PREA Compliance Manager agreed if that if the facility showed the recommended PREA video weekly in all living units it would create a system where no youth would go longer than 7 days from intake education to re-education.

The resident files did show resident acknowledgement of receiving and understanding the PREA education materials.

115.333 (c) During the intake staff interview The PREA Auditor asked how the JDC staff ensured current residents as well as those transferred from other facilities were educated on the facilities PREA Policy. The intake staff confirmed that regardless of how, when, or where they came from all residents are provided the same resident education about their rights to be free from sexual abuse, sexual harassment, and retaliation for reporting. When asked, "How long from the date of intake are residents made aware of their rights as prescribed by PREA?", the staff replied: "We go over the information as soon as they get here...same day."

115.333 (d) The Director of Family Services and Clinical Services and PREA Manager provided the PREA Auditor with the resident education materials in formats accessible to all residents at the facility during the audit. When the intake staff was asked how intakes with limited reading skills could learn the PREA related information they responded the staff would read the print information to the resident with the limited reading skills, get an interpreter, or get a bilingual staff to translate the PREA information and show the resident how they can call the hotline number (posted on the walls in many areas) to file a report or request emotional support services. Furthermore, the courts have access to interpretive services for youth with special needs or disabilities including youth who are deaf, speech impaired, blind, or otherwise disabled. It is not St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center policy to allow residents to be used as translators for other residents.

115.333 (e) The Director of Family Services and Clinical Services and PREA Manager was able to clearly explain the resident PREA education process. Upon auditor review, 16 of 16 resident files reviewed included documentation including the residents' acknowledgement of receiving and understanding the PREA information. In the resident interviews the youth were able to explain the process consistent with what is written in the facility PREA Policy and what is expected to meet this standard. 16 of 16 residents said they believed they could report allegations of sexual abuse and harassment without being punished or fearing retaliation.

115.333 (f) During tour and other unobstructed/free movement within the facility, the PREA Auditor viewed PREA posters in the resident living units, classrooms, and common areas. Posters included the name, address, and phone number to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The PREA Auditor also received a copy of and

	<p>reviewed the PREA information in the brochure. PREA brochures and postings were observed in common areas of the building and observed in the lobby of Juvenile Detention Center building. Postings include the phone number for the Child Abuse Hotline 1 (800) 392-3738. The call is toll free and posted in each resident living unit. The PREA Auditor called to verify the number was working and would be a resource for residents when they called. The Hotline representative confirmed the intent of and the free services provided.</p> <p>The PREA Auditor was able to confirm the residents were receiving appropriate and timely resident PREA education. Since the last audit the facility started a new protocol in showing the PREA education video on weekends. Therefore, the facility met the standard of 115.333 (a - f).</p> <p>Corrective Action Findings: None</p>
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115.334	Specialized training: Investigations
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>PAQ St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center PREA Policy Section 17 Training Documentation Documentation that Children’s Division Investigates Documentation that Clayton PD Investigates – Letter from Police Chief</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>Superintendent PREA Manager Hospital Forensic Unit Supervisor Child Abuse and Neglect (OHI)</p> <p>Site Review / Observations:</p> <p>None</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.334 (a) In accordance with St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy, staff members cannot investigate allegations of sexual abuse. All investigations are conducted by outside agencies. therefore this section is N/A. Investigations are conducted by the Children’s Division (OHI) and the local law enforcement (Clayton</p>

	<p>Police Department).</p> <p>115.334 (b) Because abuse investigations are the responsibility of the Missouri Out of Home Investigations (OHI) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center staff are not required to have specialized training including techniques for interviewing juvenile sexual abuse victims, proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings, sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings, and the criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral. Random staff interviews showed staff are trained on and understand evidence preservation standards. The Clayton Police investigative staff and OHI staff are trained in the areas necessary to conduct administrative and criminal sexual abuse investigations. This section is N/A.</p> <p>115.334 (c) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center did not provide documented proof of specialized training because the investigations are completed by outside agencies. This section is N/A.</p> <p>115.334 (d) Auditor is not required to audit this provision.</p> <p>The PREA Auditor contacted OHI and confirmed they are the responsible agency for administrative investigation related to abuse and neglect allegations. As written in a letter from the Police Chief, the local law enforcement is responsible for criminal investigations at the Juvenile Detention Center.</p> <p>The Auditor was able to conduct interviews, review related documentation, and observe detention center operations. The facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of standard 115.334 (a-d).</p> <p>Corrective Action Findings: None</p>
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115.335	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision:</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>PAQ St. Louis County Detention Center PREA Policy Training Documentation St. Louis County Detention Center PREA Training and Education Policy Section 5 St. Louis County Detention Center Training for PREA Protocol</p>

Training Acknowledgement for Detention Mental Health/Medical Staff
Training for Detention Medical Staff
Signed Training Acknowledgements by Medical Staff

Interviews included:

PREA Compliance Manager
Superintendent
Medical Staff
Site Review / Observations:
None

Provisions:

115.335 (a) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policies Section 17, Section 5, and Training for PREA Protocol all reference staff training. Paragraph C covers "Specialized Training for Mental Healthcare Personnel." It references mental healthcare practitioners who work regularly in the Center should be trained in their role in prevention, detection, physical evidence of sexual abuse, how to respond effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, and how to report. During interviews, specialized staff gave examples of how they would detect and assess signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, preserve evidence, respond professionally to allegations of sexual abuse or harassment, and how to report allegations or suspicions of sexual abuse and harassment.

The PREA Auditor reviewed the training curriculum (power points) and the signed training acknowledgements completed by the medical and mental health staff.

115.335 (b) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center medical staff do not conduct forensic exams. The nurse interviewed as well as the Superintendent confirmed this fact. The representative at the Cardinal Glennon Children's Hospital confirmed via phone the trained and certified Forensic Unit medical staff conduct the exams for the Juvenile Detention Center.

115.335 (c) The PREA Auditor interviewed medical and mental health staff. The interview results and training documentation showed medical and mental health staff do receive PREA training and they do not conduct forensic exams. Forensic exams are conducted at adequately equipped local hospitals.

115.335 (d) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #12 , page 8 section F states, "Staff that investigates allegations, mental health and medical staff shall also receive training on this topics as well as specialized training related to their role in prevention, detection, and the response process. The contracted medical and full time mental health staff confirmed in their interviews that they have received training in accordance with 115.331 and 115.332.

Medical staff are employed by the Dept of Public health/Corrections Medicine and their training is coordinated through the Justice Center.

Using information from interviews and documentation reviews (training

	<p>records and policy reviews) the facility was determined to be in compliance with PREA Standard 115.335 (a-d).</p> <p>Corrective Action Findings: None</p>
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115.341	Obtaining information from residents
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Exceeds Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making of the compliance decision:</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>PAQ St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy - PREA St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy - Intake and Admissions PREA Screening Instrument Form</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>Intake Screening Staff Director of Family and Clinical Services / PREA Compliance Manager Random Resident</p> <p>Site Review / Observations:</p> <p>There was no intake/admission to observe during the on-site portion of the audit.</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.341 (a) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center PREA Policy does list that within 72 hours of a resident's arrival at the facility, the clinical staff perform screening that uses an objective screening instrument to obtain information about the youth's personal history and behavior (Tool title: PREA Screening Form) to reduce the risk of sexual abuse by or upon another youth. Upon review of the screening instrument form, The PREA Auditor determined the screening instrument includes the elements required in provisions 115.341 a, b, and c. During discussions with intake staff and the Director of Clinical Services, The PREA Auditor asked inquired about the admissions and assessment process. The staff interviewed consistently explained how the first thing youth do upon admission is spend time with the intake and clinical staff in the intake area of the building. The PREA Auditor toured the intake section of the building with the Superintendent and PREA Compliance Manager. The area included private space for individual and confidential assessment meetings.</p>

The intake staff stated the facility continues to gather information periodically throughout the youth's stay to reassess housing and supervision assignments based on incidents and periodically for residents who have an extended stay at the Detention Center.

115.341 (b) The St. Louis County Detention Center policy states assessments are to be conducted using objective screening instruments within 72 hours of intake (PREA Policy, page 12, #6). The PREA Auditor reviewed completed youth assessments that were hosted on the secure Clinical Services computer server. Director of Family and Clinical Services Dr. Megan Schacht explained, the assessment process and what role the objective screening tool plays in the youth classification process.

115.341 (c) In accordance with PREA Policy Section 17, page 12, the screening instrument, in use at St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center does include the following information:

- Prior sexual victimization or abusiveness
- Any gender nonconforming appearance or manner or identification as lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex, and whether the resident may therefore vulnerable to sexual abuse
- Current charges and offense history
- Age
- Level of emotional and cognitive development
- Physical size and stature
- Mental illness or mental disabilities
- Intellectual or developmental disabilities
- Physical disabilities
- The residents own perception of vulnerability
- Any specific information about individual residents that may indicate heightened need for supervision, additional safety precautions, or separation from certain residents

115.341 (d) Through a review of the electronic files, staff interviews, resident interviews and an interview with the PREA Compliance Manager, intake staff, and the Superintendent, the PREA Auditor was able to ascertain that risk assessments were done in all eleven areas listed in 115.341 (c). This information was collected from conversations with the residents and a review of court records, case files, facility behavioral records, and other relevant documentation that is gathered upon the resident's arrival at the facility. The facility met the standard of this section.

115.341 (e) The Superintendent, PREA Compliance Manager, and intake staff indicated during interviews that the information obtained during the initial, and follow up screening is sensitive and treated as confidential, therefore the information has limited dissemination and access to prevent exploitation is controlled by password protecting the electronic records. Employees are only permitted to view the protected information on a need to know basis. The facility

	<p>uses electronic screening tools and files for storing confidential resident information. A restricted password is necessary to access all protected information. Based on the information learned in the interviews, document reviews, objective screening instrument demonstration, and the observations of the security in place to protect the confidential information, the facility is in compliance with standards of this section.</p> <p>Special recognition to the fact that the staff involved in the screening process are licensed members of the facility Clinical team. In the past 12 months 304 of 304 residents (100%) were admitted and screened in accordance with the facility PREA policy. Furthermore, the objective screening tools used were developed by the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center clinical team led by the Director of Family and Clinical Services. The team approach observed and explained during the on-site audit exceeds the standards of this provision.</p> <p>For the reasons stated in the previous paragraph, the auditor determined the facility EXCEEDS the requirements of standard 115.341 (a-e).</p> <p>Corrective Action Findings: None</p>
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115.342	Placement of residents
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>PAQ St. Louis City Juvenile Detention Center PREA Policy PREA Screening Form Resident Electronic Records Safety Plan</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>PREA Manager Superintendent Random Residents Targeted Residents Random Staff Staff Responsible for Risk Screening/Intake</p> <p>Site Review / Observations:</p> <p>Intake and Assessment area.</p>

Facility Tour - no isolation rooms were observed.

Provisions:

115.342 (a) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy (Section 17, page 13) explains that the facility uses all information obtained during intake screening to make housing, bed, program, education, and work assignments for youth. The electronic screening tool does provide an objective tool to aide in deciding housing, bed, program, education, and work assignments. Despite resident rooms being single occupancy rooms, housing assignments are discussed anytime there is an incident and moving kids room assignment is considered an intervention to keep residents safe and free from violence and/or abuse.

115.342 (b) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy (Section 17 page 13, Placement of Residents) allows residents being isolated from others only as a last resort when less restrictive measures are inadequate to keep them and other residents safe. During the on-site phase of the audit The PREA Auditor walked freely through the facility and was given access to all areas as requested. At no time were isolation areas or isolation practices observed.

If a youth were to be isolated for safety purposes, the reason would be documented along with the reason for no alternative to isolation shall be documented.

Furthermore, Policy Section 17 states, "Regular exercise and other activities should continue." When asked what are considered "other activities" supervisor staff replied, "normal things like food, education, medical, and psychological services."

There were no reported cases that required isolation or documentation of isolation.

115.342 (c) The Superintendent, and PREA Compliance Manager explained the facility does not place LGBTQ residents on a special housing status/assignment or identification status as an indicator of vulnerability for sexual assault or harassment. Throughout both line staff and resident interviews, it was reported that the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center had LGBTQ residents over the past 12 months. The youth housing assignments were completed considering the youth's preference, gender identity, and safety/security concerns. The agency staff reported that if LGBTQ youth were in the program they would always refrain from considering lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or questioning (LGBTQ) identification or status as an indicator or likelihood of being sexually abusive. Random staff interviews and a targeted resident interview revealed no special housing based on how a resident gender identifies.

115.342 (d) The Random Staff, Intake Staff, Supervisors, Superintendent, and PREA Compliance Manager reported some suspected, but not self-identifying LGBTQ residents in the facility during the past 12 months. The staff interviewed stated the bed/housing assignments are made on a case-by-case basis and as with all youth the assignment would be based on resident choice while ensuring the residents health and safety, and whether placement would present management or security problems.

115.342 (e) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center is designed for a short-

term length of stay. The average length of stay in the past 12 months was 50.4 days. The Clinical staff explained that long term stay residents are reassessed on a regular basis....at least every six months. During the audit there were no LGBTQ identifying residents at the facility. Regardless of who was at the facility during the audit, the practice of reassessing residents every six months meets the standard that transgender and intersex residents programming is reassessed at least twice per year.

115.342 (f) At the time of the audit there were no residents who identified as LGBTQ at the facility, therefore the auditor could not interview a resident in respect to them feeling like their own views were being considered in regard to housing assignments. The program's screening instrument(PREA Screening Form) used for all admissions does take into consideration the residents own views with respect to his or her own safety. During the on-site portion of the audit, all of the residents resided in single occupancy rooms. As a result, the PREA Auditor determined there was plenty of space to safely house and program juvenile residents.

115.342 (g) All residents shower separately from other youth and from the direct observation of staff. This practice would allow transgender and intersex residents the opportunity to shower separately from other residents. During the facility tours The PREA Auditor observed the shower rooms in each residential living area. The shower areas are private and the shower practice and protocols are also. All direct care staff and residents, in individual interviews, explained the same shower process that afforded privacy to the resident showering. All youth shower separately from other residents.

115.342 (h) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy requires the staff document any student isolation or separation including

1. The basis for the facilities concern for the residents safety.
2. The reason why no alternative means of separation can be arranged.

115.342 (i) According to the Superintendent and the supervisory staff, in a case of a resident that is isolated as a last resort when less restrictive measures were inadequate the facility staff would review the need for continued separation from others on a weekly basis (meeting the maximum 30-day standard). Each of the facility management team members confirmed the facility utilizes single rooms and does not use isolation for the protection of residents at risk of sexual victimization. As a result, the facility meets the intent of this standard.

Based on the information learned in the interviews, document reviews, and the observations of the auditor, St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center is in compliance with standard 115.342 (a - i).

Corrective Action Findings: None

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.

Documents reviewed included:

PAQ

St. Louis County Detention Center Policy #17 PREA

St. Louis County Detention Center Policy #7 Residents Rights- Grievances

PREA Resident Curriculum

Resident Grievance Form

Universal Manual for Youth

Sexual Abuse and Assault Brochure

Detention Center Brochure

JDC Parent Handbook

Interviews included:

PREA Manager

Superintendent

Intake Staff

Random Residents

Site Review / Observations:

Intake assessment and orientation area.

Facility Tour

Informal conversations with staff and residents

115.351 (a) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center provides multiple internal ways for residents to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment, retaliation by other residents or staff including staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents. The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy (page 14 section "Resident Reporting") lists the following options to report:

- Report to any staff (Verbal or in writing using the grievance procedures or other means)
- Report to a third party (policy allows third parties to assist residents in making reports)
- Report in writing
- Report verbally
- Reporting anonymously is permitted
- Reporting staff misconduct without having to first attempt to resolve the complaint with any detention staff.

The PREA Auditor observed posters with the hotline phone number in areas residents had access to. The PREA Auditor tested phone number and confirmed the number provided access to confidential resources outside the facility. The areas where the posters were present included living units, classrooms, hallways recreation and dining areas. Also observed were numerous grievance boxes where youth could put a note asking to speak with someone. The boxes are on each living unit and are locked. As a result, staff and other residents should not know the nature of the receptacle being used, that a resident is reporting a sexual abuse or sexual harassment.

In Random resident interviews, 16 o 16 youth could explain at least 3 of the 6 ways to report sexual abuse and/or harassment. 16 o 16 explained they would tell a trusted staff or a member of their family.

115.351 (b) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center provides at least one way for residents to report sexual abuse or harassment accepts verbal and written reports made anonymously or by third parties and promptly documents verbal reports. Page 15 "Other Reporting" lists reporting avenues for residents to report anonymously and to Third Parties. 12 of 12 random staff responded they believed they could report in more than one way. Per Anonymous and third party reports may be submitted to The Child Abuse Hotline 1 (800) 392-3738. This number was observed posted throughout the facility. This phone number was tested and confirmed by The PREA Auditor. The hotline operator confirmed the Hotline abuse and neglect procedures for taking and processing a call from the County Juvenile Detention Center. The Hotline is available 7 days per week and 24 hours per day. Anonymous calls are accepted.

16 of 16 residents gave examples of "how" they would report to a Third Party. Responses included call the Hotline using the phone in the living unit, write on a grievance form, tell their lawyer during a visit, and tell a trusted staff member.

The St. Louis Juvenile Detention Center does not detain residents solely for the civil immigration purposes.

115.351(c) In accordance with St. Louis County Detention Center Policy #17 (page 15), any staff member shall accept reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment from a detained juvenile or a third party, whether verbally or in writing, and shall promptly document any verbal reports. This was evident in the staff and resident responses during the in-person interviews. When asked about documenting verbal reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment all of the non-supervisory staff responded that they would immediately share the report with their supervisor and once the residents had been determined safe (i.e. separated from the alleged aggressor and free from retaliation) the staff would document what they were initially told. Detention administrators also confirmed the process for accepting allegations from residents as well as third parties.

115.351 (d) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center provides residents access to grievance forms and writing instruments to privately make a written report. The PREA Auditor observed grievance forms available and all of the residents reported

	<p>access to writing instruments. In interviews 16 of 16 residents reported that they believed they could file a confidential grievance or allegation of sexual abuse or harassment.</p> <p>The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center staff can submit reports of allegations of sexual abuse or harassment of residents by submitting a report to the Detention Center administrators and by call the Child Abuse Hotline. The staff interviews revealed the staff understand the multiple reporting avenues they have and what the expectations are.</p> <p>115.351 (e) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center has established procedures for staff to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment of residents. The procedures are listed on page 14 of Policy #17. During staff interviews all interviewees gave the posted hotline phone number as an example of a way to privately and confidentially report. Staff also discussed learning the process in their initial PREA training.</p> <p>Note - the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center does a good job protecting confidential information. This includes electronic forms used for intake screening as well as protecting written communication (ie - grievances) between residents and staff.</p> <p>Based on the information learned in the resident and staff interviews, document reviews, and the observed facility postings, the facility meets the requirements of standard 115.351 (a - e).</p> <p>Corrective Action: None</p>
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115.352	Exhaustion of administrative remedies
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision:</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis County Policy #17 PREA St. Louis County Policy #7 Resident Grievance Procedure St. Louis County Policy #2 Reporting Child Abuse/Neglect Resident Handbook</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>PREA Manager Superintendent Random Residents</p>

Random Staff

Site Review / Observations:

Resident living areas to see PREA signage and grievance boxes
Lobby and visiting area to see Third Party reporting information

Provisions:

115.352 (a) This standard does apply to St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center because the facility does have administrative procedures to address resident grievances regarding sexual abuse and harassment. The PREA Auditor confirmed through a review of facility policies, the Resident Handbook, and interviews that grievances regarding sexual abuse and harassment are immediately treated as a PREA allegation and the appropriate steps of reporting and follow up are implemented. The PREA Compliance Manager was asked, "What would happen if a written grievance, related to sexual abuse or harassment, was found in a grievance box?" Her reply was, "we would treat it like any other PREA allegation."

115.352 (b) The PREA Auditor found no evidence of timelines or restrictions on grievances for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment. Per policy and found in staff and resident interviews, youth are not required to use any particular reporting manner (i.e. informal grievance, internal problem solving, or making it mandatory to address the staff they are reporting). A review of the resident rights, Resident Handbook, and Grievance Policy showed no evidence of limiting their legal reporting rights of a juvenile in the County Detention center.

115.352 (c) In accordance with St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center policy and as confirmed in the resident and staff interviews:

A resident who alleges sexual abuse may submit a grievance without submitting it to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint. Page 14 of Policy #17 states, "Reports shall not be submitted to or referred to staff members who are the subject of a complaint nor shall residents be required to first attempt to resolve their compliant informally with any detention staff."

16 of 16 residents confirmed they could file a complaint against a staff members without the grievance going to the staff in question. The PREA Auditor received responses such as;

- I would tell my Mom
- I would tell my attorney
- I would tell the supervisor
- I would tell (trusted staff name)

115.352 (d)

1. All grievances and allegations related to sexual abuse and harassment are referred to the local law enforcement for criminal investigations. The Out of Home Investigations (OHI) or Children's Division may conduct the administrative

investigations. During a telephone conversation, the agencies staff acknowledged the expected PREA guidelines and said they complete their portion of the investigation as soon as possible. This would allow St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center to issue a final agency decision on the merits of any portion of a grievance alleging sexual abuse within 90 days of the initial filing of the grievance.

2. The St. Louis Juvenile County Detention Center PREA Manager acknowledged that if they determined that the 90-day timeframe is insufficient they would refer to the PREA standards and make an appropriate decision and claim an extension of time and notify the resident in writing of any such extension and provide a date by which a decision will be made.

3. Although unlikely, if all of the time limits of 1 and 2 of this section (d) are exhausted and the resident does not receive a written response the youth could contact their lawyer, guardian, Deputy Juvenile Officer, or Child Abuse Hotline.

115.352 (e) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center accepts verbal and written reports made anonymously or by third parties and promptly documents verbal reports. The PREA Auditor observed Third Party reporting information in the public entrance to the Juvenile Detention Center.

According to St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 (page 14), verbal reports received residents, anonymous reports and from third party reports shall be received and documented.

The Superintendent, PREA Manager, and Supervisors explained, third parties are permitted to file such requests on behalf of residents.

If a resident were to decline to have a third-party request processed on his or her behalf, the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center staff would document the resident's decision.

St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center accepts third party allegations and grievances from anyone, this includes the parent or legal guardian of a juvenile. the facility does not require such a grievance be conditioned on the juvenile agreeing to having the request filed on his/her behalf.

The Agency Head and Superintendent made it clear all allegations of sexual abuse and harassment are taken seriously and followed up per PREA standards. No grievances would be conditioned upon the juvenile agreeing to have a request filed on his behalf.

115.352 (f)

St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center has confidential grievance boxes and has an open-door policy to the Supervisors office. The PREA Auditor observed residents using this avenue to talk to a Shift Supervisor in private. If a resident informally asked to speak with Superintendent, he would stop what he was doing and speak

with the youth. Additionally, a resident can call the Child Abuse Hotline at any time. These procedures meet the standard of having an established procedure for the filing of an emergency grievance alleging that a resident is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse.

The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center's administrators maintain constant communication with the direct care staff, supervisors and residents. Any grievance or complaint alleging a resident is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, in accordance with Policy #17 page 14 section Staff Reporting, the matter would be immediately reviewed at the highest level of the Detention Administration and forwarded to the Clayton Police Department and the Children's Division for investigative processing.

After receiving an emergency grievance, either the Superintendent or PREA Manager would provide an initial response within 48 hours.

The same Juvenile Detention Center Administrators (Superintendent and PREA Manager) are responsible for providing a final agency decision within five calendar days.

Because the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center does not conduct any investigations and any grievance related to sexual abuse and harassment would be turned over to the authorities (Children's Division, OHI, local law enforcement), they could be considered exempt from the standards listed in #5,6, and 7 of this section. However, the policy does address emergency grievances alleging that a resident is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse would be reviewed for immediate corrective action. The Superintendent, Director of Family & Clinical Services / PREA Manager, and Supervisors did place a high level of priority related to appropriately communicating with residents on all resident safety concerns. This was observed by The PREA Auditor while on the facility tour and while on site conducting interviews and observing overall operations. Staff were constantly talking with the residents, not just talking at them. Administrators and Supervisors had a positive rapport with both the students and direct care staff.

115.352 (g) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center may discipline a resident for filing a grievance related to alleged sexual abuse if the resident filed the grievance in bad faith. The PREA Auditor found no grievances filed over the past 12 months alleging sexual abuse or harassment.

Throughout facility staff interviews, outside agency interviews, and document reviews The PREA Auditor found zero grievances filed for the purpose of reporting sexual abuse or harassment. In the interviews the residents all reported feeling safe at the facility and that they could file an allegation without fear of retaliation. The random staff interviews revealed the staff were aware of the resident and third party grievance procedures. The grievance procedure (Policy #7, page 2, #4) includes avenues for filing an appeal.

As a result of the auditor observations while on campus, reviews of resident grievances, and interviews of staff and residents this auditor has determined the facility meets the requirements of standard 115.352 (a -

	<p>g).</p> <p>Corrective Action Findings: None</p>
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115.353	Resident access to outside confidential support services and legal representation
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 - PREA St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #7 - Grievance St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #8 - Communications MOU between Children's Advocacy Centers and Family Court of St. Louis County. MDT Protocol PREA Brochure PREA Posters Facility Schematics Resident PREA Curriculum E-mail regarding Confidential Access to Outside Support JDC Parent Handbook</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>Superintendent Intake Staff Supervisory Staff Random Residents Children's Advocacy Services Representative</p> <p>Site Review / Observations:</p> <p>Telephone locations and resident ability to make confidential calls. Rooms provided for confidential resident meetings with lawyers, advocates, and parents</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.353 (a) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy outlines how all residents have access to outside confidential support services related to sexual abuse and harassment. The facility provides information through living unit and common area building postings that include mailing addresses and telephone</p>

numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available, of local, State, or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations. 16 of 16 residents interviewed confirmed they believed a call to outside support services would be private and confidential. When interviewed, the residents confirmed they could ask for privacy when speaking with their attorney or an outside advocacy service. 10 random staff and 3 administrative staff interviewed confirmed residents were provided private and confidential phone calls upon request.

The PREA Auditor observed and called to confirm the following phone number posted in the resident living areas, dining room, and classrooms- Missouri Child Abuse and Neglect Hotline 1-800-392-3738

The facility also provides residents with information about outside victim advocates for emotional support services by giving the residents brochures for the Child Abuse and Neglect Hotline. The brochure does not include a mailing address for residents to correspond by mail. The PREA Auditor called the phone number on the brochure and spoke to a hotline staff about the confidential services offered to callers. Hotline staff Nancy (ID#34074) reported no calls on record from the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center in the past 12 months.

The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center does not provide services for youth detained solely for civil immigration purposes, therefore no postings or brochures include contact information for immigration services.

115. 353 (b) 16 of 16 residents reported during their interviews that upon admission they received information on how to access outside confidential support services and that they believed they could make confidential calls upon request. 16 of 16 residents, one intake staff, and the PREA Manager confirmed the residents are informed of the mandatory reporting rules, governing privacy, confidentiality, and/or privilege that apply to disclosures of sexual abuse made to outside victim advocates, including any limits to confidentiality under relevant Federal, State, or local law.

The PREA Auditor observed the PREA posters with toll free numbers to access confidential support services. The PREA Auditor tested the phone numbers and confirmed the process was established and working. 12 of 12 random staff and 3 of 3 administrative staff confirmed in their respective interviews that the resident phone calls could be made in a confidential manner upon request.

115.353 (c) The Children's Advocacy Services of Greater St. Louis provides the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center residents with confidential emotional support services related to sexual abuse and harassment. Services are free of charge and can be provided in person or by phone. The PREA Auditor confirmed the services are available and applicable to PREA Standard 115.353 by internet research and calling and speaking with Children's Advocacy Services representatives. An MOU between Children's Advocacy Services of Greater St. Louis and Family Court of St. Louis County confirmed compliance with this provision.

115.353 (d) In accordance with Policy Section #7 page 1 and Section #8 page 1, the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center does provide residents with

	<p>reasonable and confidential access to their attorneys or legal representation, parents, and legal guardians. Residents are informed of this right upon admission. Intake staff explained residents are verbally told to request a call or meeting. The Resident Handbook explains the residents have a right to visit in private with their lawyer. In-person visits from parents and legal guardians were observed during the on-site portion of the PREA Audit. In the interviews 16 of 16 residents all reported feeling safe at the Juvenile Detention Center and that they could make confidential contact with legal representatives or other outside service resources to receive emotional support services as needed.</p> <p>The documentation reviewed, information received through interviews, and what was observed on tour of the facility led the PREA Auditor to determine the facility meets the requirements of standard 115.353 (a - d).</p> <p>Corrective Action Findings: None</p>
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115.354	Third-party reporting
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>PAQ St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 - PREA PREA Posters Sexual Abuse and Assault Brochure Juvenile Detention Center Brochure</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>PREA Manager Random Residents Random Staff</p> <p>Site Review / Observations:</p> <p>Facility postings Facility web site PREA related content</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.354 (a) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Policy Section 17 (page 14) describes the procedures for to receive and for making a 3rd party report of sexual</p>

	<p>abuse and harassment on behalf of a youth. The policy describes the procedure of receiving PREA allegations in writing, verbally, or anonymously from Legal Counsel, Parents, and Guardians. The Juvenile Detention Center "What to Know About Sexual Abuse and Assault" provides an explanation on how to make third-party reports of resident sexual abuse or sexual harassment.</p> <p>Random staff interviews revealed the staff are aware of the Third Party reporting expectations. 12 of 12 staff reported they would accept a Third-Party report and follow the facility procedures. The staff were given a scenario to determine their ability to apply PREA Standards. The scenario was as follows:</p> <p><i>Following a visit with his grandson and grandfather asks to speak to you. When you two are away from everyone else, he tells you his grandson reported to him that he was being sexually abused in the facility. What would you do?</i></p> <p>Each of the staff interviewed adequately applied the PREA Standards to the scenario.</p> <p>During their interviews, all of the residents explained there was someone outside the facility they could report an allegation of sexual abuse or sexual harassment.</p> <p>When contacted by The PREA Auditor, the Hotline staff explained they would accept a Third-Party report of sexual abuse or harassment.</p> <p>The PREA Auditor observed the posting of the 3rd party reporting procedure posted on wall hangings in the visitor entrance to the facility. Also, the Juvenile Detention Center Brochure explains, "Anyone can report concerns including third parties such as other youth, family members, attorneys and advocates."</p> <p>Through gathering information in interviews, observing the on-site wall hangings, and reviewing related policies it was determined the facility meets the standards listed in 114.354.</p> <p>Corrective Action Findings: None</p>
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115.361	Staff and agency reporting duties
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>PAQ St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 - PREA</p>

Human Resources Policy Part VI - Section C: Disciplinary Articles
St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy Section #2 - Reporting Child Abuse
PREA Posters

Interviews included:

PREA Compliance Coordinator
Random Residents
Random Staff
Hotline Representative
Intake Staff

Site Review / Observations:

Facility Postings

Provisions:

115.361 (a & b) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #2 page 2 clearly states, as mandated reporters of child abuse and neglect, all Detention Center staff shall immediately report suspected or observed child maltreatment..." Furthermore, Policy #17 page 8, the St. Louis County Family Court Juvenile Detention Center staff shall immediately report any knowledge, suspicion or information they receive regarding an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment." The same policy section describes the process staff must follow when staff have knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding retaliation against residents or staff who reported an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. The policy the sentence, "require all staff to report immediately." Policy #2, page 1, Reporting Child Abuse/Neglect states, "all employees of the St. Louis County Family Court Juvenile Detention Center are mandated reporters of abuse and neglect." Section 2, page 1, #1 describes how the agency requires all staff to comply with the applicable mandatory child abuse reporting laws. The applicable law referenced is 210.115.1 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Missouri.

115.361 (c) Apart from reporting to designated supervisors or officials and designated State or local services agencies, according to the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center policy staff are prohibited from revealing any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary, as specified in agency policy, to make treatment, investigation, and other security and management decisions. Policy #17 page 16 states, "Staff is prohibited from revealing any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary to make treatment, investigation, and other security and management decisions."

115.361 (d) The County Juvenile Detention Center does have both medical and mental health staff. Through interviews, The PREA Auditor learned both the mental health and medical practitioners understand they are required to report sexual abuse to designated supervisors and officials pursuant to paragraph (a) of this

	<p>section as well as to the designated State or local services agency where required by mandatory reporting laws. The medical staff and the mental health practitioner interviewed reported they are required to inform residents of their duty to report, and the limitations of confidentiality, at the initiation of services.</p> <p>115.361 (e) In accordance with Policy #2 page 1, upon receiving any allegation of sexual abuse or neglect, the Chief Juvenile Officer or designee shall call the Child Abuse Hotline. In addition, the facility head shall promptly notify the alleged victim's parents or legal guardians and his or her attorney and Court caseworker. If the juvenile court retains jurisdiction of the alleged victim the assigned court representative is notified by the facility Superintendent. Though the PREA Audit interview process, The PREA Auditor learned the Superintendent and PREA Compliance Coordinator have a good understanding of the reporting processes.</p> <p>115.361 (f) In the past 12 months, there was one allegations of sexual abuse that required a call to the investigative authorities. A review of the investigative file showed the incident was handled in accordance with PREA Standards. Furthermore, interviews of key staff and a review of related policy demonstrate the facility is aware of the requirements to immediately report all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including third party anonymous reports, to the local law enforcement .</p> <p>Based on the information found through documentation reviews, interviews, and facility postings the facility meets the requirements of standard 115.361 (a-f).</p> <p>Corrective Acton Required: None</p>
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115.362	Agency protection duties
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>PAQ St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>PREA Compliance Coordinator Agency Head Superintendent Random Residents</p>

	<p>Random Staff</p> <p>Site Review / Observations:</p> <p>Facility Postings</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.362 (a) Interviews of random staff as well as administrators revealed 12 of 12 random staff of St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center staff understand that when anyone learns that a resident is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, they must take immediate action to protect the resident. The Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 page 17 - Protection supports this standard (115.362).</p> <p>All staff interviewed discussed separating a resident that was at risk. Because the facility does not utilize isolation the separation procedures shared by staff included changing room assignments so alleged victims and perpetrators would be on separate living units and providing one on one supervision to both individuals. If the alleged perpetrator is a staff, he/she would be suspended from working directly with the residents until the investigation is complete. The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention process removes the person (staff or resident) who is causing the imminent risk of sexual abuse or harassment. During resident interviews the residents expressed trust in the facility reporting and response process. In interviews staff were able to explain the process of receiving a report, making a report, separating the alleged victim from the perpetrator, protecting evidence, and documenting everything.</p> <p>In addition, answers provided in individual interviews of administrators such as the Agency Head, Superintendent, and PREA Compliance Coordinator demonstrated the Juvenile Detention Center's management team knowledge of provision 115.362.</p> <p>Based on information received from interviews, documentation reviews, and public postings, the facility meets the requirements of standard 115.362.</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.363	Reporting to other confinement facilities
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision:</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p>

	<p>PAQ St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center PREA Policy</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>PREA Compliance Coordinator Superintendent Random Staff Agency Head</p> <p>Site Review / Observations: None</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.363 (a - b) During his interview the Superintendent explained that upon receiving an allegation that a resident was sexually abused while confined at another facility, he would immediately pick up the phone and notify the head of the facility or appropriate office of the agency where the alleged abuse allegedly occurred and then call the hotline. During interviews of the administrative staff of the facility all interviewees reported there had not been any such report during the past 12 months. None of the staff interviewed could recall an incident where this notification procedure was necessary.</p> <p>115.363 (c) the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center intake documents and logs were complete when reviewed by the PREA Auditor. There was no evidence of documentation that abuse allegations related to other facilities were made and there were no allegations of abuse or harassment reported at the facility in the past 12 months</p> <p>115.363 (d) Members of the management team including the PREA Compliance Coordinator, Superintendent, and Chief Juvenile Officer explained their knowledge of the reporting requirements related to sexual abuse and harassment. They all made it clear they would report any allegation and make sure the report was investigated in accordance with all PREA standards.</p> <p>Based on the review of available documentation and interviews of the administrators and various direct care staff the facility was determined to be in compliance with the requirements of standard 115.363 (a-d).</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.364	Staff first responder duties
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance

	<p>decision:</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>PAQ St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center PREA Policy Coordinated First Responder Plan</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>PREA Compliance Coordinator Random Staff First Responder Staff Random Residents</p> <p>Site Review / Observations: None</p> <p>115.364 (a) According to the PREA Training for the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center, upon learning of an allegation that a resident was sexually abused, the first staff member to respond to the report is required to separate the alleged victim and abuser and then preserve and protect the crime scene. Upon learning of an allegation that a resident was sexually abused, the first staff member to respond to the report is required to separate the alleged victim and abuser; protect the crime scene until the proper authorities arrive; request that the alleged victim and abuser do not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence, including but not limited to washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking or eating.</p> <p>The above practices are supported in both policy and staff training materials. This was further supported in the First Responder interviews where 12 of 12 randomly selected first responder staff responded in support of the appropriate practices.</p> <p>115.364 (b) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center staff are all trained to respond in the same manner. All responders are trained to separate the alleged victim from imminent risk, request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence and then report the incident per policy.</p> <p>The evidence used to determine compliance with this standard was the PREA policy review, staff training curriculum review, and first responder staff interviews. The facility meets the requirements of standard 115.364.</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.365	Coordinated response
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	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision:</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis City Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 - PREA Coordinated First Responder Plan</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>Superintendent PREA Compliance Coordinator Random Staff First Responder Staff</p> <p>Site Review / Observations:</p> <p>None</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.365 (a) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Coordinated First Responder Plan provides specific guidelines for a staff's response to allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The plan includes each position's role and specific action they are expected to take including first responders, mental health staff, administrators, and leadership.</p> <p>The PREA Compliance Coordinator explained the facilities coordinated response plan. In interviews, the Superintendent, random staff and First Responders could appropriately explain the process.</p> <p>Based on the interview responses received and the documentation reviewed, the facility was determined to meet the requirements of standard 155.365.</p> <p>Corrective Action: None</p>

115.366	Preservation of ability to protect residents from contact with abusers
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion

	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Policy #17- PREA</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>Agency Head Superintendent</p> <p>Site Review / Observations: None</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.366 (a) There are no agreements in place that would prohibit the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center from removing staff alleged to be involved in sexual abuse or sexual harassment. Juvenile Detention Center policy states alleged sexual abusers or harassers can be removed from contact with residents pending investigations and/or final outcomes, including discipline that is warranted, related to allegations of sexual abuse and harassment.</p> <p>Interviews of the Superintendent, PREA Compliance Coordinator, Human Resources Coordinator, and Random Staff provided no evidence that the facility participates in a collective bargaining processes that would limit PREA compliance.</p> <p>115.366 (b) The auditor is not required to audit this provision.</p> <p>Through staff interviews and file audits, The PREA Auditor determined the facility meets the requirements of standard 115.366.</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.367	Agency protection against retaliation
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 - PREA PAQ Staff files</p>

Interviews included:

Superintendent
Assistant Director of Detention
Agency Head
Random Staff
Staff Designated to Monitor for Retaliation

Site Review / Observations: None

115.367 (a) The County Juvenile Detention Center has a policy (Policy #17 , page 17) that calls for designated staff provide protection against retaliation to protect all residents and staff who report sexual abuse or sexual harassment or cooperate with sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations from retaliation by other residents or staff. The Superintendent is the staff designated to monitoring retaliation against staff or residents that report sexual abuse or harassment.

Staff members designated as responsible for monitoring retaliation were Superintendent, Assistant Director, and Director of Family & Clinical Services / PREA Compliance Coordinator. Line staff are also taken with monitoring for retaliation.

115.367 (b) The agency employs multiple protection measures for staff and residents that fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment. Measures include housing transfers, removal of alleged abuser from contact with the alleged victim, and emotional support services, for youth or staff who fear retaliation. During the on-site audit, the PREA Auditor asked the supervisory staff what reasons would necessitate the movement of residents from one hallway to another. The Superintendent explained how the staff would discuss and agree on room moves to avoid incidents based on disagreements between peers. This was not sexual abuse or sexual harassment related; however, it was a demonstration that the facility did implement proactive protection/intervention measures to avoid negative incidents among the residents.

115.367(c,,d, e) Detention Administration is responsible for protecting staff and residents who report sexual abuse and sexual harassment. In accordance with facility policy (#17, page 17 Protection against Retaliation) for at least 90 days (or until when the allegation is unfounded): the designated Coordinator (Superintendent, Assistant Director, or PREA Compliance Coordinator) is tasked with protecting residents from retaliation. The person charged with monitoring the staff and residents for signs of retaliation including items such as disciplinary reports, housing or program changes, staff reassignments, and negative performance reviews. This Superintendent, Assistant Director, and PREA Compliance Coordinator are expected to conduct periodic status checks on the alleged victim and act promptly to remedy any retaliation.

Interviews of the key staff designated as those responsible for monitoring for retaliation resulted in the individuals interviewed being able to explain measures they would employ to protect residents.

The PREA Auditor found no evidence that showed non-compliance with this

	<p>standard.</p> <p>As a result of the evidence considered (interviews, policy review, and staff file reviews), the facility meets the requirements of this standard 115.367 (a-e).</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.368	Post-allegation protective custody
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy PAQ Facility Schematic Incident reports</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>Superintendent PREA Compliance Coordinator Medical and Mental Health Staff Random Staff Random Residents</p> <p>Site Review / Observations:</p> <p>Campus tour</p> <p>115.368 (a) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center does not have or implement the use of segregated housing to protect a resident who is alleged to have suffered sexual abuse subject to the requirements of § 115.342. As observed on the facility tour, the facility does not utilize segregated housing in the living units.</p> <p>As reported on the PAQ, given as responses during staff and student interviews, and discovered during living unit log reviews; In the past 12 months the number of residents who allege to have suffered sexual abuse who were placed in isolation is zero. The number of residents who allege to have suffered sexual abuse who were placed in isolation who have been denied daily access to large muscle exercise, and/or legally required education, or special education services is zero. As a result, the</p>

	<p>average period of time residents who allege to have suffered sexual abuse who were held in isolation to protect them from sexual victimization is zero.</p> <p>Evidence considered in making a compliance decision included the following: Documentation reviewed to determine compliance included incident reports and resident case files to determine if isolation is used at all at the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center. Interviews included administrators, random staff, and residents. Observations included each building on campus to determine if there was an isolation area. The PREA Auditor could not find evidence that isolation is used at the facility.</p> <p>As a result of the evidence considered from interviews, document reviews and a facility tour the facility meets the requirements of standard 115.368.</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.371	Criminal and administrative agency investigations
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 - PREA Staff Files Investigation Documentation</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>Superintendent PREA Coordinator Random Staff Clinical Director</p> <p>Site Review / Observations:</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.371 (a) When interviewed the PREA Coordinator and the Superintendent explained that when an allegation is made, they first ensure the alleged residents involved are safe and the potential crime scene is not disturbed. They then call the Hotline and the Clayton Police as soon as possible. When asked specifically how long it takes to initiate an investigation the PREA Coordinator replied, "immediately."</p>

At the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center, the investigating authorities are the local law enforcement for criminal and administrative investigations. Both the PREA Coordinator and the Superintendent said anonymous or third-party allegations would not be treated any different than any other allegation of sexual abuse or harassment. There were no investigation documents to review because there were no allegations of sexual abuse reported in the past 12 months.

115.371 (b & c) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center refers all investigations related to sexual abuse and sexual harassment to the local law enforcement. When contracted by The PREA Auditor the Clayton Police Detective confirmed the departments investigative responsibilities at St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center. From discussions with the police department representatives, the PREA Auditor was able to confirm the investigation process includes;

- Investigators are required to stay current on sexual assault training techniques and relevant information.
- Training includes:
 - Techniques for interviewing juvenile sexual abuse victims.
 - Proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings.
 - Sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings.
- The criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative or prosecution referral.
- The investigation process, including gathering of evidence. Investigation relate to juveniles are initiated immediately upon receiving a report.
- Third party or anonymous reports of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are not handled any different.
- The Prosecuting Attorney's office is consulted throughout all investigations in case prosecutions are the end result of the investigations.

During an interview of the Cardinal Glennon Children's Hospital SANE certified nurse and Unit Supervisor, she explained they work closely with the investigators from the Police Department during sexual abuse investigations involving juveniles. This includes training the investigators on evidence preservation and collaborating on individual cases involving alleged sexual assault.

115.371(d) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center management (Superintendent, Supervisors, and PREA Coordinator) reported in separate interviews that the facility administrators would refrain from terminating an investigation solely because the source of the allegation recants the allegation, or the alleged abuser or victim departs from the facility. Because the facility did have one investigations reported in the past 12 months, the PREA Auditor could ascertain compliance with this provision.

Additionally, the police department does not terminate investigations solely because the source of the allegation recants the allegation.

115.371 (e) The facility reported one allegation of sexual abuse, therefore there

was one investigation for the auditor to review. The July 2024 incident was followed up in accordance with PREA Standards.

The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center management staff did report they would do nothing related to an on-going investigation unless it was pre-approved or requested by the investigating agency (local law enforcement). This would include compelling interviews. Prior to taking steps that will be included in a criminal prosecution, the police department consults the Prosecuting Attorney's Office throughout all sexual assault investigations. This constant communication allows the investigators to receive consultation on processes such as whether to conduct compelled interviews.

115.371 (f) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center accepts all allegations of abuse or harassment regardless of the credibility of an alleged victim, suspect, or witness on an individual basis and not on the basis of that individual's status as resident or staff. All allegations are submitted to Hotline and forwarded to the local law enforcement. When interviewed, the Superintendent confirmed the facility does not judge the person or the allegations, nor require a polygraph or other truth telling device as a condition for proceeding. He stated they immediately would forward all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to the proper authorities as listed in facility policy.

115.371 (g) In accordance with Policy 17 page 19, Post Incident Review, "Detention Administration conducts an incident review preferably within 30 days of the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation (unless determined unfounded). The purpose of the review is to identify the cause of the sexual abuse incident and whether a change in policy, practice, or operations would serve to reduce the likelihood of a re-occurrence. A review team is assembled for this purpose shall prepare a report of its findings and recommendations."

115.371 (h) The PREA Auditor was able to determine compliance as to whether criminal investigations were documented in a written report that contains a thorough description of the physical, testimonial, and documentary evidence and attaches copies of all documentary evidence where feasible. The one incident, from July 2024, was reported, documented and investigated in accordance with PREA Standards.

115.371 (i) In accordance with St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center policy all criminal investigations are referred to the local law enforcement. Any determination to pursue prosecution is determined by the Prosecuting Attorney's office.

115.371 (j) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center PREA Coordinator reported that in the case of investigations such as those referenced in

115.371(g) and (h) they would retain those files as long as the abuser is incarcerated or employed plus five years unless the abuse was committed by a **juvenile resident an applicable law requires a shorter period of retention.**

115.371 (k) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center does not conduct sexual abuse investigations, therefore has no control on the progress or outcome. As

	<p>confirmed in a Clayton Police Representative interview, the Police do not terminate an investigation based on the departure of an alleged abuser or victim from the employment at the facility.</p> <p>115.371 (l) Auditor is not required to audit this provision.</p> <p>115.371. (m) Administrative staff interviewed, and facility policy confirmed the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center staff would cooperate with outside sexual abuse investigators and endeavor to remain informed about the progress of the investigation as appropriate. 12 of 12 staff confirmed they would participate in the investigation as requested by an outside investigative authority. The Superintendent, PREA Coordinator, and Supervisors all explained that they would fully cooperate with outside agencies investigating sexual abuse and sexual harassment and they would remain involved until the investigation was complete.</p> <p>Based on the documentation reviewed and information learned from facility staff interviews and outside agency interviews the auditor determined St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center to be compliant with standard 115.371 (a-m).</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.372	Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy 17 Children's Advocacy Services of Greater St. Louis Agreement Letter from Clayton Police Department Chief</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>PREA Coordinator Superintendent Agency Head Random Staff Outside Agency Investigative Staff Hospital Forensic Nurse</p> <p>Site Review / Observations: N/A</p>

	<p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.372 (a) 3 of 3 facility administrators (Superintendent, PREA Coordinator, and Agency Head) were interviewed and asked about allegations and investigations. One allegation/incident of sexual abuse was referred out for investigation. The facility response, documentation, and follow up was in accordance with PREA Standards.</p> <p>The St. Louis County Detention Center does not conduct criminal investigations into allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. All investigations are conducted by outside agencies. Once an investigative agency substantiates an allegation of abuse the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center may take disciplinary action against the staff involved. The local law enforcement representative reported the agency shall impose no standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or harassment are substantiated.</p> <p>A review of facility policy, investigation documentation, and interviews with outside agency representatives, the PREA Auditor determined the facility meets the requirements of standard 115.372 (a)</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.373	Reporting to residents
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis City Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 Staff Files Investigation Documentation related to July 2024 Incident Example where staff was suspended and resident was notified</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>PREA Compliance Coordinator Superintendent Random Residents</p> <p>Site Review / Observations: N/A</p> <p>Provisions:</p>

115.373 (a) Policy #17 (page 19 Notice of Conclusion of Investigation) states that upon the conclusion of the investigation, the agency shall request relevant information from the investigative agencies in order to inform the resident whether the allegation was determined substantiated, unsubstantiated or unfounded. following an investigation of sexual abuse and receipt of the investigation agency's finding or findings, the facility shall inform the youth the determined outcome. The Assistant Superintendent or Superintendent are designated point person with outside investigative entities. The designee is responsible for informing a resident as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded.

115.373 (b) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center does not conduct investigations, the agency policy (Policy 17, page 19) on investigations states the facility shall request the information from the investigating agency in order to inform the resident." Because there was one investigation reported during the past 12 months, therefore there was an investigation file to review and determine compliance with PREA Standards. The file reviewed showed compliance.

115.373 (c) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 states that following a resident's allegation that a staff member committed sexual abuse against the resident, the agency shall subsequently inform the resident (unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded) whenever the staff member is indicted, convicted, or transferred from the resident's living unit or from employment at the Juvenile Detention Center.

The PREA Auditor was unable to interview residents who reported sexual abuse because the one case referred out was eleven months before the audit and the resident has since left the facility. 16 of 16 residents interviewed answered "no" when asked if they had, or if they were aware of any other resident that had reported sexual abuse or harassment at St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center.

115.373 (d) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center policy does address this provision on page 20 of Policy #17. It states, "Subject to laws governing confidentiality, the resident shall be informed if and when a resident alleged to have committed the sexual abuse is charged with or is found to have committed the act of sexual abuse."

The facility administration did provide an example of documented proof of resident notification (in accordance with 115.373 (d). The PREA Auditor was unable to interview residents who reported sexual abuse because 16 of the 16 residents interviewed said they were not aware of any allegations of sexual abuse or harassment during their time at the facility.

115.373 (e) The facility administration provided an example of documented proof of resident notifications (in accordance with 115.373 (e).

A review of facility policy, and interviews with facility representatives, the PREA Auditor determined the facility meets the requirements of standard 115.373 (a - e)

Corrective Action Required: None

115.376	Disciplinary sanctions for staff
	<p data-bbox="280 185 983 219">Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="280 264 564 297">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="280 342 1353 421">The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p data-bbox="280 454 770 488">Documents reviewed included:</p> <p data-bbox="280 521 1299 734"> PAQ St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 - PREA Human Resources Policy Manual IV Human Resources Policy - Disciplinary Articles Investigation documents from an incident that led to a staff suspension. </p> <p data-bbox="280 768 604 801">Interviews included:</p> <p data-bbox="280 835 711 992"> Superintendent PREA Coordinator Human Resources Coordinator Random Staff </p> <p data-bbox="280 1037 780 1070">Site Review / Observations: N/A</p> <p data-bbox="280 1104 456 1137">Provisions:</p> <p data-bbox="280 1182 1461 1417"> 115.376 (a) Staff are subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies. Policy #17 page 20 states, "Staff violating the Center's or Court's policies governing sexual abuse or sexual harassment of a resident shall be subject to disciplinary sanctions, put to and including termination of employment , in accordance with the Family Court Human Resources Policy Manual. Section 3: Personnel Management." </p> <p data-bbox="280 1462 1477 1832"> 115.376 (b & c) Policy #17 page 20 states, "Disciplinary sanctions against staff for violations of the agency's policies relative to sexual abuse or sexual harassment (other than actually engaging in sexual abuse) shall be commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by staff with similar histories." Both the Superintendent and PREA Coordinator stated termination was the presumed sanction for a staff person found in violation of policies prohibiting sexual abuse and such conduct will be reported to law enforcement and licensing agencies. </p> <p data-bbox="280 1877 1453 2022"> 115.376 (d) Key staff interviews and St. Louis County Policy #17 showed the administrators and policy were consistent in their approach to employee discipline for violations of the PREA policies. Regardless of staff resignations, staff who would have been terminated would still be reported to law enforcement. </p>

	<p>During the on-site phase of the audit, The PREA Auditor reviewed investigation files that included disciplinary actions. The PREA Auditor reviewed the one incident that was investigated by outside investigators and found the protocols followed and in compliance with PREA Standards.</p> <p>The Human Resources representative reported staff are terminated for violations of the agency's Zero Tolerance Policy.</p> <p>Based on a review of the documentation available and the information learned in staff interviews the facility was determined to be in compliance with Standard 115.376 (a-d)</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.377	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 - PREA Staff Files Volunteer (Practicum) and/or Contractual Provider Cover Letter for Fundamental Practices</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>Human Resources Coordinator PREA Compliance Coordinator Superintendent</p> <p>Site Review / Observations: N/A</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.377 (a) Included in St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center policies (Human Resources and PREA Policy 17 page 20) is language that, "if contractors and volunteers are found to have engaged in sexual abuse or who have violated the Center's or Court's policies governing sexual abuse and sexual harassment of a resident shall be prohibited from having further contact with residents. Where appropriate, their activities shall be reported to law enforcement and/or applicable licensing bodies."</p> <p>During staff interviews with the Supervisors and the Human Resources Director,</p>

	<p>Auditor the PREA Auditor asked the three staff members to explain what they would do if they received an allegation of sexual abuse or sexual harassment by a contractor or volunteer. All three management staff said they would call law enforcement and report the information to the Superintendent and PREA Compliance Coordinator.</p> <p>The one sexual abuse investigation in the past 12 months included a staff suspension and termination (the employee resigned during the investigation).</p> <p>115.377 (b) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center conducts background checks on all employees, volunteers, and contractors before they are permitted to work with residents. If anytime later the same employees, volunteers, and contractors are found to have violated agency sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies they will be prohibited from having further contact with residents.</p> <p>The PREA Auditor did review a current Volunteer (Practicum) and/or Contractual Provider Cover Letter for Fundamental Practices signature page. The document is an attestation on receiving and understanding the PREA training and materials required for volunteers and contractors.</p> <p>Based on the information received and reviewed by the Auditor the facility was found to meet the requirements of standard 115.377 (a-b)</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.378	Interventions and disciplinary sanctions for residents
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 - PREA St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #9 - Rules and Discipline Staff Files Sexual Abuse & Assault Brochure</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>Director of Family and Clinical Services / PREA Compliance Coordinator Intake Staff Superintendent</p> <p>Site Review / Observations: N/A</p>

Provisions:

115.378 (a) Policy #17 page 20 section 10 states, "Residents who have been found, pursuant to a formal disciplinary process, to have engaged in sexual abuse or sexual harassment of another resident shall be subject to disciplinary sanctions in accordance with Section 9: Rules and Discipline. Pending the results of the formal disciplinary process, necessary steps may be taken by Detention Administration's to ensure the continuing safety and security of the Center."

115.378 (b) Youth who have been found to have sexually harmed others is provided the same services as youth who have not. According to the Superintendent and the PREA Compliance Coordinator interviewed, the facility does not practice isolation as a form of punishment, however a resident may need to be moved or transferred from one living unit to another during an investigation. Regardless of their living unit, residents are provided the same rights as other residents including large muscle exercise on a daily basis, educational and special education programming, mental and medical care, and vocational opportunities when appropriate. As a result of there being, in the last 12 months, only one investigated allegation of sexual abuse or sexual harassment, there was one report to review to determine non-compliance with the standard of prohibiting isolation as a sanction for resident-on-resident sexual abuse. The facility was found to have followed the PREA Standards.

115.378 (c) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center PREA Compliance Coordinator also serves as the Director of Family and Clinical Services. During her interactions and interviews with the PRE Auditor she explained how the disciplinary process considers a resident's psychological disabilities and mental diagnosis. The Superintendent also referenced that sanctions should be appropriate to the individual assessed needs of the resident. 1

115.378 (d) Director of Family and Clinical Services / PREA Compliance Coordinator and Intake Staff explained the facility provides supportive counseling and other interventions designed to educate the youth but not intended to correct underlying reasons or motivations for residents to participate in sexual abuse or harassment. The reason for this strategy is related to the short-term length of stay at the Juvenile Detention Center. Starting but not completing treatment could prove harmful instead of helpful. The facility does not require participation in such counseling and interventions as a condition of access to behavior-based incentives or as a condition to access general programming, education services, medical care, or exercise.

115.378 (e) Supervisory staff confirmed that the facility may discipline a resident for sexual contact with a staff only upon a finding that the staff member did not consent to such contact.

115.378 (f) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Sexual Abuse and Assault Brochure states residents cannot get in trouble for filing a grievance. Furthermore, policy states a report of sexual abuse in good faith based upon a reasonable belief that the alleged conduct occurred, even if an investigation does not establish evidence sufficient to substantiate the allegation.

	<p>115.378 (g) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center prohibits sexual contact between residents. All sexual contact is subject to disciplinary action. Policy 9, page 11 #7 d explains the disciplinary process for rule violations. In Random Staff interviews, 12 of 12 total staff selected confirmed sexual contact between residents was prohibited at the facility. They also confirmed they would report all allegations of sexual contact, sexual harassment, and sexual abuse. The outside investigative agencies would determine if sexual conduct was coerced, and a crime was committed.</p> <p>Following a review of the interviews and documents the facility was found to meet the requirements of standard 115.378 (a-g)</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.381	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis City Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 - PREA Resident Record Review - Medical and Mental Health PREA Screening Tools Detention Screening Reports Resident Case Logs Staff Files</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>PREA Compliance Coordinator Medical and Mental Health Staff Intake Staff - Staff Responsible for Screening Random Staff</p> <p>Site Review / Observations: N/A</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.381 (a) When the residents are admitted to the facility they are screened pursuant to § 115.341. According to the intake staff (who are Mental Health staff), Superintendent, and Director of Family and Clinical Services, if the intake screen indicates that a resident has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, the facility ensures that the</p>

resident is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening. The facility reported 100% of the residents in the past year that disclosed prior sexual victimization were offered a follow up meeting with a mental health practitioner. The case logs show follow up with a qualified medical/mental health Practitioner within 14 days of screening. Policy #17 PREA page 13 supports what the staff shared in the interviews when it states, "Residents who have experienced prior sexual victimization as indicated by the screening instrument shall be offered follow-up medical or mental health services within 14 days of the screening."

During interviews of Random Residents, some youth that claimed they had reported prior victimization upon admission to the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center. The PREA Auditor was able to determine if the resident did disclose a prior sexual assault and was offered medical and mental health services the same day she reported. Furthermore, the intake staff and the resident electronic file confirmed the reported incidents were previously reported and followed up.

Through staff interviews, resident interviews, electronic file audits The PREA Auditor was able to determine that the facility was in compliance with 115.381 (a).

115.381 (b) During their staff interviews both the Superintendent and Director of Family and Clinical Services / PREA Compliance Coordinator explained that if the screening pursuant to § 115.341 indicates that a resident has previously perpetrated sexual abuse, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, staff ensure that the resident is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening. This is supported in Policy #17 on page 13 paragraph 2.

The PREA Auditor reviewed resident files, including intake screening and mental health documents, and found no evidence of non-compliance with this standard.

115.381 (c) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center has good controls and security on confidential resident information. The information learned during intake screening remains confidential and only shared with staff involved in security and management decisions, including treatment plans, housing, bed, work, education, and program assignments, or as otherwise required by federal, state, or local law enforcement. Information about prior victimization or if a resident has previously perpetrated sexual abuse, in or out of an institutional setting was shared on a need-to-know basis. Medical and Mental Health staff confirmed they have access to confidential electronic records in their respective areas.

While completing the on-site facility tour and the structured on-site interviews, The PREA Auditor was able to ask what information was shared with whom. No violations of standard 115.381 (c) were observed or discovered during the on-site interviews, file audits, or tour.

115.381 (d) Interviews of the medical and mental health staff showed the medical and mental health practitioners would obtain informed consent from residents before reporting information about sexual victimization that did not occur in an

	<p>institutional setting, unless the resident was under the age of 18. Because the facility is a Juvenile Detention Center, The PREA Auditor confirmed the staff understood they were mandated child abuse reporters. All staff interviewed acknowledged they were mandated child abuse reporters. The PAQ noted that residents that turned 18 years old would normally not continue to be housed at the juvenile facility.</p> <p>Considering all of the findings above, the PREA Auditor found that the facility meets the requirements of Standard 115.381 (a-d)</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.382	Access to emergency medical and mental health services
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 - PREA Medical and Mental Health Secondary Materials No Cost Medical or Mental Health Services</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>PREA Compliance Coordinator Medical and Mental Health Staff SANE Nurse Hotline Representative Intake Staff Random Staff</p> <p>Site Review / Observations: N/A</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.382 (a) According to St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17, Alleged victims of sexual offense shall immediately be separated from the alleged abuser, advised to not destroy evidence, and referred to medical services for medical assessment and/or treatment. Medical staff explained alleged victims of sexual abuse would receive unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services by referral the nature and scope of which are determined by medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgement. If a resident were to make an allegation of victimization, they would be</p>

transported to Cardinal Glennon Hospital or St. Louis Children's Hospital where SANE forensic services are available. A review of the facility medical and mental health documentation process showed compliance with this provision.

115.382 (b) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center does have qualified medical (nursing) staff on duty. If the mental health practitioners are on duty at the time a report of recent sexual abuse is made, staff first responders take preliminary steps to protect the victim pursuant to § 115.362. This was confirmed in the staff interviews. 12 of 12 staff interviewed could explain the initial steps to protect the victim of sexual abuse. 12 of 12 staff also stated they would, upon learning of an allegation or incident, immediately notify their supervisor who would then notify the appropriate medical and mental health practitioners. Supervisors explained they would notify medical and mental health practitioners immediately upon receiving a report from a subordinate.

115.382 (c) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center PREA Policy #17 page 10, states that resident victims of sexual abuse have access to medical and mental health practitioners who can provide medical and mental health assistance including emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services.

In the Superintendents interview, he explained in the event of an incident that was sexual in nature, residents would be immediately transported to the hospital for medical services and offered appropriate and timely information and services. During her interview the hospital SANE nurse confirmed the services would include information on contraception and sexually transmitted infection prophylaxis. Both the SANE Nurse and the Superintendent reported that there were zero allegations of sexual abuse that required medical examination or follow up. The one incident in July 2024 was an alleged bite that did not break the skin or leave a mark. During the on-site portion of the audit there were no residents present who reported abuse at the facility; therefore the PREA Auditor could not ask residents who had reported abuse what information they received or what treatment they were offered after what happened to them.

115.382 (d) During interviews the Superintendent, hospital SANE nurse, and Hotline advocacy representative reported that treatment services for victims of sexual abuse were provided without cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising from the incident. According to St. Louis County No Cost Medical and Mental Health Services document, "All medical and mental health services provide to residents of the juvenile Detention Center are provided at no cost." The document goes on to explain when the residents are enrolled in MoHealthnet upon intake and medical services are performed by the Department of Public Health or billed to Medicaid.

The one incident of sexual abuse that was investigated in 2024 involved an alleged staff to resident kiss and bite. SANE level medical examination or treatment was not applicable. The incident response was followed in accordance with PREA Standards.

Based on the information received through staff interviews and document reviews the facility was found in compliance with standard 115.382 (a-d).

	Corrective Action Required: None
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115.383	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 – PREA St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #14 Health Care Services No Cost Medical and Mental Health Document Electronic resident records</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>Superintendent PREA Compliance Coordinator Medical and Mental Health Staff Intake Staff Random Staff</p> <p>Site Review / Observations:</p> <p>Observation of facility wall postings and brochures</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.383 (a) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center PREA Policy #17, page 12 lists the procedure for screening for risk of sexual victimization and abusiveness. and/or perpetrator to be offered a medical and mental health evaluation and, as appropriate, treatment to all residents who have been victimized by sexual abuse in any prison, jail, lockup, or juvenile facility. Observations while on the facility tour included posters and brochures that residents could access by phone. Information available included toll free, anonymous, and confidential phone numbers included the Hotline number 1 (800) 392-3738.</p> <p>During the interviews of the mental health and medical staff the staff appropriately explained the facility process to follow up and offer services to residents that have been victimized by sexual abuse.</p> <p>115.383 (b) The evaluation and treatment of sexual abuse victims include, as appropriate, follow-up services, treatment plans, and, when necessary, referrals for continued care following their transfer to, or placement in, other facilities, or their release from custody. Resources for residents of St. Louis County Juvenile Detention</p>

	<p>Center include Cardinal Glennon Children’s Hospital, St. Louis Children’s Hospital, Children’s Advocacy Services, and on-site services from facility medical and mental health staff. Because there were no reports of sexual abuse or sexual harassment, The PREA Auditor was unable to interview any residents that had made a report and may need follow up services, etc.</p> <p>115.383 (c) The facility administrators confirmed that the facility provides sexual assault and harassment victims with medical and mental health services consistent with the community level of care. During interviews with the Police and the Hospital Forensic Unit staff a community team and collaborative approach was evident.</p> <p>115.383 (d,e,f) Resident victims of sexually abusive vaginal penetration while incarcerated are offered pregnancy tests at Cardinal Glennon Children's Hospital and/or St. Louis Children’s Hospital as part of the SANE process. The Forensic Unit Supervisor at the hospital confirmed that they offering pregnancy test, providing timely and comprehensive information about and to all lawful pregnancy related medical services, and testing for sexually transmitted infections was part of the protocol used.</p> <p>115.383 (g) According to the facility policy and confirmed during interviews of the Superintendent, Director of Family and Clinical Services, and the Forensic Unit Supervisor at the hospital the residents at St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center are able to receive treatment services without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising from the incident. There was one incident investigated, but did not require a forensic exam. All medical services (an assessment completed by the Nurse) were completed at the facility. The Auditor found no evidence that the resident was charged any fees for any related medical services.</p> <p>115.383 (h) St Louis County Juvenile Detention Center policy states the facility does attempt to conduct a mental health evaluation of all known resident-on-resident abusers when learning of such abuse history and offer treatment when deemed appropriate by mental health practitioners. The Director of Family and Clinical Services was interviewed and confirmed the mental health staff do conduct mental health evaluations and either offer treatment or ensure the resident is provided treatment from an outside resource upon learning of such abuse history.</p> <p>Based on the information received through staff interviews, interviews with medical and mental health staff, facility tours, and file reviews the facility was in compliance with standard 115.383 (a-h).</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.386	Sexual abuse incident reviews
	Auditor Overall Determination: Exceeds Standard
	Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.

Documents reviewed included:

St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 - PREA
Resident Files
Critical Incident Reviews
PREA Review Committee Minutes
PREA Review Committee 2023 Recommendations for Policy/Practice Changes & Status Implementation (dated 04/15/24).
Sexual Abuse Incident Review

Interviews included:

PREA Compliance Coordinator
Superintendent
Local law enforcement
Incident Review Team Members

Observations included: None

Provisions:

115.386 (a & b) In accordance with St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17, page 21, the Detention Administration conducts an incident review preferably within 30 days of the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation (unless determined unfounded).

115.386 (c) The incident review team includes members of upper management who get input from everyone involved including but not limited to; supervisors, investigators, and medical and mental health practitioners. At the St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center upper management positions involved and, on the review, team are the Superintendent, PREA Compliance Coordinator, and the Assistant Director of Detention.

Interviews of the local law enforcement and the Forensic Unit Supervisor at the Hospital confirmed they would participate in any post investigation review. There was one allegation of sexual abuse and related investigation in the past 12 months. A review of the investigation file showed the incident protocols were followed in accordance with facility policy and PREA Standards.

115.386 (d) Interviews of incident review team members indicated that they:

1. Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates a need to change policy or practice to better prevent, detect, or respond to sexual abuse.
2. Consider whether the incident or allegation was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex Identification, status, or perceived status; gang affiliation; or other group

	<p>dynamics at the facility.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Examine the area in the facility where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse. 4. Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts. 5. Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff. 6. Prepare a report of its findings, including but not necessarily limited to determinations made pursuant to §§ 115.386(d)(1) - (d)(5), and any recommendations for improvement and submit such report to the Superintendent and PREA Compliance Coordinator <p>115.386 (e) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 page 21 states incident review committee shall prepare a report of findings and recommendations. Detention Administration shall implement the recommendations or document the reasons for not doing so.</p> <p>Note: The Auditor reviewed PREA Review Committee meeting minutes from 03/07/24, 03/28/24, 04/25/24, and 03/06/25. The minutes were very detailed and exceeded the PREA Standard.</p> <p>The minutes included the following PREA related items/issues:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Incident reviews · Camera system review · Cell phone policy compliance · Staff Dress code · Grievance process · Shower routines · Resident supervision · Policy review <p>The PREA Review Committee 2023 Recommendations for Policy/Practice Changes & Status of Implementation (dated 04/15/24) was reviewed by the PREA Auditor. The document included a list of all recommendations for policy/practice changes recommended by the PREA Review Committee. Each recommendation was given a status of “already implemented, underway, or Ongoing/long term.”</p> <p>The PREA Review Committee and corresponding “Status of Implementation” practice exceeds the expectations of PREA Standard 115.386.</p> <p>Based on the information received through staff interviews, interviews with review team members, facility tours, and policy review the facility was determined to EXCEED compliance with standard 115.386 (a-e).</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.387	Data collection
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.

Documents reviewed included:

St. Louis City Juvenile Detention Center Policy #127- PREA
Survey of Sexual Victimization

Interviews included:

Head of Agency
PREA Compliance Coordinator
Superintendent

Observations included: N/A

Provisions:

115.387 (a) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 adequately addresses Data Collection and Storage on page 21. The "Detention Administration" is listed as responsible for collecting accurate, uniform data for every allegation of sexual abuse using a standardized instrument and set of definitions. The standard instrument used is the Survey of Sexual Victimization. The agency Missouri Division of Youth Services collects data for all DYS facilities.

115.387 (b) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center PREA Compliance Coordinator reported that they would review, collect, aggregate and report all data if the facility had any allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. She acknowledged a review and report should be done at least annually. The facility does maintain records and collect data as needed from all incident-based documents related to all incidents. The facility also has an incident review committee.

115.387 (c) All Missouri Division of Youth Services facilities participated in the most recent version of the Survey of Sexual Violence conducted by the DOJ. Each Superintendent is required to report the minimum data necessary to participate in the survey as necessary.

115.387 (d) The PREA Auditor was able to find and review incident-related documents, but there were none that included investigations and sexual abuse incident reviews. The facility is prepared to collect data as needed from all available incident-based documents, including reports, investigation files, and sexual abuse incident reviews.

115.387 (e) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center is a regional detention center for the Missouri Division of Youth Services. There is no need to obtain incident-based and aggregated data from any private or other facility with which it contracts for the confinement of its residents because they do not contract with any

	<p>other facility for the confinement of its residents.</p> <p>115.387 (f) Upon request, the facility shall provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice no later than June 30.</p> <p>Based on the information received through staff interviews, facility tours, and document reviews the facility was in compliance with standard 115.387 (a-f).</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.388	Data review for corrective action
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 JDC PREA Corrective Assessment Report 2024 PREA Review Committee Policy and Practice Change Recommendations 2023 PREA Review Committee Policy and Practice Change Recommendations 2021 – 2023 OSCA Corrective Action Assessments</p> <p>Interviews included:</p> <p>PREA Compliance Coordinator Superintendent</p> <p>Site Review / Observations:</p> <p>Agency web page: http://www.dss.mo.gov/dys/ Facility web page: wp.stlcourtscourts.com/family-court/family-court-prea-information/</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.388 (a) The PREA Compliance Coordinator, when interviewed, explained that she prepares and reviews data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.387 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Identifying problem areas. The reports on the facility web site and a document titled, "JDC PREA Corrective Assessment Report" was reviewed by The PREA Auditor.</p> <p>115.388 (b) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center did complete an annual report and posted it on the facility web site. The Superintendent stated the facility</p>

	<p>PREA Compliance Coordinator completes the reports, and the facility administration compares the current year's data and corrective actions with those from prior years and provides an assessment of the agency's progress in addressing any past issues related to sexual abuse. The Agency Head explained he reviews the reports before they are posted.</p> <p>115.388 (c) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center did complete an annual report and posted it on the facility web site. In addition, the facility sexual assault and sexual harassment data is submitted to the agency head and aggregated with all DYS youth facilities.</p> <p>115.388 (d) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center does complete annual reports and posts them on the facility web site. The PREA Compliance Coordinator showed the reports do not include specific information that when published would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a facility.</p> <p>Based on a review of the agency web site, a review of policy #17, and interviews of the PREA Compliance Coordinator and Superintendent, the facility was determined to be in compliance with 115.388.</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.389	Data storage, publication, and destruction
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in the making the compliance decision.</p> <p>Documents reviewed included:</p> <p>St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 - PREA Interviews included: PREA Compliance Coordinator</p> <p>Site Review / Observations: Agency web page: http://dss.mo.gov/dys/</p> <p>Provisions:</p> <p>115.389 (a) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center Policy #17 page 21 addresses record keeping and storage. The facility collects and retains sexual abuse and sexual harassment data pursuant to § 115.387. While on tour The PREA Auditor confirmed all records requiring to be stored in a confidential manner are stored in a secure and confidential manner. The County Juvenile Detention Center is implementing electronic records whenever possible. Security for those records is</p>

	<p>managed through a password system and overall network access management.</p> <p>115.389 (b) The facility, through the DYS agency web site and the facilities own web site makes all aggregated sexual abuse data, from facilities under its direct control and private facilities with which it contracts (there were none at the time of the audit), readily available to the public at least annually through the agency website.</p> <p>115.389 (c) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center does a great job collecting, maintaining, and reviewing data. The issue of completing an annual aggregated sexual abuse report was discussed with the Superintendent and PREA Compliance Coordinator. Both individuals stated they understood reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment would have all personal identifiers removed before making aggregated sexual abuse data publicly available. A review of the DYS on-line annual report showed the agency meets this standard.</p> <p>115.389 (d) The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center policy directs sexual abuse documents and data collected pursuant to § 115.387 and securely retained for at least 10 years after the date of the initial collection, unless otherwise required by other applicable laws.</p> <p>Following key staff interviews, annual report reviews, and a review of the agency web site the facility was determined in compliance with 115.389 (a-d).</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.401	Frequency and scope of audits
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>The facility was in compliance with standard 115.401 as a result of the following:</p> <p>115.401 (a & b) The facility was previously audited in accordance with PREA standards. This audit was three years from the last PREA Audit (dated April 23, 2022). In the 2022 Audit there were 42 PREA Standards met and 1 exceeded the standards.</p> <p>115.401 (h) The PREA Auditor had complete access to and ability to observe every area of the facility. The tour included access to all locked doors including living areas, storage areas, kitchen, and activity spaces. Throughout the on-site portion of the entire facility was accessible as requested.</p> <p>115.401 (i) The PREA Auditor was permitted to request and did receive copies of any relevant documents.</p>

	<p>115.401 (m) The PREA Auditor was permitted to conduct private interviews of residents and staff.</p> <p>115.401 (n) A copy of the upcoming audit, with the PREA Auditor 's contact information was posted 6 weeks in advance of the audit allowing residents to send confidential information or correspondence in the same manner as if they were communicating with legal counsel. No correspondence was received.</p> <p>The St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center is in compliance with Standard 115.401 (a,v, h, i, m, n)</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>
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115.403	Audit contents and findings
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p>
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p>
	<p>The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance decision:</p> <p>115.403 (f) St. Louis County Juvenile Detention Center was audited in 2022. The dates of the facility visit was March 8-9, 2022. A Final PREA Audit Report was issued by a certified PREA Auditor on April 23, 2022. The audit confirmed the facility was in compliance with 42 PREA Standards and exceeded one PREA Standard (115.341 Obtaining information from residents).</p> <p>The 2022 report is posted online on the agency and facility website.</p> <p>The facility meets the requirements of standard 115.403 (f).</p> <p>Corrective Action Required: None</p>

Appendix: Provision Findings		
115.311 (a)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator	
	Does the agency have a written policy mandating zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the written policy outline the agency's approach to preventing, detecting, and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
115.311 (b)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator	
	Has the agency employed or designated an agency-wide PREA Coordinator?	yes
	Is the PREA Coordinator position in the upper-level of the agency hierarchy?	yes
	Does the PREA Coordinator have sufficient time and authority to develop, implement, and oversee agency efforts to comply with the PREA standards in all of its facilities?	yes
115.311 (c)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator	
	If this agency operates more than one facility, has each facility designated a PREA compliance manager? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.)	na
	Does the PREA compliance manager have sufficient time and authority to coordinate the facility's efforts to comply with the PREA standards? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.)	yes
115.312 (a)	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of residents	
	If this agency is public and it contracts for the confinement of its residents with private agencies or other entities including other government agencies, has the agency included the entity's obligation to adopt and comply with the PREA standards in any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of residents.)	na
115.312 (b)	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of residents	

	Does any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012 provide for agency contract monitoring to ensure that the contractor is complying with the PREA standards? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of residents OR the response to 115.312(a)-1 is "NO".)	na
115.313 (a)	Supervision and monitoring	
	Does the agency ensure that each facility has developed a staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect residents against sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that each facility has implemented a staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect residents against sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that each facility has documented a staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect residents against sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that each facility's staffing plan takes into consideration the 11 criteria below in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring: The prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated incidents of sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that each facility's staffing plan takes into consideration the 11 criteria below in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring: Generally accepted juvenile detention and correctional/secure residential practices?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that each facility's staffing plan takes into consideration the 11 criteria below in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring: Any judicial findings of inadequacy?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that each facility's staffing plan takes into consideration the 11 criteria below in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring: Any findings of inadequacy from Federal investigative agencies?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that each facility's staffing plan takes into consideration the 11 criteria below in calculating adequate	yes

	staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring: Any findings of inadequacy from internal or external oversight bodies?	
	Does the agency ensure that each facility's staffing plan takes into consideration the 11 criteria below in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring: All components of the facility's physical plant (including "blind-spots" or areas where staff or residents may be isolated)?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that each facility's staffing plan takes into consideration the 11 criteria below in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring: The composition of the resident population?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that each facility's staffing plan takes into consideration the 11 criteria below in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring: The number and placement of supervisory staff?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that each facility's staffing plan takes into consideration the 11 criteria below in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring: Institution programs occurring on a particular shift?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that each facility's staffing plan takes into consideration the 11 criteria below in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring: Any applicable State or local laws, regulations, or standards?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that each facility's staffing plan takes into consideration the 11 criteria below in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring: Any other relevant factors?	yes
115.313 (b)	Supervision and monitoring	
	Does the agency comply with the staffing plan except during limited and discrete exigent circumstances?	yes
	In circumstances where the staffing plan is not complied with, does the facility fully document all deviations from the plan? (N/A if no deviations from staffing plan.)	yes
115.313 (c)	Supervision and monitoring	
	Does the facility maintain staff ratios of a minimum of 1:8 during resident waking hours, except during limited and discrete exigent circumstances? (N/A only until October 1, 2017.)	yes

	Does the facility maintain staff ratios of a minimum of 1:16 during resident sleeping hours, except during limited and discrete exigent circumstances? (N/A only until October 1, 2017.)	yes
	Does the facility fully document any limited and discrete exigent circumstances during which the facility did not maintain staff ratios? (N/A only until October 1, 2017.)	yes
	Does the facility ensure only security staff are included when calculating these ratios? (N/A only until October 1, 2017.)	yes
	Is the facility obligated by law, regulation, or judicial consent decree to maintain the staffing ratios set forth in this paragraph?	no
115.313 (d)	Supervision and monitoring	
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The staffing plan established pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: Prevailing staffing patterns?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The facility's deployment of video monitoring systems and other monitoring technologies?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The resources the facility has available to commit to ensure adherence to the staffing plan?	yes
115.313 (e)	Supervision and monitoring	
	Has the facility implemented a policy and practice of having intermediate-level or higher-level supervisors conduct and document unannounced rounds to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A for non-secure facilities)	yes
	Is this policy and practice implemented for night shifts as well as day shifts? (N/A for non-secure facilities)	yes
	Does the facility have a policy prohibiting staff from alerting other staff members that these supervisory rounds are occurring, unless such announcement is related to the legitimate operational	yes

	functions of the facility? (N/A for non-secure facilities)	
115.315 (a)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from conducting any cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches, except in exigent circumstances or by medical practitioners?	yes
115.315 (b)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from conducting cross-gender pat-down searches in non-exigent circumstances?	yes
115.315 (c)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility document and justify all cross-gender strip searches and cross-gender visual body cavity searches?	yes
	Does the facility document all cross-gender pat-down searches?	yes
115.315 (d)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility implement policies and procedures that enable residents to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks?	yes
	Does the facility require staff of the opposite gender to announce their presence when entering a resident housing unit?	yes
	In facilities (such as group homes) that do not contain discrete housing units, does the facility require staff of the opposite gender to announce their presence when entering an area where residents are likely to be showering, performing bodily functions, or changing clothing? (N/A for facilities with discrete housing units)	yes
115.315 (e)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from searching or physically examining transgender or intersex residents for the sole purpose of determining the resident's genital status?	yes
	If a resident's genital status is unknown, does the facility	yes

	determine genital status during conversations with the resident, by reviewing medical records, or, if necessary, by learning that information as part of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner?	
115.315 (f)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct cross-gender pat down searches in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs?	yes
	Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct searches of transgender and intersex residents in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs?	yes
115.316 (a)	Residents with disabilities and residents who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that residents with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Residents who are deaf or hard of hearing?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that residents with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Residents who are blind or have low vision?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that residents with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Residents who have intellectual disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that residents with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Residents who have psychiatric disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that residents with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including:	yes

	Residents who have speech disabilities?	
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that residents with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Other? (if "other," please explain in overall determination notes.)	yes
	Do such steps include, when necessary, ensuring effective communication with residents who are deaf or hard of hearing?	yes
	Do such steps include, when necessary, providing access to interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with residents with disabilities including residents who: Have intellectual disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with residents with disabilities including residents who: Have limited reading skills?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with residents with disabilities including residents who: Who are blind or have low vision?	yes
115.316 (b)	Residents with disabilities and residents who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency take reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment to residents who are limited English proficient?	yes
	Do these steps include providing interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary?	yes
115.316 (c)	Residents with disabilities and residents who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency always refrain from relying on resident interpreters, resident readers, or other types of resident assistants except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the resident's	yes

	safety, the performance of first-response duties under §115.364, or the investigation of the resident's allegations?	
115.317 (a)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with residents who: Has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with residents who: Has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with residents who: Has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the bullet immediately above?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with residents who: Has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with residents who: Has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with residents who: Has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the two bullets immediately above?	yes
115.317 (b)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to hire or promote anyone, or to enlist the services of any contractor, who may have contact with residents?	yes
115.317	Hiring and promotion decisions	

(c)		
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with residents, does the agency: Perform a criminal background records check?	yes
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with residents, does the agency: Consult any child abuse registry maintained by the State or locality in which the employee would work?	yes
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with residents, does the agency: Consistent with Federal, State, and local law, make its best efforts to contact all prior institutional employers for information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or any resignation during a pending investigation of an allegation of sexual abuse?	yes
115.317 (d)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency perform a criminal background records check before enlisting the services of any contractor who may have contact with residents?	yes
	Does the agency consult applicable child abuse registries before enlisting the services of any contractor who may have contact with residents?	yes
115.317 (e)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency either conduct criminal background records checks at least every five years of current employees and contractors who may have contact with residents or have in place a system for otherwise capturing such information for current employees?	yes
115.317 (f)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with residents directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in written applications or interviews for hiring or promotions?	yes
	Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with residents directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in any interviews or written self-evaluations conducted as part of reviews of current	yes

	employees?	
	Does the agency impose upon employees a continuing affirmative duty to disclose any such misconduct?	yes
115.317 (g)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency consider material omissions regarding such misconduct, or the provision of materially false information, grounds for termination?	yes
115.317 (h)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Unless prohibited by law, does the agency provide information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee upon receiving a request from an institutional employer for whom such employee has applied to work? (N/A if providing information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee is prohibited by law.)	yes
115.318 (a)	Upgrades to facilities and technologies	
	If the agency designed or acquired any new facility or planned any substantial expansion or modification of existing facilities, did the agency consider the effect of the design, acquisition, expansion, or modification upon the agency's ability to protect residents from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not acquired a new facility or made a substantial expansion to existing facilities since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)	na
115.318 (b)	Upgrades to facilities and technologies	
	If the agency installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology, did the agency consider how such technology may enhance the agency's ability to protect residents from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)	yes
115.321 (a)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	

	If the agency is responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, does the agency follow a uniform evidence protocol that maximizes the potential for obtaining usable physical evidence for administrative proceedings and criminal prosecutions? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
115.321 (b)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Is this protocol developmentally appropriate for youth? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	na
	Is this protocol, as appropriate, adapted from or otherwise based on the most recent edition of the U.S. Department of Justice's Office on Violence Against Women publication, "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents," or similarly comprehensive and authoritative protocols developed after 2011? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	na
115.321 (c)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Does the agency offer all residents who experience sexual abuse access to forensic medical examinations, whether on-site or at an outside facility, without financial cost, where evidentiarily or medically appropriate?	yes
	Are such examinations performed by Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFEs) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANEs) where possible?	yes
	If SAFEs or SANEs cannot be made available, is the examination performed by other qualified medical practitioners (they must have been specifically trained to conduct sexual assault forensic exams)?	yes
	Has the agency documented its efforts to provide SAFEs or SANEs?	no
115.321 (d)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Does the agency attempt to make available to the victim a victim advocate from a rape crisis center?	yes

	If a rape crisis center is not available to provide victim advocate services, does the agency make available to provide these services a qualified staff member from a community-based organization, or a qualified agency staff member?	yes
	Has the agency documented its efforts to secure services from rape crisis centers?	yes
115.321 (e)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	As requested by the victim, does the victim advocate, qualified agency staff member, or qualified community-based organization staff member accompany and support the victim through the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews?	yes
	As requested by the victim, does this person provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals?	yes
115.321 (f)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency itself is not responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, has the agency requested that the investigating entity follow the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section? (N/A if the agency is responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse.)	yes
115.321 (h)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency uses a qualified agency staff member or a qualified community-based staff member for the purposes of this section, has the individual been screened for appropriateness to serve in this role and received education concerning sexual assault and forensic examination issues in general? (Check N/A if agency attempts to make a victim advocate from a rape crisis center available to victims per 115.321(d) above.)	yes
115.322 (a)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual harassment?	yes

115.322 (b)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	Does the agency have a policy in place to ensure that allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are referred for investigation to an agency with the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations, unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior?	yes
	Has the agency published such policy on its website or, if it does not have one, made the policy available through other means?	yes
	Does the agency document all such referrals?	yes
115.322 (c)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	If a separate entity is responsible for conducting criminal investigations, does such publication describe the responsibilities of both the agency and the investigating entity? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for criminal investigations. See 115.321(a))	yes
115.331 (a)	Employee training	
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with residents on: Its zero-tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with residents on: How to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with residents on: Residents' right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with residents on: The right of residents and employees to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with residents on: The dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in juvenile facilities?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with residents on: The common reactions of juvenile victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes

	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with residents on: How to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse and how to distinguish between consensual sexual contact and sexual abuse between residents?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with residents on: How to avoid inappropriate relationships with residents?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with residents on: How to communicate effectively and professionally with residents, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming residents?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with residents on: How to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with residents on: Relevant laws regarding the applicable age of consent?	yes
115.331 (b)	Employee training	
	Is such training tailored to the unique needs and attributes of residents of juvenile facilities?	yes
	Is such training tailored to the gender of the residents at the employee's facility?	yes
	Have employees received additional training if reassigned from a facility that houses only male residents to a facility that houses only female residents, or vice versa?	yes
115.331 (c)	Employee training	
	Have all current employees who may have contact with residents received such training?	yes
	Does the agency provide each employee with refresher training every two years to ensure that all employees know the agency's current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures?	yes
	In years in which an employee does not receive refresher training, does the agency provide refresher information on current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies?	yes

115.331 (d)	Employee training	
	Does the agency document, through employee signature or electronic verification, that employees understand the training they have received?	yes
115.332 (a)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Has the agency ensured that all volunteers and contractors who have contact with residents have been trained on their responsibilities under the agency's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures?	yes
115.332 (b)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Have all volunteers and contractors who have contact with residents been notified of the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and informed how to report such incidents (the level and type of training provided to volunteers and contractors shall be based on the services they provide and level of contact they have with residents)?	yes
115.332 (c)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Does the agency maintain documentation confirming that volunteers and contractors understand the training they have received?	yes
115.333 (a)	Resident education	
	During intake, do residents receive information explaining the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	During intake, do residents receive information explaining how to report incidents or suspicions of sexual abuse or sexual harassment?	yes
	Is this information presented in an age-appropriate fashion?	yes
115.333 (b)	Resident education	
	Within 10 days of intake, does the agency provide age-appropriate	yes

	comprehensive education to residents either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	
	Within 10 days of intake, does the agency provide age-appropriate comprehensive education to residents either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from retaliation for reporting such incidents?	yes
	Within 10 days of intake, does the agency provide age-appropriate comprehensive education to residents either in person or through video regarding: Agency policies and procedures for responding to such incidents?	yes
115.333 (c)	Resident education	
	Have all residents received such education?	yes
	Do residents receive education upon transfer to a different facility to the extent that the policies and procedures of the resident's new facility differ from those of the previous facility?	yes
115.333 (d)	Resident education	
	Does the agency provide resident education in formats accessible to all residents including those who: Are limited English proficient?	yes
	Does the agency provide resident education in formats accessible to all residents including those who: Are deaf?	yes
	Does the agency provide resident education in formats accessible to all residents including those who: Are visually impaired?	yes
	Does the agency provide resident education in formats accessible to all residents including those who: Are otherwise disabled?	yes
	Does the agency provide resident education in formats accessible to all residents including those who: Have limited reading skills?	yes
115.333 (e)	Resident education	
	Does the agency maintain documentation of resident participation in these education sessions?	yes
115.333 (f)	Resident education	

	In addition to providing such education, does the agency ensure that key information is continuously and readily available or visible to residents through posters, resident handbooks, or other written formats?	yes
115.334 (a)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	In addition to the general training provided to all employees pursuant to §115.331, does the agency ensure that, to the extent the agency itself conducts sexual abuse investigations, its investigators have received training in conducting such investigations in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.321(a).)	na
115.334 (b)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	Does this specialized training include: Techniques for interviewing juvenile sexual abuse victims? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.321(a).)	na
	Does this specialized training include: Proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.321(a).)	na
	Does this specialized training include: Sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.321(a).)	na
	Does this specialized training include: The criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.321(a).)	na
115.334 (c)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	Does the agency maintain documentation that agency investigators have completed the required specialized training in conducting sexual abuse investigations? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.321(a).)	na

115.335 (a)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in: How to detect and assess signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in: How to preserve physical evidence of sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in: How to respond effectively and professionally to juvenile victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in: How and to whom to report allegations or suspicions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
115.335 (b)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	If medical staff employed by the agency conduct forensic examinations, do such medical staff receive appropriate training to conduct such examinations? (N/A if agency medical staff at the facility do not conduct forensic exams or the agency does not employ medical staff.)	na
115.335 (c)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Does the agency maintain documentation that medical and mental health practitioners have received the training referenced in this standard either from the agency or elsewhere? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes

115.335 (d)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Do medical and mental health care practitioners employed by the agency also receive training mandated for employees by §115.331? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Do medical and mental health care practitioners contracted by and volunteering for the agency also receive training mandated for contractors and volunteers by §115.332? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners contracted by or volunteering for the agency.)	yes
115.341 (a)	Obtaining information from residents	
	Within 72 hours of the resident's arrival at the facility, does the agency obtain and use information about each resident's personal history and behavior to reduce risk of sexual abuse by or upon a resident?	yes
	Does the agency also obtain this information periodically throughout a resident's confinement?	yes
115.341 (b)	Obtaining information from residents	
	Are all PREA screening assessments conducted using an objective screening instrument?	yes
115.341 (c)	Obtaining information from residents	
	During these PREA screening assessments, at a minimum, does the agency attempt to ascertain information about: Prior sexual victimization or abusiveness?	yes
	During these PREA screening assessments, at a minimum, does the agency attempt to ascertain information about: Any gender nonconforming appearance or manner or identification as lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex, and whether the resident may therefore be vulnerable to sexual abuse?	yes
	During these PREA screening assessments, at a minimum, does the agency attempt to ascertain information about: Current charges and offense history?	yes
	During these PREA screening assessments, at a minimum, does	yes

	the agency attempt to ascertain information about: Age?	
	During these PREA screening assessments, at a minimum, does the agency attempt to ascertain information about: Level of emotional and cognitive development?	yes
	During these PREA screening assessments, at a minimum, does the agency attempt to ascertain information about: Physical size and stature?	yes
	During these PREA screening assessments, at a minimum, does the agency attempt to ascertain information about: Mental illness or mental disabilities?	yes
	During these PREA screening assessments, at a minimum, does the agency attempt to ascertain information about: Intellectual or developmental disabilities?	yes
	During these PREA screening assessments, at a minimum, does the agency attempt to ascertain information about: Physical disabilities?	yes
	During these PREA screening assessments, at a minimum, does the agency attempt to ascertain information about: The resident's own perception of vulnerability?	yes
	During these PREA screening assessments, at a minimum, does the agency attempt to ascertain information about: Any other specific information about individual residents that may indicate heightened needs for supervision, additional safety precautions, or separation from certain other residents?	yes
115.341 (d)	Obtaining information from residents	
	Is this information ascertained: Through conversations with the resident during the intake process and medical mental health screenings?	yes
	Is this information ascertained: During classification assessments?	yes
	Is this information ascertained: By reviewing court records, case files, facility behavioral records, and other relevant documentation from the resident's files?	yes
115.341 (e)	Obtaining information from residents	
	Has the agency implemented appropriate controls on the dissemination within the facility of responses to questions asked	yes

	pursuant to this standard in order to ensure that sensitive information is not exploited to the resident's detriment by staff or other residents?	
115.342 (a)	Placement of residents	
	Does the agency use all of the information obtained pursuant to § 115.341 and subsequently, with the goal of keeping all residents safe and free from sexual abuse, to make: Housing Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use all of the information obtained pursuant to § 115.341 and subsequently, with the goal of keeping all residents safe and free from sexual abuse, to make: Bed assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use all of the information obtained pursuant to § 115.341 and subsequently, with the goal of keeping all residents safe and free from sexual abuse, to make: Work Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use all of the information obtained pursuant to § 115.341 and subsequently, with the goal of keeping all residents safe and free from sexual abuse, to make: Education Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use all of the information obtained pursuant to § 115.341 and subsequently, with the goal of keeping all residents safe and free from sexual abuse, to make: Program Assignments?	yes
115.342 (b)	Placement of residents	
	Are residents isolated from others only as a last resort when less restrictive measures are inadequate to keep them and other residents safe, and then only until an alternative means of keeping all residents safe can be arranged?	yes
	During any period of isolation, does the agency always refrain from denying residents daily large-muscle exercise?	yes
	During any period of isolation, does the agency always refrain from denying residents any legally required educational programming or special education services?	yes
	Do residents in isolation receive daily visits from a medical or mental health care clinician?	yes
	Do residents also have access to other programs and work opportunities to the extent possible?	yes

115.342 (c)	Placement of residents	
	Does the agency always refrain from placing: Lesbian, gay, and bisexual residents in particular housing, bed, or other assignments solely on the basis of such identification or status?	yes
	Does the agency always refrain from placing: Transgender residents in particular housing, bed, or other assignments solely on the basis of such identification or status?	yes
	Does the agency always refrain from placing: Intersex residents in particular housing, bed, or other assignments solely on the basis of such identification or status?	yes
	Does the agency always refrain from considering lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification or status as an indicator or likelihood of being sexually abusive?	yes
115.342 (d)	Placement of residents	
	When deciding whether to assign a transgender or intersex resident to a facility for male or female residents, does the agency consider on a case-by-case basis whether a placement would ensure the resident's health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems (NOTE: if an agency by policy or practice assigns residents to a male or female facility on the basis of anatomy alone, that agency is not in compliance with this standard)?	yes
	When making housing or other program assignments for transgender or intersex residents, does the agency consider on a case-by-case basis whether a placement would ensure the resident's health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems?	yes
115.342 (e)	Placement of residents	
	Are placement and programming assignments for each transgender or intersex resident reassessed at least twice each year to review any threats to safety experienced by the resident?	yes
115.342 (f)	Placement of residents	
	Are each transgender or intersex resident's own views with respect to his or her own safety given serious consideration when	yes

	making facility and housing placement decisions and programming assignments?	
115.342 (g)	Placement of residents	
	Are transgender and intersex residents given the opportunity to shower separately from other residents?	yes
115.342 (h)	Placement of residents	
	If a resident is isolated pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The basis for the facility's concern for the resident's safety? (N/A for h and i if facility doesn't use isolation?)	na
	If a resident is isolated pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The reason why no alternative means of separation can be arranged? (N/A for h and i if facility doesn't use isolation?)	na
115.342 (i)	Placement of residents	
	In the case of each resident who is isolated as a last resort when less restrictive measures are inadequate to keep them and other residents safe, does the facility afford a review to determine whether there is a continuing need for separation from the general population EVERY 30 DAYS?	yes
115.351 (a)	Resident reporting	
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for residents to privately report: Sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for residents to privately report: 2. Retaliation by other residents or staff for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for residents to privately report: Staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents?	yes
115.351 (b)	Resident reporting	
	Does the agency also provide at least one way for residents to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment to a public or private	yes

	entity or office that is not part of the agency?	
	Is that private entity or office able to receive and immediately forward resident reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to agency officials?	yes
	Does that private entity or office allow the resident to remain anonymous upon request?	yes
	Are residents detained solely for civil immigration purposes provided information on how to contact relevant consular officials and relevant officials at the Department of Homeland Security to report sexual abuse or harassment?	yes
115.351 (c)	Resident reporting	
	Do staff members accept reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment made verbally, in writing, anonymously, and from third parties?	yes
	Do staff members promptly document any verbal reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
115.351 (d)	Resident reporting	
	Does the facility provide residents with access to tools necessary to make a written report?	yes
115.351 (e)	Resident reporting	
	Does the agency provide a method for staff to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment of residents?	yes
115.352 (a)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Is the agency exempt from this standard? NOTE: The agency is exempt ONLY if it does not have administrative procedures to address resident grievances regarding sexual abuse. This does not mean the agency is exempt simply because a resident does not have to or is not ordinarily expected to submit a grievance to report sexual abuse. This means that as a matter of explicit policy, the agency does not have an administrative remedies process to address sexual abuse.	no
115.352 (b)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	

	Does the agency permit residents to submit a grievance regarding an allegation of sexual abuse without any type of time limits? (The agency may apply otherwise-applicable time limits to any portion of a grievance that does not allege an incident of sexual abuse.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency always refrain from requiring an resident to use any informal grievance process, or to otherwise attempt to resolve with staff, an alleged incident of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.352 (c)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency ensure that: A resident who alleges sexual abuse may submit a grievance without submitting it to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that: Such grievance is not referred to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.352 (d)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency issue a final agency decision on the merits of any portion of a grievance alleging sexual abuse within 90 days of the initial filing of the grievance? (Computation of the 90-day time period does not include time consumed by residents in preparing any administrative appeal.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	If the agency determines that the 90 day timeframe is insufficient to make an appropriate decision and claims an extension of time (the maximum allowable extension of time to respond is 70 days per 115.352(d)(3)) , does the agency notify the resident in writing of any such extension and provide a date by which a decision will be made? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	At any level of the administrative process, including the final level, if the resident does not receive a response within the time allotted for reply, including any properly noticed extension, may a resident consider the absence of a response to be a denial at that level? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.352 (e)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	

	Are third parties, including fellow residents, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, permitted to assist residents in filing requests for administrative remedies relating to allegations of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Are those third parties also permitted to file such requests on behalf of residents? (If a third party, other than a parent or legal guardian, files such a request on behalf of a resident, the facility may require as a condition of processing the request that the alleged victim agree to have the request filed on his or her behalf, and may also require the alleged victim to personally pursue any subsequent steps in the administrative remedy process.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	If the resident declines to have the request processed on his or her behalf, does the agency document the resident's decision? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Is a parent or legal guardian of a juvenile allowed to file a grievance regarding allegations of sexual abuse, including appeals, on behalf of such juvenile? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	If a parent or legal guardian of a juvenile files a grievance (or an appeal) on behalf of a juvenile regarding allegations of sexual abuse, is it the case that those grievances are not conditioned upon the juvenile agreeing to have the request filed on his or her behalf? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.352 (f)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Has the agency established procedures for the filing of an emergency grievance alleging that a resident is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance alleging a resident is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does the agency immediately forward the grievance (or any portion thereof that alleges the substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse) to a level of review at which immediate corrective action may be taken? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency provide an initial response within 48 hours? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes

	After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency issue a final agency decision within 5 calendar days? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the initial response and final agency decision document the agency's determination whether the resident is in substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the initial response document the agency's action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency's final decision document the agency's action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.352 (g)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	If the agency disciplines a resident for filing a grievance related to alleged sexual abuse, does it do so ONLY where the agency demonstrates that the resident filed the grievance in bad faith? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.353 (a)	Resident access to outside confidential support services and legal representation	
	Does the facility provide residents with access to outside victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse by providing, posting, or otherwise making accessible mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available, of local, State, or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations?	yes
	Does the facility provide persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available of local, State, or national immigrant services agencies?	yes
	Does the facility enable reasonable communication between residents and these organizations and agencies, in as confidential a manner as possible?	yes
115.353 (b)	Resident access to outside confidential support services and legal representation	
	Does the facility inform residents, prior to giving them access, of the extent to which such communications will be monitored and	yes

	the extent to which reports of abuse will be forwarded to authorities in accordance with mandatory reporting laws?	
115.353 (c)	Resident access to outside confidential support services and legal representation	
	Does the agency maintain or attempt to enter into memoranda of understanding or other agreements with community service providers that are able to provide residents with confidential emotional support services related to sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency maintain copies of agreements or documentation showing attempts to enter into such agreements?	yes
115.353 (d)	Resident access to outside confidential support services and legal representation	
	Does the facility provide residents with reasonable and confidential access to their attorneys or other legal representation?	yes
	Does the facility provide residents with reasonable access to parents or legal guardians?	yes
115.354 (a)	Third-party reporting	
	Has the agency established a method to receive third-party reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Has the agency distributed publicly information on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment on behalf of a resident?	yes
115.361 (a)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information they receive regarding an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment that occurred in a facility, whether or not it is part of the agency?	yes
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information they receive regarding retaliation against residents or staff who reported an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or	yes

	information they receive regarding any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment or retaliation?	
115.361 (b)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Does the agency require all staff to comply with any applicable mandatory child abuse reporting laws?	yes
115.361 (c)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Apart from reporting to designated supervisors or officials and designated State or local services agencies, are staff prohibited from revealing any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary, as specified in agency policy, to make treatment, investigation, and other security and management decisions?	yes
115.361 (d)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Are medical and mental health practitioners required to report sexual abuse to designated supervisors and officials pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section as well as to the designated State or local services agency where required by mandatory reporting laws?	yes
	Are medical and mental health practitioners required to inform residents of their duty to report, and the limitations of confidentiality, at the initiation of services?	yes
115.361 (e)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Upon receiving any allegation of sexual abuse, does the facility head or his or her designee promptly report the allegation to the appropriate office?	yes
	Upon receiving any allegation of sexual abuse, does the facility head or his or her designee promptly report the allegation to the alleged victim's parents or legal guardians unless the facility has official documentation showing the parents or legal guardians should not be notified?	yes
	If the alleged victim is under the guardianship of the child welfare system, does the facility head or his or her designee promptly report the allegation to the alleged victim's caseworker instead of	yes

	the parents or legal guardians? (N/A if the alleged victim is not under the guardianship of the child welfare system.)	
	If a juvenile court retains jurisdiction over the alleged victim, does the facility head or designee also report the allegation to the juvenile's attorney or other legal representative of record within 14 days of receiving the allegation?	yes
115.361 (f)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Does the facility report all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including third-party and anonymous reports, to the facility's designated investigators?	yes
115.362 (a)	Agency protection duties	
	When the agency learns that a resident is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does it take immediate action to protect the resident?	yes
115.363 (a)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Upon receiving an allegation that a resident was sexually abused while confined at another facility, does the head of the facility that received the allegation notify the head of the facility or appropriate office of the agency where the alleged abuse occurred?	yes
	Does the head of the facility that received the allegation also notify the appropriate investigative agency?	yes
115.363 (b)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Is such notification provided as soon as possible, but no later than 72 hours after receiving the allegation?	yes
115.363 (c)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Does the agency document that it has provided such notification?	yes
115.363 (d)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Does the facility head or agency office that receives such notification ensure that the allegation is investigated in	yes

	accordance with these standards?	
115.364 (a)	Staff first responder duties	
	Upon learning of an allegation that a resident was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Separate the alleged victim and abuser?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that a resident was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that a resident was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that a resident was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Ensure that the alleged abuser does not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence?	yes
115.364 (b)	Staff first responder duties	
	If the first staff responder is not a security staff member, is the responder required to request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, and then notify security staff?	yes
115.365 (a)	Coordinated response	
	Has the facility developed a written institutional plan to coordinate actions among staff first responders, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators, and facility leadership taken in response to an incident of sexual abuse?	yes
115.366 (a)	Preservation of ability to protect residents from contact with abusers	

	Are both the agency and any other governmental entities responsible for collective bargaining on the agency's behalf prohibited from entering into or renewing any collective bargaining agreement or other agreement that limits the agency's ability to remove alleged staff sexual abusers from contact with any residents pending the outcome of an investigation or of a determination of whether and to what extent discipline is warranted?	yes
115.367 (a)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Has the agency established a policy to protect all residents and staff who report sexual abuse or sexual harassment or cooperate with sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations from retaliation by other residents or staff?	yes
	Has the agency designated which staff members or departments are charged with monitoring retaliation?	yes
115.367 (b)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Does the agency employ multiple protection measures for residents or staff who fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment or for cooperating with investigations, such as housing changes or transfers for resident victims or abusers, removal of alleged staff or resident abusers from contact with victims, and emotional support services?	yes
115.367 (c)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of residents or staff who reported the sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by residents or staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of residents who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by residents or staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report	yes

	of sexual abuse, does the agency: Act promptly to remedy any such retaliation?	
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor: Any resident disciplinary reports?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor: Resident housing changes?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor: Resident program changes?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor: Negative performance reviews of staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor: Reassignments of staff?	yes
	Does the agency continue such monitoring beyond 90 days if the initial monitoring indicates a continuing need?	yes
115.367 (d)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	In the case of residents, does such monitoring also include periodic status checks?	yes
115.367 (e)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	If any other individual who cooperates with an investigation expresses a fear of retaliation, does the agency take appropriate measures to protect that individual against retaliation?	yes
115.368 (a)	Post-allegation protective custody	
	Is any and all use of segregated housing to protect a resident who is alleged to have suffered sexual abuse subject to the requirements of § 115.342?	yes

115.371 (a)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When the agency conducts its own investigations into allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, does it do so promptly, thoroughly, and objectively? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal investigations of sexual abuse or harassment. See 115.321(a).)	na
	Does the agency conduct such investigations for all allegations, including third party and anonymous reports? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal investigations of sexual abuse or harassment. See 115.321(a).)	na
115.371 (b)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Where sexual abuse is alleged, does the agency use investigators who have received specialized training in sexual abuse investigations involving juvenile victims as required by 115.334?	yes
115.371 (c)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do investigators gather and preserve direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and DNA evidence and any available electronic monitoring data?	yes
	Do investigators interview alleged victims, suspected perpetrators, and witnesses?	yes
	Do investigators review prior reports and complaints of sexual abuse involving the suspected perpetrator?	yes
115.371 (d)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Does the agency always refrain from terminating an investigation solely because the source of the allegation recants the allegation?	yes
115.371 (e)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When the quality of evidence appears to support criminal prosecution, does the agency conduct compelled interviews only after consulting with prosecutors as to whether compelled interviews may be an obstacle for subsequent criminal prosecution?	yes
115.371	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	

(f)		
	Do agency investigators assess the credibility of an alleged victim, suspect, or witness on an individual basis and not on the basis of that individual's status as resident or staff?	yes
	Does the agency investigate allegations of sexual abuse without requiring a resident who alleges sexual abuse to submit to a polygraph examination or other truth-telling device as a condition for proceeding?	yes
115.371 (g)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do administrative investigations include an effort to determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the abuse?	yes
	Are administrative investigations documented in written reports that include a description of the physical evidence and testimonial evidence, the reasoning behind credibility assessments, and investigative facts and findings?	yes
115.371 (h)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Are criminal investigations documented in a written report that contains a thorough description of the physical, testimonial, and documentary evidence and attaches copies of all documentary evidence where feasible?	yes
115.371 (i)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Are all substantiated allegations of conduct that appears to be criminal referred for prosecution?	yes
115.371 (j)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Does the agency retain all written reports referenced in 115.371(g) and (h) for as long as the alleged abuser is incarcerated or employed by the agency, plus five years unless the abuse was committed by a juvenile resident and applicable law requires a shorter period of retention?	yes
115.371 (k)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Does the agency ensure that the departure of an alleged abuser or victim from the employment or control of the facility or agency	yes

	does not provide a basis for terminating an investigation?	
115.371 (m)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When an outside entity investigates sexual abuse, does the facility cooperate with outside investigators and endeavor to remain informed about the progress of the investigation? (N/A if an outside agency does not conduct administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.321(a).)	na
115.372 (a)	Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations	
	Is it true that the agency does not impose a standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated?	yes
115.373 (a)	Reporting to residents	
	Following an investigation into a resident's allegation of sexual abuse suffered in the facility, does the agency inform the resident as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded?	yes
115.373 (b)	Reporting to residents	
	If the agency did not conduct the investigation into a resident's allegation of sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency request the relevant information from the investigative agency in order to inform the resident? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for conducting administrative and criminal investigations.)	yes
115.373 (c)	Reporting to residents	
	Following a resident's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The staff member is no longer posted within the resident's unit?	yes
	Following a resident's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency	yes

	has determined that the allegation is unfounded or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The staff member is no longer employed at the facility?	
	Following a resident's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse in the facility?	yes
	Following a resident's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes
115.373 (d)	Reporting to residents	
	Following a resident's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another resident, does the agency subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: The agency learns that the alleged abuser has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes
	Following a resident's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another resident, does the agency subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: The agency learns that the alleged abuser has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes
115.373 (e)	Reporting to residents	
	Does the agency document all such notifications or attempted notifications?	yes
115.376 (a)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are staff subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies?	yes

115.376 (b)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Is termination the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who have engaged in sexual abuse?	yes
115.376 (c)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are disciplinary sanctions for violations of agency policies relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment (other than actually engaging in sexual abuse) commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories?	yes
115.376 (d)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Law enforcement agencies, unless the activity was clearly not criminal?	yes
	Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Relevant licensing bodies?	yes
115.377 (a)	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers	
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse prohibited from contact with residents?	yes
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Law enforcement agencies (unless the activity was clearly not criminal)?	yes
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Relevant licensing bodies?	yes
115.377 (b)	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers	
	In the case of any other violation of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies by a contractor or volunteer, does the facility take appropriate remedial measures, and consider whether to prohibit further contact with residents?	yes

115.378 (a)	Interventions and disciplinary sanctions for residents	
	Following an administrative finding that a resident engaged in resident-on-resident sexual abuse, or following a criminal finding of guilt for resident-on-resident sexual abuse, may residents be subject to disciplinary sanctions only pursuant to a formal disciplinary process?	yes
115.378 (b)	Interventions and disciplinary sanctions for residents	
	Are disciplinary sanctions commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the abuse committed, the resident's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other residents with similar histories?	yes
	In the event a disciplinary sanction results in the isolation of a resident, does the agency ensure the resident is not denied daily large-muscle exercise?	yes
	In the event a disciplinary sanction results in the isolation of a resident, does the agency ensure the resident is not denied access to any legally required educational programming or special education services?	yes
	In the event a disciplinary sanction results in the isolation of a resident, does the agency ensure the resident receives daily visits from a medical or mental health care clinician?	yes
	In the event a disciplinary sanction results in the isolation of a resident, does the resident also have access to other programs and work opportunities to the extent possible?	yes
115.378 (c)	Interventions and disciplinary sanctions for residents	
	When determining what types of sanction, if any, should be imposed, does the disciplinary process consider whether a resident's mental disabilities or mental illness contributed to his or her behavior?	yes
115.378 (d)	Interventions and disciplinary sanctions for residents	
	If the facility offers therapy, counseling, or other interventions designed to address and correct underlying reasons or motivations for the abuse, does the facility consider whether to offer the offending resident participation in such interventions?	yes

	If the agency requires participation in such interventions as a condition of access to any rewards-based behavior management system or other behavior-based incentives, does it always refrain from requiring such participation as a condition to accessing general programming or education?	yes
115.378 (e)	Interventions and disciplinary sanctions for residents	
	Does the agency discipline a resident for sexual contact with staff only upon a finding that the staff member did not consent to such contact?	yes
115.378 (f)	Interventions and disciplinary sanctions for residents	
	For the purpose of disciplinary action, does a report of sexual abuse made in good faith based upon a reasonable belief that the alleged conduct occurred NOT constitute falsely reporting an incident or lying, even if an investigation does not establish evidence sufficient to substantiate the allegation?	yes
115.378 (g)	Interventions and disciplinary sanctions for residents	
	Does the agency always refrain from considering non-coercive sexual activity between residents to be sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not prohibit all sexual activity between residents.)	yes
115.381 (a)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.341 indicates that a resident has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the resident is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening?	yes
115.381 (b)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.341 indicates that a resident has previously perpetrated sexual abuse, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the resident is offered a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening?	yes
115.381 (c)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	

	Is any information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness that occurred in an institutional setting strictly limited to medical and mental health practitioners and other staff as necessary to inform treatment plans and security management decisions, including housing, bed, work, education, and program assignments, or as otherwise required by Federal, State, or local law?	yes
115.381 (d)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	Do medical and mental health practitioners obtain informed consent from residents before reporting information about prior sexual victimization that did not occur in an institutional setting, unless the resident is under the age of 18?	yes
115.382 (a)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Do resident victims of sexual abuse receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, the nature and scope of which are determined by medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgment?	yes
115.382 (b)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	If no qualified medical or mental health practitioners are on duty at the time a report of recent sexual abuse is made, do staff first responders take preliminary steps to protect the victim pursuant to § 115.362?	yes
	Do staff first responders immediately notify the appropriate medical and mental health practitioners?	yes
115.382 (c)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Are resident victims of sexual abuse offered timely information about and timely access to emergency contraception and sexually transmitted infections prophylaxis, in accordance with professionally accepted standards of care, where medically appropriate?	yes
115.382 (d)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial	yes

	cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident?	
115.383 (a)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the facility offer medical and mental health evaluation and, as appropriate, treatment to all residents who have been victimized by sexual abuse in any prison, jail, lockup, or juvenile facility?	yes
115.383 (b)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the evaluation and treatment of such victims include, as appropriate, follow-up services, treatment plans, and, when necessary, referrals for continued care following their transfer to, or placement in, other facilities, or their release from custody?	yes
115.383 (c)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the facility provide such victims with medical and mental health services consistent with the community level of care?	yes
115.383 (d)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are resident victims of sexually abusive vaginal penetration while incarcerated offered pregnancy tests? (N/A if all-male facility.)	yes
115.383 (e)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	If pregnancy results from the conduct described in paragraph § 115.383(d), do such victims receive timely and comprehensive information about and timely access to all lawful pregnancy-related medical services? (N/A if all-male facility.)	yes
115.383 (f)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are resident victims of sexual abuse while incarcerated offered tests for sexually transmitted infections as medically appropriate?	yes
115.383 (g)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or	yes

	cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident?	
115.383 (h)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the facility attempt to conduct a mental health evaluation of all known resident-on-resident abusers within 60 days of learning of such abuse history and offer treatment when deemed appropriate by mental health practitioners?	yes
115.386 (a)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the facility conduct a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation, including where the allegation has not been substantiated, unless the allegation has been determined to be unfounded?	yes
115.386 (b)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does such review ordinarily occur within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation?	yes
115.386 (c)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the review team include upper-level management officials, with input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners?	yes
115.386 (d)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the review team: Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates a need to change policy or practice to better prevent, detect, or respond to sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the review team: Consider whether the incident or allegation was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification, status, or perceived status; gang affiliation; or other group dynamics at the facility?	yes
	Does the review team: Examine the area in the facility where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse?	yes
	Does the review team: Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts?	yes

	Does the review team: Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff?	yes
	Does the review team: Prepare a report of its findings, including but not necessarily limited to determinations made pursuant to §§ 115.386(d)(1)-(d)(5), and any recommendations for improvement and submit such report to the facility head and PREA compliance manager?	yes
115.386 (e)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the facility implement the recommendations for improvement, or document its reasons for not doing so?	yes
115.387 (a)	Data collection	
	Does the agency collect accurate, uniform data for every allegation of sexual abuse at facilities under its direct control using a standardized instrument and set of definitions?	yes
115.387 (b)	Data collection	
	Does the agency aggregate the incident-based sexual abuse data at least annually?	yes
115.387 (c)	Data collection	
	Does the incident-based data include, at a minimum, the data necessary to answer all questions from the most recent version of the Survey of Sexual Violence conducted by the Department of Justice?	yes
115.387 (d)	Data collection	
	Does the agency maintain, review, and collect data as needed from all available incident-based documents, including reports, investigation files, and sexual abuse incident reviews?	yes
115.387 (e)	Data collection	
	Does the agency also obtain incident-based and aggregated data from every private facility with which it contracts for the confinement of its residents? (N/A if agency does not contract for	na

	the confinement of its residents.)	
115.387 (f)	Data collection	
	Does the agency, upon request, provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice no later than June 30? (N/A if DOJ has not requested agency data.)	yes
115.388 (a)	Data review for corrective action	
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.387 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Identifying problem areas?	yes
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.387 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Taking corrective action on an ongoing basis?	yes
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.387 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Preparing an annual report of its findings and corrective actions for each facility, as well as the agency as a whole?	yes
115.388 (b)	Data review for corrective action	
	Does the agency's annual report include a comparison of the current year's data and corrective actions with those from prior years and provide an assessment of the agency's progress in addressing sexual abuse?	yes
115.388 (c)	Data review for corrective action	
	Is the agency's annual report approved by the agency head and made readily available to the public through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means?	yes
115.388 (d)	Data review for corrective action	
	Does the agency indicate the nature of the material redacted where it redacts specific material from the reports when	yes

	publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a facility?	
115.389 (a)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency ensure that data collected pursuant to § 115.387 are securely retained?	yes
115.389 (b)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency make all aggregated sexual abuse data, from facilities under its direct control and private facilities with which it contracts, readily available to the public at least annually through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means?	yes
115.389 (c)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency remove all personal identifiers before making aggregated sexual abuse data publicly available?	yes
115.389 (d)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency maintain sexual abuse data collected pursuant to § 115.387 for at least 10 years after the date of the initial collection, unless Federal, State, or local law requires otherwise?	yes
115.401 (a)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	During the prior three-year audit period, did the agency ensure that each facility operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited at least once? (Note: The response here is purely informational. A "no" response does not impact overall compliance with this standard.)	yes
115.401 (b)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Is this the first year of the current audit cycle? (Note: a "no" response does not impact overall compliance with this standard.)	no
	If this is the second year of the current audit cycle, did the agency ensure that at least one-third of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited during the first year of the current audit cycle? (N/A if this is not the second year of the current audit cycle.)	na

	If this is the third year of the current audit cycle, did the agency ensure that at least two-thirds of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, were audited during the first two years of the current audit cycle? (N/A if this is not the third year of the current audit cycle.)	yes
115.401 (h)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Did the auditor have access to, and the ability to observe, all areas of the audited facility?	yes
115.401 (i)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Was the auditor permitted to request and receive copies of any relevant documents (including electronically stored information)?	yes
115.401 (m)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Was the auditor permitted to conduct private interviews with inmates, residents, and detainees?	yes
115.401 (n)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Were inmates, residents, and detainees permitted to send confidential information or correspondence to the auditor in the same manner as if they were communicating with legal counsel?	yes
115.403 (f)	Audit contents and findings	
	The agency has published on its agency website, if it has one, or has otherwise made publicly available, all Final Audit Reports. The review period is for prior audits completed during the past three years PRECEDING THIS AUDIT. The pendency of any agency appeal pursuant to 28 C.F.R. § 115.405 does not excuse noncompliance with this provision. (N/A if there have been no Final Audit Reports issued in the past three years, or, in the case of single facility agencies, there has never been a Final Audit Report issued.)	yes